BROADWAY OR BUST
A hilarious comedy of the blundering adventures of a man from the wild to the society in New York.
WELLINGTON CINEMA
DHOBI-TALAO

The Bombay Chronicle

BROADWAY OR BUST
A hilarious comedy of the blundering adventures of a man from the wild to the society in New York.
WELLINGTON CINEMA
DHOBI-TALAO

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XIII NO. 15 BOMBAY SATURDAY, JANUARY 17, 1925. TWO ANNAS

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing manuscripts correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

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The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

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Daily Edition.

	Local	Mofussil	Foreign.
Yearly ..	Rs. 30	Rs. 35	Rs. 48
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Quarterly..	„ 8	„ 9	„ 12
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COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.

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P. AND O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports

Date.	Steamer.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1925.			
17th Jan.	NARKUNDA		16,227
24th „	CHINA	MACEDONIA*	11,089
31st „	NALDERA		15,593
7th Feb	CHINA	MOLDAVIAx	16,277
14th „	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
21st „	DEVANHA	MOREA*	16,911
28th „	CHINA		7,952
7th March	DONGOLA	MOOLTAN x	20,847
14th „	CALEDONIA		7,622
21st „	DELTA	MALWA*	10,941
25th „	DEVANHA@	Extra Steamer	8,062
28th „	NARKUNDA		16,227
4th April	DONGOLA@		8 083
11th „	NALDERA		15,934
18th „	RAZMAK	MANTUA*	10,902
25th „	KAISAR I-HIND		11,430
2nd May	RAZMAK	MONGOLIA x	16,504
9th „	RANPUR		16,100
16th „	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	11,089
23rd „	CHINA		7 952
30th „	RAZMAK	MOLDAVIA x	16 436
6th June	NARKUNDA		16,227
13th „	RAZMAK	MOREA*	10,911
30th „	CALEDONIA		7 622
27th „	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN x	20,847

x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
@ Special reduced fares.

	London	Marseilles.
First Saloon	£ 66 & £ 82	£ 60 & £ 56
Second „	„ 52	„ 48

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to [illegible] and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamer.	Tons.
1925		
5th Feb.	NARINGA*	6,607
19th „	MORVADA	8,193
5th March	MANDALA	8,246
19th „	DOMALA	8,441
2nd April	MODASA	8,986
16th „	DUMANA	8,427
30th „	MASULA*	7,261
14th May ..	A Steamer*	.....
28th „ ..	DURENDA*	7,241
11th June..	MORVADA	8,193
25th „ ..	MANDALA	8,246

* Cargo vessel only, will not convey passengers

P. AND O. SAILINGS, BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

Date.	Steamer	Tons.	Connects at Colombo for Australia with
23rd Jan	JEYPORE*	5,218	
29th „	KIDD R-PORE*†	5,334	
3rd Feb.	SOUDAN	6,696	MALOJA.
6th „	MIRZAPORE	6,715	
17th „	SICILIA	6,813	KHYBER
25th „	NAGPORE*	5,283	
4th Mar	LAHORE* ..	5,252	
31st Mar	SARDINIA..	6,684	MOLDAVIA.
14th Apr	SOUDAN ..	6,696	CATHAY
12th May.	SICILIA ..	6,803	COMORIN
9th June	SARDINIA..	6,684	DEVANHA

* Cargo vessel only.
† Cargo vessel, calls Shanghai.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Date about	Steamers	Destination.
17th Jan.	CHAKLA	Karachi via Kathiawar.
19th „ ..	VITA	Karachi via Kathiawar.
21st „ ..	KAROA	East & S. Africa.
21st „ ..	BARALA	Basreh via Karachi. & P. Gulf Ports.
23rd „ ..	VARELA	Basreh via Karachi.

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Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. BOX; 122.

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Branches:—Girgaum and Poona City.
Assets exceed Rs. 40,00,000/-

SAVINGS BANK 5% p. a.

INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Government of India Securities.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly.
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold and Government of India Securities.

DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M. A., PH. D.
Managing Director.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH: AHMEDABAD.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND ..... Rs. 74,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year, or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY
Manager.

ALLAHABAD BANK LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
Affiliated to the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited.

	Rs.
Authorised and Subscribed Capital	40,00,000
Capital called up	35,50,000
Reserve Fund	44,50,000

Head Office: CALCUTTA.
Branches and Sub-Agencies:

Allahabad	Fyzabad	Meerut
Allahabad Cit.	Gorakhpur	Moradabad
Amritsar	Hapur	Mussoorie
Bareilly	Hathras	Muttra
Benares	Jhansi	Nagpur
Bombay	Jubbulpore	Naini Tal
Cawnpore	Lahore	Patna
Cawnpore City	Lucknow	Rae Bareli
Chandausi	Aminabad Park	Raipur
Dehra Dun	Lucknow	Rangoon
Delhi	Lucknow City	Shahjahanpur
Etawah	Lyallpur	Sitapur

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The National Provincial Bank, Ltd.
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Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Small sums received. Copy of rules can [illegible] on application.
[illegible] sold, the custody thereof under [illegible] interest and dividends realized.
[illegible] Cash Credits granted.
[illegible] notes of any circle. Cheques an[illegible] received for credit in Fixed De[illegible] free of charge.
[illegible] business of every description trans[illegible]

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL [illegible]

Capital [illegible]
Capital [illegible]
Capital [illegible]
Capital [illegible]
Reser[illegible]

Amrits[illegible]
Jubbul[illegible]
Bombay
Cawnpore
Calcutta
Delhi
D. I. Khan
Ferozepore
Gujranwalla
Gojra
Hafizabad

[illegible]les may be had on application [illegible] and at any of the Branches.
[illegible]tters of Credit are issued avail[illegible] board P. and O. British India [illegible]ion Company (Home Line), and [illegible]s, at Ports of call at the Offices [illegible] of the P. and O. Steam Navi[illegible]y and British India Steam Na[illegible]any and at any Office of the [illegible]nking Corporation, Ltd.
T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent, Bombay Branch.
[illegible]nk Building.
[illegible]t. Bombay.

Karachi
Kasur
Lahore City
Lyallpur
Ludhiana
Multan City
Simla
Srinagar

London Agents:
THE MIDLAND BANK, LD.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and [illegible] terest allowed at 3 per cent. from January [illegible] June and 2½ per cent. from July to December [illegible] at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interes[illegible] which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved securities.
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DES RAJ MEHRA.
Manager.

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Baghdad	Hillah
Bahrein	Karachi
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul
Calcutta	

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserved Fund	£ 300,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
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Narottam Morarji, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.
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BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN).
(ESTABLISHED 1880).

	Yen.
Subscribed Capital	100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	100,000,000
Reserve Fund	77,500,000

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Darien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Fengtien	New York	Sydney
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tientsin
Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Peking	Tsinan
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock
Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
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Paid-up capital ... Rs. 59,85,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—
Interest allowed at:
3 per cent. per annum from January to June.
2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.
FIXED AND SHORT DEPOSITS received. Rates to be [illegible]
SAVINGS BANK.
Interest allowed at 4½ per cent.
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Every description of Banking Business transacted.
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It is a brain tonic, strengths the appetite, supplies Physical strength.

Powell's Syrup Hypophosphites Compound contains in an active and palatable form the Hypophosphate of Soda, Lime, Iron, Manganese, Quinine and Strychnia.

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CHEMICAL FOOD: (Syrup of Phosphates of Iron, Lime, Potash and Soda). This preparation is largely prescribed for children; It is a valuable Tonic, pleasant to the taste, enriches the blood thus assisting in the formation of bones and muscles.

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N. POWELL & Co.

Manufacturing Chemists,
LAMINGTON ROAD, BOMBAY.

ASK FOR **SERRAVALLO'S TONIC** BARK & IRON WINE

It will be found INVALUABLE by the over-wrought business man and the busy house-wife, while, its remarkable palatability renders it a general FAVOURITE with Children.

Over 10.000 Medical Testimonials

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AGEN[illegible]

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Dept. (B.)

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"B.C.P.W." **ASVAN**—Best Nervine Tonic.

AND

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(Founded by Sir P. C. Ray)

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THE POPULAR PHARMACY,

Grant Road, BOMBAY.

Branch :—

Sandhurst Road, GIRGAUM.

'PHONE No. 40784.

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FOR

OFFICE, PERSONAL USE, TRAVELLING.

Price with Travelling Oak case Rs. 170/- net Cash.

Sole Agents :

S. [illegible]NAVALKAR & SONS, BOMBAY, 2,

"OMEGA"

The watch of matchless merit is appreciated in both HEMISPHERES.

Discount **15 %**

See our New REDUCED PRICE LIST

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SELF-SUPPORTING STEPS & LADDERS

These steps are well made in Birchwood and are the firmest and strongest. They are unsurpassed for lightness. When folded they occupy very little space, their extreme thickness being only 2¾ inches. The treads rise 10 inches and are 6 inches deep. The top tread is 7½ in. deep by 13 in. wide. All moving parts are rivetted.

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AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF SANDAL WOOD FANS, BRASS EYE-LETS RINGS, GODREJ SAFE, ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 17th instant, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) at their Rooms.

By order of the Malad Estate Receiver:—
1 large Godrej safe with stand.
By order of the Office concerned:—
21 pieces Chinese Sandalwood Silk Fans.
By order of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes:—
177 bundles Brass Eyelet Rings.

At 2-30 p.m. (S. T.).

1 second-hand rubber tyred English Brougham.
1 second-hand rubber tyred Office Shigram.
1 second-hand rubber tyred Canoe Victoria.
1 second-hand rubber tyred Mail Coach.
1 Arab Horse in Saddle and Harness.
1 Waler Horse in Harness.
1 "Itala", 15-20 H.P., 4 cylinder Landaulette, 7 seater Motor Car in good running order.
1 "Adler", 5 seater, 4 cylinder Motor Car.
By order of the Commanding Royal Engineer.
1 Ford Motor Car. No. 9888.

AUCTION SALE OF PANEL PINS-BULLET HOBS LONG AND SMALL HEAD RIVETS CUT-TIP-NAILS, SLOGGING WIRE SCREW, FILES, THREAD, OWLS BUFFER KNIVES, WAX BALLS, ETC., ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. will on SATURDAY, the 17th instant, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms by order of the Bank concerned and on account and at the risk of the party concerned.

27 Casks Panel pins Bullets Hobs, Long and small head rivets, cut tips Nails, etc., etc.,
18 Cases Iron slugging wire.
2 Cases Iron screws.
8 Cases Extra Black Thread No. 25.
3 Cases Wax Balls.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 22 DRUMS ZINC CHLORIDE.

Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will to-day SATURDAY, the 17th instant, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms by order of the Office concerned and on account and at the risk of Hoosenalli Nanji of Bhendy Bazar the following:—

22 Drums Zinc Chloride—5330 Kilos nett as per invoice.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF A LARGE AREA OF AGRICULTURE LAND AND A LARGE TILE AND BRICK FACTORY WITH MCHINERY FOR MAKING BRICKS AND TILES AT KALYAN.

Under instructions from Mr. James Stott, Receiver in Suit No. 93 of 1923, Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will to-morrow SUNDAY, the 18th instant sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Village Umbarde, the following:—

All those pieces or parcels of land or ground with the messuage factory, Drying Shed, Pug Mill Engine and Boiler House, kiln, Chimneys, office buildings, godowns and chawls standing thereon, properties marked 15a situate at village Umbarda and property marked 35 at village Manoa Sub-Division and Taluka Kalyan and District Thana admeasuring 24 acres and 28 3/4 Gunthas or thereabouts, be the same little more or less (bearing various entry and Survey numbers and area.)

VASOONDRI PROPERTY (KALYAN.)

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage or shed or structure standing thereon situate lying and being in the Village of Vasoondri near the Titwala Station in Kalyan Taluka Zilla Thana in the Registration Sub-District of Vasoondri containing by admeasurement 197 acres and 26 Gunthas or thereabouts which bears various entry numbers survey numbers Hissa number, and area of productive and unproductive land with assessment.

The sale of the above properties will take place on the premises of the Factory at Umbarda.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, list of Machinery and for Entry and Survey numbers and the area with assessment, apply to Messrs. Craigie Blunt and Caroe Solicitors at "Standard Building" Hornby Road or to the undersigned.

BENNETT AND CO.

MEHTA & CO.

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT AND G. I. P. RAILWAY.

119, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 21285.

AUCTION SALE OF AN IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT PHILWAD, G. I. P. RAILWAY.

On SUNDAY, the 25th January, 1925, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA AND CO., will sell by Public Auction by order of Messrs. Motichand and Devidas, Attorneys for Mr. Javerbhai Ramji the undermentioned valuable landed property on the premises:—

All that piece or parcel of land on ground admeasuring about 2000 sq. yds. of land being plot No. 504 of Mulund Town Planning Scheme together with the Bungalow, hereditaments and premises standing thereon situated at Mulund in the Registration Sub-District of Kurla of the Bombay Suburban District.

Further particulars and conditions of sale can be had on application to Messrs. Motichand and Devidas at 31 Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, of the undersigned.

MEHTA & CO.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents

No. 72, Medows Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 24927.

SALE THIS DAY, AT 3 P.M. (S.T.) AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

Messrs. GANDHI and CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, this day SATURDAY, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms at 72, Medows Street, Fort, by order of Pledgers Messrs. Thanaji Panaji and Co., and on account and at the risk of Pledger Mrs. Bachubai Jhirad.

1 Necklace set with Diamonds and by order of Pledgers Messrs. Yeshwantrao Harishchandra Deware and Atmaram Anant Patil and on account and at the risk of Pledger Mrs. Bachubai Jhirad:—

1 Pair Diamond Kudas.
2 Bangles set with Diamonds and Rubies.
1 Pair Diamond earrings.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI AND CO.
Auctioneers.

AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE CINEMA

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

COMING JANUARY 24th.

STUPENDOUS ATTRACTION

"THE PRODIGAL SON"

A marvellous and beautiful film adaptation of the famous novel

by

SIR HALL CAINE

A super production set midst glorious surroundings and acted by an all star cast including

FRANK WILSON, ADELINE HAYDEN-COFFIN, STEWART ROME HENRY VICTOR, NICHOLLS BATES, COLLETTE BRETTLE, EDITH BISHOP, LOUISE CONTI AND PETER UPCHER.

A STOLL PICTURE STAGED IN THE STOLL WAY

A VERITABLE TRIUMPH OF SCREEN CRAFT. A CLASSIC BOOK MADE INTO A CLASSIC FILM.

WATCH THE NEWSPAPERS FOR FULL PARTICULARS.

NOTE THE DATE.

COMING JANUARY 31st.

"THE RETURN OF THE PRODIGAL"

The second part of Sir Hall Caine's great novel "The Prodigal Son". Another super production acted by the same cast and staged with all the lavishness and beauty which characterises every Stoll picture.

WATCH THE NEWSPAPERS FOR FULL PARTICULARS.

NOTE THE DATE.

!! To-Night !! !! No-Night !!

IMPERIAL

presents

a thrilling & Sensational picture

Highly appreciated by Bombay public

VIR - AHIR
VIR - AHIR

—produced by—

KOHINOOR FILM COMPANY

DAILY FOUR SHOWS:—
at 5-0, 7-0, 9-0 and 11 P: M:
EXTRA SHOWS:—
On Sat: & Sunday at 3-0 P: M:

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAD OF BARODA.

GANDHARV NATAK MANDALI.

NEW ELPHINSTONE THEATRE
GRANT ROAD

SATURDAY, 17th Jan. 1925
at 8-30 p.m.

VIRATANAYA

AUCTION SALES.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay
Telephone No. 20521.

WEEKLY SALE.

Auction sale of Household and Office furniture, new Austrian Safes, Piece Goods, Dhoties, Emerald pendant studded with Diamonds, De Lage Motor-Car, etc.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 19th January, 1925, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Room No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

Household furniture consisting of mirror door almyrahs, writing and dressing tables, teak and iron cots, office chairs, new Austrian safes etc.

By the order of the Manager of the Dead Letter Office:—Books boots, wearing apparels etc.

By the order of Messrs. Ralli Bros.:—
One lot white nensook and dyed Shirtings.
One Bale of Dhoties.

The property of an European gentleman:—
De Lage Landaulette Motor Car, 5 seater, Bosch Magneto Zenith Carburator C.A.V. Lighting system, 4 cylinder, 15 H.P.

Under instructions from Messrs. S. B. Bilimoria, N. M. Raiji and M. A. Daver, the Liquidator of the All-India United Insurance Co., Ltd., (now in voluntary Liquidation) pursuant to the Decree made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 2nd day of December, 1924, in Suit No. 3784 of 1924 filed by the Liquidators against Mr. D. A. Meer.

One Emerald Pendant studded with Diamonds, belonging to Mr. D. A. Meer and pledged by him with the All-India United Insurance Co., Ltd., on the 1st day of September, 1923.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AMUSEMENTS.

WEST-END

TO-NIGHT THIS WEEK

AN ENTHRALLING LOVE-AND-ADVENTURE PICTURE

THE FAMILY SECRET WITH BABY PEGGY

Gladys Hulette, Edward Earle, Frank Currier

A UNIVERSAL-JEWEL

Adapted From Both Frances Hodgson Burnett's Sensational Novel and

AUGUSTUS THOMAS' STAGE SUCCESS. IT WILL FILL THE BILL AS A THRILL!

Peggy was always in the way around the home. Her slightest noise brought down the wrath of the household. But one day she wandered out into the street and was lost for a little while and caused a worse panic than a ship sinking in mid-ocean. For sheer fun and excitement don't miss Baby Peggy in her latest Universal Jewel starring production.

"THE FAMILY SECRET"

Childish pranks often stimulate the petulance of doddering Grandparentage. But Peggy was so constantly in the faint limelight of the drab household that she finally broke through the veneer of her grand Dad's cheerless disposition and made him love her in spite of his un- friendly self.

The Programme includes a Comedy

TO-NIGHT :—3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)

WEST-END CINEMA
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)

NEW PERFORMANCE NEW

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAD OF BARODA.

GANDHARV NATAK MANDALI

WILL STAGE THEIR NEW PLAY
AT NEW ELEPHINSTONE THEATRE
Corner Grant Road.
On SUNDAY, The 18th JANUARY 1925 at 3 p. m. (S. T.)

NAND-KUMAR

By V. S. GURJAR.

Booking open every morning and evening from To-day at the Theatre

EXCEL[illegible]

TO-NIGHT AT 9-
TO-MORROW MATINE[illegible]-30 p. m.
LEE WHITE AND CLAY[illegible]ITH CO.
in BACK AGAIN
TO-DAY CINEMA AT 6-30 p. m.
TO-MORROW AT 10 p. m
"THE DEVIL'S PAWN"
with POLA NEGRI.

EMPRESS THEATRE

NOTE Change of Timings
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW at 3-30, 6-30 &9-30 p.m.
ALSO SUNDAY MORNING at 10 A. M.
"THE FALL OF AN EMPRESS"
with RINA COUNTESS De LIGUORO.

EMPIRE THEATRE

NOTE Change of Timings
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW At
3-30, 6-15 and 9-45 p. m.
"THE FALL OF AN EMPRESS"
with RINA COUNTESS De LIGUORO.

Success! Success!! Success!!!

Monstrous Programme with

STUPENDOUS SUCCESS

The Talk of Bombay is

-4—FLYING DEVILS—4-

(Never Seen Before)

JAPANESE NEW

CIRCUS

2 SHOWS { To-Day—4-30 p. m. / To-Night—9-30 p.m.

Location Jn. { Sandhurst Road. and Bhindi Bazaar.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

SEE 30 Star Artists Each of them in a Star. 30

SEE Miss's:—TARABAI, Kaity, Lily and Nesa.

Their wonderful Acts and Charming Dances.

SEE Prof. ARAKICHI'S WELL TRAINED ANIMALS.
"A WONDER"

Booking in tent from 9-30 a.m.

Prof. ARAKICHI & HISAKICHI,
Proprietors.

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ROYA[illegible]

MATINEE TO-[illegible]

WEMB[illegible]

A wonderful achieve[illegible]
World's history fil[illegible]
beauties and glories [illegible]
and subtle shadows.

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MA[illegible]
TH[illegible]
OF[illegible]
DA[illegible]

A gripping powerful [illegible]
and a terrible wreck[illegible]

Prices: Rs. 2[illegible]
BOOKING OFFICE IS[illegible]

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A CHE[illegible]

an interesting episode fro[illegible] Shivaji showing how he used his [illegible]d to relieve his father from the clutches of the Sultan of Bijapur.

Abdul Karim
Abdul Karim
Abdul Karim

On Saturday, 17th Inst. at 9 p.m.
and
On Sunday, 18th Inst. at 4 p. m.
at
THE RIPON THEATRE,
GRANT ROAD.

Rates of Admission—Rs. 5,4,3,2,1 and Annas 8. Tax extra.

Booking at Madhavashram
Near West End Cinema.

GLOBE CINEMA
SANDHURST ROAD.

5-30, 8 & 10-30 Daily.

Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays at 3 p. m.

Sunday Special morning show at 10 a. m. Women and children under 10 years will be admitted at half price.

A magnificent photo-play of decadent Rome, showing the loves and ambitions of the Empress

MESSALLINA

"THE FALL OF AN EMPRESS"

MESSALLINA

featuring

Countess Rina De Liguoro.

2 hours' show, a complete success. Don't miss.

Prices Rs. 2, 1-8, 1. As. 8, 4 & 3

BOOK YOUR SEATS IN ADVANCE.

WELLINGTON

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!

A Universal Gibson Production.

"BROADWAY OR BUST"

Starring the excruciably funny

HOOT GIBSON

in a whirlwind action story.

Right through from Cactus Center to the Great White Way! Into the gilded palaces—parlor, bedroom and bath for a galloping cow pony! The whole town gasps at his whirlwind daring. And when he elopes with the heiress and eludes the police you will be cheering this dashing western hero!

She fell heir to millions and turned her back on her cowboy sweetheart. Here is Hoot!

His million-dollar smile, his billion-dollar cowboy manner and his trillion-dollar personality!

The Programme includes a Comedy.

Five Shows to-day at: 3-30; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

THE LIFT

is available for Box Sofa and First Class ticketholders

Rates of Admission; Box Rs. 2-4-0; Sofa Re. 1-2-0; First Class Annas 14; Second Class Annas 7; Third Class Annas 3.

WELLINGTON

CINEMA—DHOBI-TALAO.

FLATS TO LET

BE LET for WORKSHOPS purposes. Apply THE BILE CO., LTD., Laming-b Circle.
22448

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ell ventilated and Good ed ROOMS, GODOWNS in No. 2, near West-End Girgaum Police Court. DHANDAS, Sir Mungaldas Road.
677

Naigaum Road, Dadar a IRST FLOOR of Allbless itewashed in fancy colours, all sides—consisting Draw-g, 3 Bed-rooms, Cook and rge front Verandah. Rent
R656

ble and airy for Anglo-ropeans and Parsee gen-gpada, opposite Richard- Rent Rs. 80 and up-pot. Tel. No. 41417.
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EOUS FOR SALE

removal to New and odious Premises Messrs WRITER COMPANY, Im-ters & Accessories, Cen-Hornby Road, Opp. Petit ing a SPECIAL DIS-pewriters and Accessories 5th January, 1925. Write Free.

ONE MORTAR MILL, n 8' diameter—in perfect E FLOUR GRINDING nes—in perfect order. ressed to P. S. Mehta, Buildings, opposite Rash- Parle, Post Andheri. FUGAL MACHINES for ROVED MAKERS, new te or see—B. S. MEHTA, Buildings, opposite le Parle, Post Andheri.
671

RITERS BARGAINS:—

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Improved, Latest	207
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... Rs. 495,
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...any size. Rs. 275 for
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...20, Rs. 85, 100, all new types	160
...er 3, 65, 9, 160, Rebuilt 5, 185, 9	215
...emington 10, Rs. 125 to 215, Brief 160 ...	215
Mahrati Remington 9, Rs. 125, Visible ...	200
Gujerati Remington 9, Rs. 160, Visible ...	200
Remington Portable with Case, New	234
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NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Telephone No. 21223.
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...HING CO., LTD., ...SAR.—
Invites applications from men desirous of working as AGENTS to fill up atleast 40 vacancies all over India. The agents are required to collect information and advertisement, etc., for THE MALAVIYA'S INDIAN COMMERCIAL DIRECTORY, 1926. Salaries ranging from Rs. 50 to Rs. 300 p.m., Allowance Extra. Really capable and experienced men need apply only. For particulars apply with two annas stamps to the MANAGING DIRECTOR, before 31st January, 1925.
A R637

BIG MONEY—BIG SALARY—Is waiting for you to come and get it. No matter where you live or what your experience, we teach you, how to make Rs. 100 to 500 p.m. in office or at home. We teach you BY POST, at your home, in your spare time, by NEW EASY METHODS, the following subjects:—(1) BRAND NEW SHORTHAND in 30 days. Only 9 Characters and 3 Rules. Two days' free trial. No money unless fully satisfied. Our students command highest salaries. (2) BOOK-KEEPING in 80 hours. Marvellous short-cut methods. Special introductory offer. (3) SOAP-MAKING. Thi Course free if you like. Make soap at —/1/ per lb. (4) BOOT POLISH MANUFACTURE Sample finishes free. We have helped hundreds of men to immediate and permanent success. State subject in which interested and enclose 3 anna stamp for illustrated booklet and proof of our statement. Address —HAWAID COLLEGE, (B) RAWALPINDI.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED.—A responsible POST at a monthly salary of 350 to 500 rupees for which security of ten to fifteen thousand rupees will be deposited. Write to Box No. 659, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
B R676

HOUSES & FLATS WANTED.

REQUIRED—A suitable FLAT either for office etc., on ground or first floor consisting of at least 4 rooms at a reasonable rent either in Gamdevi, Tardeo Road, Hughes Road, or on the West side of Grant Road Station. Apply Box No. 66, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
D 22531

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

JEWELLERS LTD.

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A LARGE VARIETY OF FANCY PATTERNS AND SIZES.

FINISH AND PRICE. BEYOND CRITICISM

TREASURE HOUSE
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

WANTED—Wholesale and retail customers for Pudiyangam Silk Sarees, Angavastrams, Coatings, etc. For Particullars apply to:—PUDIYANGAM SILKS, Pudiyangam Village, Palghat.
T R520

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION—Established 1898.—The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans etc., etc. Subjects: Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes and all other commercial subjects. Special arrangement for Ladies. Managing Proprietor: GOPALDAS LALDAS. Princess Street corner Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

ALEXANDRA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE—Enrollments proceeding for successful training (personal or through post) for Corporation of Accountants, L. C. C., Specialised Banking and Shorthand (with speed) courses. Guarantee to coach until successful. Prospectus from PRINCIPAL, Opt. Whiteaway Laidlaw.
M 678

PROFESSION.

STAMMERING QUICKLY CURED by West London Stammering Clinics' wonderful Postal self-treatment. Complete Course Rs. 15. Agents wanted everywhere. Dr. AUGUSTIN, 9, Wellington Square, CALCUTTA
P R619

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY.
(UNDER SPECIAL DIET.)

Free sample packets of the infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy. Postage As. 6 per V.P.P. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Nocturnal emissions, Dyspepsia etc., etc., and catalogue of Ayurvedic Medicines free. One anna postage stamp required for a reply or pamphlets.

PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy) 8, Nandibagan Lane, Salkhia, (Howrah).

N.B.—"Leprosy and its treatment" a guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2. Postage 4 extra.

Correspondence strictly in English.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers, from all parts of India for publication in the "Sunday Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelope.

All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Sunday Chronicle,"
Madows St., Fort, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE INDIAN NEWSPAPER CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ADJOURNED SIXTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the abovenamed Company will be held at the Registered office of the Company, 143, Medows Street, Fort, at 12 noon (S.T.) on SATURDAY, the 17th January, 1925, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts made up to 31st December, 1923.
2. To confirm the appointments of Pandit Motilal Nehru and Mr. Vithaldas Damodar Govindji, as Directors of the Company.
3. To appoint Directors in place of Messrs. Tricumdas Dwarkadas and Umar Sobani who retire under Arts. 105 and 106 of the Articles of Association, but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint auditors for the year 1924, at a remuneration to be fixed by the meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from 21st December, 1924, to 4th January, 1925, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
For The Indian Newspaper Co. Ltd.,
OSMAN SOBANI,
Managing Director.

NOTICE

WARD ELECTION OF A COUNCILLOR TO FILL UP A CASUAL VACANCY.

IN consequence of the death of Mr. Abdul Kader Bawla, a representative of the (B) Mandvi Ward there is a casual vacancy in the office under section 9 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act III of 1888. I, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of sections 22 (3) and 25 of the said Act hereby fix MONDAY, the 9th February, 1925, for a Ward Election to fill up the aforesaid casual vacancy.

H. B. CLAYTON,
Municipal Commissioner,
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices.
Bombay, 15th January, 1925.
22527

THE N. M. WADIA GENERAL LIBRARY

THIS LIBRARY is REMOVED from Khetwadi to the new spacious building of the Framji Cawasji Institute at Dhobi Talao. It will be available for members and subscribers on and from the 14th instant. New members are being registered. Forms of application may be had from the Librarian on the premises.

All members and subscribers of the Library are requested to intimate their correct address to the Librarian for being registered in the new books now being prepared.

N. P. PAVRI,
Hon. Secretary.
13th January, 1925.
22486

...ELS, LIMITED.

AUCTION ...E OF WASTE, ETC., ETC.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that WASTE of all sorts and other sundry articles will be disposed of by Public Auction in the compound of the Hongkong Mill Premises situate at Chinchpogly Cross Lane, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 19th January, 1925 at 3 p.m. (S. T.).

For terms and other particulars apply to the Mill Manager.

For the Wadia Woollen Mills Ltd.,
HUSEINBHOY PILANI WADIA & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 13-1-1925. 22499

NOTICE

THE IRON AND STEEL CO. LD.

A GENERAL MEETING of all the shareholders of the Tata Iron & Steel Company, Limited, is convened on MONDAY, the 19th inst. at 4 p.m. to be held in the hall of the Stock Exchange (Share Bazar) to consider and discuss the resolutions arrived at the informal meeting held at S. R. Bomanji's office at 60 Forbes Street, on Saturday last the 10th instant.

Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, the President of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association has kindly consented to preside.

All shareholders are earnestly requested to attend.
22500

KING GEORGE'S HOSPITAL, LUCKNOW

SEALED TENDERS are invited by the 21st February, 1925, for the supply of Rations Linen, Clothing, Dressings Hospital necessaries, etc., at one rate for the year 1925-26. All particulars regarding the terms of contract, etc., can be obtained from the Superintendent.
22524

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED to reach the Dean's office not later than 25th January, 1925, from medical graduates for the post of Professor of Materia Medica and Pharmacy, Grant Medical College, and Registrar and Physician, J. J. Hospital, on a salary of Rs. 300 per mensem. The post will be on a part time basis. The tenure will be for 5 years, renewable indefinitely for similar periods and subject to 6 months' notice on either side. Applicants should furnish the following information:—

(a) Qualifications with dates of the same.
(b) Caste and sub-caste and nationality.
(c) Date of birth.
(d) Whether name registered under Medical Act VI of 1912.
(e) Details of previous experience supported with copies of testimonials.

S. L. BHATIA,
M.C., M.A., M.D., (Cantab),
Captain, I.M.S.,
Dean, Grant Medical College.
22529

THE BOMBAY SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED by the undersigned for the undermentioned posts, within one week, on salaries mentioned. Applicants should state their age, caste and creed, qualifications, present employment and previous experience of work, if any. Employees of the Municipal Departments are free to apply for the said posts. Preference will be given to candidates experienced in Census Work.

(1) A "SPECIAL ATTENDANCE OFFICER" for the Census Department to be opened under the control of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee for organising a Census of School Children and for the preparation and maintenance of Registers of children that would come within the limits of the Compulsory School-going age, in F and G Wards, where Free and Compulsory Primary Education is to be introduced very shortly. Salary Rs. 220-10-270 p.m. plus Rs. 30 C. A. p.m.
(2) A MALE ASSTT: SUPERVISOR for the Census Department mentioned in (1) above. Salary Rs. 180-10-220 p.m. plus Rs. 30 C.A., p.m. Duties to be performed, the same as in (1) above.
(3) A FEMALE ASSTT: SUPERVISOR for the Census Department mentioned in (2) above. Salary Rs. 180-10-220 p.m. plus Rs. 30 C.A. p.m. Duties to be performed, the same as in (1) above.
(4) TEN CLERKS for the Census Department, mentioned above, salary Rs. 60-5-150 p.m.plus Rs. 15 C. A. p.m. Applicants must state languages known by them.

M. I. FAROUQUI,
Secretary, Schools Committee.
The Schools Committee's Office,
Bombay, 15th January, 1925.
22512

...lls are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Inspection	... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and subsequent insertion	... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil, advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance, and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement column.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the holders of the Second Preference Shares of THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, on MONDAY, the 26th day of January, 1925, at 3 O'clock in the afternoon (S.T.) when the subjoined Resolution will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution;—

RESOLUTION.

"That the Agreement dated the fifth day of January, 1925, entered into between the Company and Sir Cowasji Jehangir Bart., Sir Sassoon David, Bart., K.C.S.I., and Framroze Edulji Dinshaw, Esquire, on behalf of the holders of Second Preference Shares of the Company be and is hereby confirmed."

Should the above Resolution be passed by the requisite majority, it will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution to a further Extraordinary General Meeting, and such meeting will be held on FRIDAY, the 13th day of February, 1925, at 3-30 O'clock in the afternoon (S.T.) at the same place for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, confirming such Resolution as a Special Resolution accordingly.

Dated this fifth day of January, 1925.
By Order of the Board,
TATA SONS LTD., Agents,
R. D. TATA,
Director.
Registered Office:—
Bombay House,
24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay.
22482

THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the holders of the Ordinary Shares of THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, on TUESDAY, the 27th day of January, 1925, at 3 O'clock in the afternoon (S.T.) when the subjoined Resolution will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution;—

RESOLUTION.

"That the Agreement dated the fifth day of January, 1925, entered into between the Company and Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt., C.B.E., on behalf of the holders of Ordinary Shares of the Company be and is hereby confirmed."

Should the above Resolution be passed by the requisite majority, it will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution to a further Extraordinary General Meeting, and such meeting will be held on FRIDAY, the 13th day of February, 1925, at 3-30 O'clock in the afternoon (S.T.) at the same place for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, confirming such Resolution as a Special Resolution accordingly.

Dated this fifth day of January, 1925.
By Order of the Board,
TATA SONS LTD., Agents,
R. D. TATA,
Director.
Registered Office:—
Bombay House,
24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay.
22483

THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD,

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the holders of the Deferred Shares of THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of January, 1925, at 3 O'clock in the afternoon (S.T.) when the subjoined Resolution will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution;—

RESOLUTION.

"That the Agreement dated the fifth day of January, 1925, entered into between the Company and Phirozeshah Merwanji Dalal, Esquire, on behalf of the holders of Deferred Shares of the Company be and is hereby confirmed."

Should the above Resolution be passed by the requisite majority, it will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution to a further Extraordinary General Meeting, and such meeting will be held on FRIDAY, the 13th day of February, 1925, at 4 O'clock in the afternoon (S.T.) at the same place for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, confirming such Resolution as a Special Resolution accordingly.

Dated this fifth day of January, 1925.
By Order of the Board,
TATA SONS LTD., Agents,
R. D. TATA,
Director.
Registered Office:—
Bombay House,
24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay.
22484

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's S S. "MURORAN MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 16th January, 1925, from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore, and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on Bag Cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

SALE OF SURPLUS STEEL BARS AND RODS OF BRITISH MANUFACTURE.

THE Department has on hand several tons of mild steel bars and rods of diameters 1¼", 1", 7/8", 3/4", 5/8", 1/2", 3/8", 5/16", 1/4", 3/16" and of various lengths in each diameter, which it is proposed to dispose of at reasonable prices. All information as to lengths available and prices, etc., may be had on application to.

The EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
Bombay Housing District No. 1,
Development Department,
MATUNGA BOMBAY.
22526

NOTICE

Re:—CLOSING PORTIONS OF SHAIK MEMON STREET TO PUBLIC TRAFFIC.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the public that under section 319 of the Municipal Act of 1888, as modified up to 1st April, 1923, Shaik Memon Street will be wholly CLOSED to traffic in section i.e. the portion between Kalbadevi Road and Mumbadevi Road and the portion between Mirza Street and Princess Street from Monday the 19th January, 1925, and will remain closed till the completion of the work of repairs thereat.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
T. K. RODDAN,
Executive Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 15th January, 1925.
22532

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NARSI PASSO, one of the partners in Messrs. Gopalji Kessowji & Co., who carried on business in tarpaulins at Mandvie has ceased as from Asovad Amas S. Y. 1980 to be a partner in the firm of Messrs. Gopalji Kessowji & Co. Our clients Messrs. Gopalji Kessowji and Co., have from Kartick sud 1st S.Y. 1981 been carrying on business at the same place and the said Mr. Narsi Passo has as from the said Asovad Amas S. Y. 1980 no share or interest therein. Our clients Messrs. Gopalji Kessowji & Co., are not responsible or liable for his acts thereafter.

Dated 16th, January, 1925.
KANIA & RATANSI,
Vakils for Messrs. Gopalji Kessowji & Co.
22530

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of Mahomed Chhatu, late of Bombay, Sunni Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Butcher, a married man. ..... Deceased.

Bai FATMABAI, widow of Mahomed Chhatu, of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Chimna Butcher Street, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this seventh day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-five and in the Fifteenth year of our Reign.

(Sd.) P.B. MALBARI,
Registrar.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,

The 8th day of January, 1925.
Messrs. MERWANJI KOLA & CO.
Petitioner's Attorneys.
22525

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Will of Bai RATANBAI, late of Bombay, the widow of Kanji Rama, Rajput Hindu Inhabitant. ..... Deceased.

GOVINDJI KESSAVJI CHAVAN, of Bombay, Rajput Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Upper Duncan Road, Byculla, without the Fort, Motor Mechanic, the Sole executor named in the Will of the said deceased. ... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Seventh day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand nine-hundred and twenty-five and in the Fifteenth year of our Reign.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
R. B. PATEL,

The 7th day of January, 1925.
Messrs. CRAWFORD BAYLEY & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
22514

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

UNDER INSTRUCTIONS from our clients, Messrs. OMKARMAL SURAJMAL, LOSABHAI MAGANLAL, NARAYANDAS POKARMAL and SAVALRAM KEDRAMAL, Trustees of Messrs. Hajarimal Dalichand, appointed under a Trust Deed, dated 16th of April, 1921, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that since the 5th day of August, 1923, FIRST DIVIDEND at the rate of 6 annas in a Rupee has been commenced to be paid to the Creditors of the said Hajarimal Dalichand, who have signed the Composition Deed herein in respect of Sovereign transactions for Vaishakh and Jeth, S. Y. 1974 Vaidas, at the firm of Messrs. Chimaniram Motilal at Khara Kuva, but some of the Creditors have upti now not cared to receive the same. The said Creditors are therefore finally requested that they should attend to receive the said dividend at the said place of Messrs. Chimaniram Motilal, on or before the 15th day of February, 1925, and if they will fail to do so, it will be considered after the said date by the said Trustees that the Creditors have waved their right and claim and the said Trustees will not be in any way responsible for it. Further after the said 15th day of February, 1925, the final and last dividend of the remaining amount in the hands of the Trustees will be declared and thereafter the said Trustees will not recognise the claim or right of any Creditor and the said Trustees will be free from any responsibility.

"The Time for receiving the Dividend":

From 11 a.m. (S. T.) to 5 p.m. on Sunday, and from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. (S. T.) on any other day

Dated this 13th January, 1925.

Messrs. KHANDWALA & CHHOTALAL,
Attorneys for the Trustees.

22501

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 688 OF 1917.

BANSILAL MOTILAL ..... Plaintiff.

Versus

GOVINDLAL BANSILAL & others Defendants

PURSUANT to the Consent Decree made in the above Suit and bearing date the 12th day of October, 1922 and the Order, dated the 14th day of February, 1924, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction at the premises under the directions of the Commissioner of this Honourable Court on SATURDAY, the 17th day of January, 1925, at the hour of half past four o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground with the messuage tenements and bunglow, outhouses standing thereon situate, lying and being at Bellasis Road, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 7300 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of land Revenue under Old No. 129, 130, 131, Old Survey No. 70 83, New No. 13608, New Survey No. 1/6368, Part and 6821 and Cadastral Survey No. 251, Tardeo Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward Nos. 5033 @ 5036 E 3179 @ 3182 Street No. 202. 1 @ 3. D Ward No. 5037 @ 5042, 5043, E 3183 @ 3189, Street No. @ 9-10 and D Ward No. 5044 @ 5046, E 3190 @ 3192, Street Nos. 11-12, 204-206 and bounded, on or towards the North by Bellasis Road, on or towards the South partly by Government Medical Stores and partly by the property of Bombay Improvement Trust, on or towards the East partly by the property of Dr. S. F. Kolah and partly by the property of Nowroji Khursedji Lakdawalla and on or towards the West by the property of Bombay Improvement Trust.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. MERWANJI KOLA & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 14 K, Hammam Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 27th day of November, 1924

(Sd.) H. H. WADIA
Commissioner.

22286

AUCTION SALES.

MISTRY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

Telephone No. 25152.

Auction Sale of very rare and old James McCabb pattern "West Minster" chiming wall and hall clocks by A.B. Savory, Remell, Eronhill London also very old open carved and of new designed plain furniture by Roberts and Benjamin. Solid blackwood Telescopic sliding, dining table, very rare and old open carved marble top pier and round centre tables and large sized carved cushioned sofas oil paintings, cottage piano with it's pianella one 10 feet, high pipe organ musical boxes steel safes, old Chinaware, 1 Birch Motor car 5 seater, 4 cylinder, 20 to 25 H.P. in perfect running order, one Victoria with R's complete accessories, etc., etc.

Under instructions from Trustees of the Late Dadabhoy Nowroji Daver, Messrs. MISTRY and CO., will sell by Public Auction at Daver's Bungalow near Sir Phirozeshaw Mehta's Bungalow Napean Sea Road, TO-MORROW, at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.) very rare and old pieces of furniture such as solid blackwood sliding dining table, handsome carved and plain sideboards, marble top plain and carved round and pier tables, cottage piano, with its pianolla pipe organ, musical boxes, very rare and old wall and hall clocks, hall cabinets, drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, old Chinese cupboards fitted with brass figures full sized (7 by 6) old carved double bed, bedroom set of dressing, washing table and almyrahs to match steel fire proof safes, many other rare and rich articles, ornaments glass crockery and best platedware also (1) 5 seater Birch motor-car in perfect running order one victoria.

Property on view and catalogues are ready.

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 16.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T. T. 1/5 13/16
Bank's selling D. D. 1/5 27/32

LONDON—
Bank's selling T. T. 1/5 27/32
Bank's selling D. D. 1/5 7/8
Bank's buying 3 M/st D. A. 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying T. T. 1/5 29/32
Bank's bying D. D. 1/5 15/16

PARIS—
Bank's selling D. D. Frcs. 640
Bank's buying 3 M/st D. A. Frcs. 690
Bank's buying D. D. Frcs. 680

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T. T. Rs. 108
Bank's buying 60 D/st D. P. Rs. 103

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 158¼

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 216½

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 159½

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 282

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dol. 4.78-1/4
London—Paris Frcs. 89.10
London—Switzerland Frcs. 24.80
London—Brussels Frcs. 95.40
London—Rome Liras 119.00

TONE OF EXCHANGE—Quiet but steady market.

Exchange market closed steady with sellers for ready T. T. on London at 1s. 5-7/8d.

London, Jan. 15.

Tele. Tranfers 1/5 15/16 dull.
Bar Gold £4. 7. 1. downward tendency.
Bar Silver Spot 32 3/16 steady

London, Jan. 15.

Rentes 3 per cent 48 3/4
Bar Silver (Spot) 32 3/16
Bar Silver 2 months hence 32
Closing Tone of Silver:—Buyers on holding back—steady.
Interes day to day loans 2 3/4
Interest 7 days market loans 2 3/4
Discount, Bank of England Rate 4 per cent since 5th july 1923.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES.

MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

Stockholm	17.75
Christiania	21.32
Amsterdam	11.84
Switzerland	24.80
Prague	159.25

LOCAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, January 16.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1/5 27/32
Bank Demand	1/5 7/8
Doc. Acceptance 3 m-s	1/6 5/32
Fcs Demand.	640
American Dollars	282
Hongkong Dollars	158 1/2
Shanghai	216 1/2
Japan	107 3/4
Singapore	159 1/2

Market Steady.

New York, Jan. 15.

Demand Bills 4.78 00

London, Jan. 15.

Exchange on London in Paris 89.28
Exchange on London in Germany 20,100,000
Exchange on London in Italy 117.42

STOCKS., ETC.

London, Jan. 15.

Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £89 5/8 unchanged.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £92 7/8—1/8
War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47 £101 9/16 +.1/16
Conversion Loan £77 11/16 unchanged.
Indian Loan 5 1/2 per cent £101 7/8 unchanged.
Indian Loan 7 per cent £117 unchanged
Consols 2 1/2 per cent £57 3/4 unchanged
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent £49 nominal unchanged.
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent (Sterling Loan) £67 7/8 unchanged.
Govt. Securities 3 per cent £57 unchanged

DISCOUNTS.

London, Jan. 15.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st. 3 13/16
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 4
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st. 4 1/4
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 4 3/4
5 per cent Rentes 20 3/4

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, Jan. 16.

Three months 4 per cent.
Six months 4½ per cent.
Bank of England rate 4 per cent.

MONEY.

Call 3½ per cent.
One month 4 per cent.
Three months 5 per cent.
Six months 5 per cent.
Tone of money market—Very steady.
Imperial Bank of India rate 6 per cent.

Bombay, Jan. 16.

Bank's selling T. T. ready 1/5 7/8
Bank's buying T. T. ready. 15/16
Bank's selling T. T. February 27/32
Bank's buying T. T. February 15/16
Bank's selling T. T. March 27/32
Bank's buying T. T. March 29/32
Bank's selling T. T. April 25/32
Bank's buying T. T. April 27/32
Bank's selling T. T. May 23/32
Bank's buying T. T. May 25/32
Bank's selling T. T. June 21/32
Bank's buying T. T. June 3/4

London, Jan. 15.

Hongkong Bank £139.
Chartered Bank £21 1/4
National Bank £48 1/2
P. and O. Bank £11 3/8
Eastern Bank 6/8

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Jan. 16.

3½ per cent Government Paper Rs. 67/8
4 per cent Conversion Loan Rs. 84
5 per cent War Loan Rs. 93/10
5 per cent Loan due 1933 Rs. 97/4
5 per cent Loan due 1945-55 Rs. 93/13
5½ per cent Bonds due 1925 Rs. 102/8
5½ per cent Bonds due 1928 Rs. 103/12
6 per cent Bonds due 1927 Rs. 100/12
6 per cent Bonds due 1930 Rs. 102/4
6 per cent Bonds due 1932 Rs. 103/4
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 Rs. 106/10
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 75
6 per cent Port Trust due 1930 Rs. 98
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 74/8
6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 96
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 74

SHARES.

Bombay, Jan. 16.

Market closed quiet. The following are the closing rates:—

BANKS.

Imperial 1417/8, India 73/8, Central Bank 22/12 and Eastern Bank 79.

COTTON MILLS.

Ahd. Advance 445, Apollo 90, Bombay Cotton 515, Bombay Dyeing 1095, Bradbury 500, Century 523/12, Central India 535, Colaba Land 165, Coorla 155, Crescent 243/12, Currim 430, David 500, Dawn 615, Edw. Sassoon 187/8, Fazulbhoy 905xd., Finlay 750, F. Petit 1,000, Globe 47/8, Gokak 105, Ind. Bleaching 223/12, Ind. Malwa 397/8, Jamshed Mfg. 125, Kastoorchand 132/8, Khatao 187/8, Kohinoor 1260, Luxmi Cotton 4,600, Madhowji 381/4, Mathuradas 230, M. Petit 2,700, Morarji 2,675, New Great 455, New City 312/8, Pabani 370, Pearls 552/8, Phoenix 560, Simplex 220, Swan 1085, Swadeshi 635, Tata Mill 170 and Vishnu Cotton 1,715.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 202/8, B. Burma 325, B. Burma N. I. 75, Bt. Burma Pet. 4/14, Bombay Tramway 92/8, Bombay Steam 65, Bundi Cement 8/4, Katni Ord. 50 Katni Defd. 150, New India 11/14, Shivrajpur 50/8, Tata Iron Ord. 11, Tata Iron Defd. 26/4, Tata Hydro 747/8xd., Scindia Steam 6/4xd.

BULLION.

Bombay, Jan. 16.

Sovereigns ready, Rs. 14/2
Sovereigns forward Rs. 14/2
Bar gold ready, Rs. 22/8/6
Bar gold forward, Rs. 22/2/3
Bar gold 2nd settlement, Rs. 22/2/3
Bar silver ready, Rs. 74/1
Bar silver 1st settlement, Rs. 74/1
Bar silver 2nd settlement, Rs. 72/13

London, Jan. 15.

Bar gold ready, s. 87/1
Silver ready, d. 32/3
Silver forward, d. 32/0
TONE OF SILVER—Quiet and steady. India bought cash and sold forward. America bought

GOLD.

Bombay, January 16.

Ready:—22-11-0

Vaida.	Opening	Highest	Lowest	At 6 p. m.
Posh.	22-8-0	22 10 0		22-10-0
Maha	22-1-0	22-2-0		22-2-0
Fragan	22-0 6	22-1-6		22-1-6

Teji Mandi.
Maha 0—6—0
Fragan 0—9—0
Tone—Market Steady.

SILVER.

Bombay, January 16.

Ready:—74-6-0

Vaida.	Opening	Highest	Lowest	At 6 p.m.
Posh	74-6-0		74-2-0	74-2-0
Maha	73-1-0		72-13-0	12-13-0
Fragan	72-12 0		72-10-0	72-10-0

Teji Mandt.
Maha 1—15—0
Fragan 2—10—0
Tone—Market Quiet.

London, Jan. 15.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—
Total Bullion £128,600,000
Public Deposits £11,700,000
Other Deposits £117,900,000
Govt. Securities £51,000,000
Other Securities £74,400,000
Notes and Gold £22,200,000
The Bank Reserve is 17.1 per cent of the Liabilities.

MOCATTAS SILVER REPORT.

London, Jan. 15.

Owing to the continued purchases by India for immediate shipment, price ruled higher up to Monday, since then there has been reaction as China sold rather heavily but unless these sales continue. Mocatta's do not look for much further fall, as the daily off-take of Indian bazaars, it is reported to be very good. America both bought and sold here, whilst centimental buying, though small, has been fairly continuous. Premium for spot prices has been caused by the Considerable reduction of London stocks. Tendency for the moment is little uncertain, but the undertone appears to be good.

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, January 16.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p. m. on 15th January, 1925.

Cotton	23163 Bales.
Wheat	9343 Cwt.
Linseed	7142 „
Rapeseed etc.	683 „
Gingellyseed	7922 „
Poppyseed	112 „
Groundnuts	20080 „
Castorseed	2491 „
Rice	3192 „
Myrabollams	2348 „
Cottonseed	51390 „
Mowraseed	Nil „
Gram	1177 „
Juwar	205 „
Masur	1658 „
Barley	1384 „
Bajri	1545 „
Coal	3932 Tons.

BOMBAY MAR[illegible]

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Bombay, Jan. 16.

To-day Reuter reported unchanged to 5 points higher in New York futures Liverpool has been reported 4 to 6 points down.

Messrs. Umrigar and Visungars' New York friends Messrs A. Norden and Co., cable under date 15th inst. as under:—.

"Steady and featureless market."

In accordance with a slight advance reported from Home the Marwari Bazaar opened steady this morning at Rs. 458 1/2 i.e., Re 1/- higher than yesterday's closing rate for fully good M. G. Broach April/May The market after declining by half a rupee went straight up to Rs. 460 1/2. On buying by Commission Houses and Marwari Shroffs and closed at 4 p.m. at Rs. 460. At Cotton Green, the market was kept closed to-day. Fine M. G. Oomra January opened at Rs. 459 1/2 and steadily advanced to Rs. 462 on buying by a Japan House, but profit taking caused the market to decline to Rs. 461 and closed firm at Rs. 462 1/2 on Bazaar operators buying. Oomra March after having opened at Rs. 445 1/2 gradually improved to Rs. 449 on buying by Bazar operators and after some fluctuations closed at the same rate at 4 p.m. Fully good M. G. Bengal January and March were respectively quoted at Rs. 394 and Rs. 384.

Our market for ready cotton was quiet yesterday with a moderate demand from Exporters and about 4,000 bales changed hands yesterday.

To-day 600 bales Sind/Punjab were tendered against Bengal Contract. Total so far amounts to 700 bales Bengal and only 100 bales Central Provinces No 1 against Oomra Contract.

MARWARI BAZAR—CLOSING QUOTATIONS. 4 P.M.

Bombay, January 16.

Fully Good Broach	April/May	..	460
Fully Good Bengal	Dec./Jan.	..	462 1/2
„ „	March	..	449
Fine Oomra	Dec./Jan.	..	394
„ „	March	..	384

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT.

Bombay, Jan. 16th.

New York Market Jan. 15th.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Last known prices in Liverpool.	Closing Prices.	Increase or decrease over previous Sin close.
23.64	Jan.		23.67	+03
23.85	Mar.	23.87+02	23 85	—
24.13	May		24.18	+05
24.35	Jul.		24.40	+05
23.85	Oct.		23.88	+03

New York spot on 14th Jan. 24.15-15; New Orleans 23.60—15.

May New York highest 24.23 (11 02 a.m.) lowest 24.07 (at the opening) range .16 points.

Liverpool Market Jan. 15th

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	Prices at 11 a.m.	Closing Prices.	Since previous close.
12.83	Jan.			12.79	—04
12.9	Mar.	12 84—07	12.86—05	12.87	—03
13.00	May	12.92—08		12.95	—05
13.06	Jul.			13.00	—06
12.89	Oct.			12.83	—06

Egyptian

26.00	May			26.13	+13
25.30	Jul.			25.43	+13

Better tone. American cross rate 4.78 1/2

Liverpool, Jan. 15.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

January	12.79—.4
March	12.87—.4
May	12.95—.5
July	13.00—.6

COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 15.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

January	12.77—.6
February	12.77—.6
March	12.85—.6
May	12.94—.6
July	13.00—.6
October	12.83—.6

EGYPTIANS.

January	27.40+.5
March	26.80+3

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Jan. 15.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

January	12.79—.4
February	12.79—.4
March	12.87—.4
April	12.89—.5
May	12.95—.5
June	12.96—.6
July	13.00—.6
August	12.96—.6
September	12.89—.6
October	12.83—.6
November	12.75—.5
December	12.72—.5
January	12.70—.5

Tone:—Steady.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Jan. 15.

January	27.43+.8
February	27.13+.8
March	26.85+.11
April	26.45+.10
May	26.13+.13
June	25.78+.13.
July	25.43+.13
August	25.18+.13
September	24.63+.13
October	24.28+.13
November	21.90+.25
December	21.75+.25
January	21.70+.25

COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 15.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 5,000 Bales
Total Day's Sales on Spec and for Exp 600 Bales.
Mid. Americans Spot —Universal Standard 13.05 Quiet.
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakellaridis 29.25
New York 11 a.m.—
(As known in Liverpool at closing time).

March	23.92
May	24.21
July	24.42

New York Noon Call.—

March	23.86
May	24.17
July	24.38

New Orleans 10 a.m.—

January	23.67
May	24.09

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 15.

SCINDE.—	
Good	10.40
Fully Good	10.80
Fine	11.20
BENGAL.—	
Good	10.50
Fully Good	10.90
Fine	11.30
OMRA.—	
Good	10.80
Fully Good	11.30
Fine	11.80
BROACH.—	
Good	11.05
Fully Good	11.45
Fine	11.85

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 15.

COTTON.—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 35,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain 12,000
Day's Exports to Continent 2000
Futures at New York.—

January	23.67+.3
March	23.85 unchanged
May	24.17+.4
July	24.40+.5
Spot Cotton at New York	24.15 unchanged
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	23.75+.15

Futures at New Orleans.—

May	23.82+.4
July	24.13+.7
Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	23 3/8
Demand Bills	4.78.00
Silver—Foreign mined	68 1/2

AMERICAN COTTON.—CLOSING PRICES

New York Jan. 15

Futures at New York.—

January	23.67+.3
March	23.85 unchanged
May	24.17+.4
July	24.40+5

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, January 16,

		Ready average quality.	Ready Fine.
Broach Fine	M.G.	..	41/45 ..
„	Fine M.G.	..	41/45 ..
„	F.G.M.G.	380/90	.. ..
Sindh-Punjab Fine	M.G.	..	410/15 ..
„	F.G.M.G.	380/90	.. ..
Punjab-Americans	M.G.	..	.. ..
Wardha-Hingt. Fine			
	M.G.	460/65	480/85 ..
Nagpur		460/65	480/85 ..
Yeotmal ..	Fine M.G.	455/60	470 ..
Pulgaon .. „	„	455/60	470 ..
Dhamangaon „	„	450/55	465 ..
Amraoti .. „	„	445/55	465 ..
Khamgaon-Akola	„	445/55	465 ..
Mulkapur	„	445/50	455/60 ..
Khandesh	„	440/45	450 ..
Egyptian			
„	F.G.M.G.	..	.. March.
Broach	Fine M.G.	..	.. 485/87
„ Fully Good	„	..	.. ..
Mathia	Fine „	..	.. ..
„	F.G.M.G.	..	430/40 ..
Dharwar	S.G.	..	.. ..
Coompta	M.G.	..	.. ..
Westerns	„	..	520 ..
„	H.G.	..	.. ..
Miraj	M.G.	..	520
Cambodia	„	..	550 —

METALS.

London, Jan. 15.

English best Selected Copper £70 1/4
Standard Copper G. M. B. £66 1/2
Copper Braziers £86.
Yellow Metal £8 3/16.
Hard Spelter £31 3/4 nominal
Corrugated Sheets £17 1/8.
Tin Block £266 1/2

BRASS.

Bombay, January 16.

		Per md.	Rs. a. p.
Brass, English		3/4	60 0 0
Do		1	60 0 0
Do		1 1/4	60 0 0
Do		1 1/2	60 0 0
Do		1 3/4	60 0 0
Do		2	60 0 0

COPPER.

Bombay, January 16.

		per md.	Rs. a. p.
Copper, German		3/4	64 12 0
Copper		1	64 12 0
Copper		1 1/4	64 12 0
Copper, American ..		1 1/2	65 0 0
Copper		1 3/4	65 0 0
Copper		2	65 0 0
Japanese Copper Bars ..			62 0 0
Panchteka Joint			27 0 0
Copper, English Bars ..			61 0 0
Brass Bars			41 0 0
Pat Klal			66 0 0
Lead, Country			25 0 0
Koger Brass, Metal 3/4 ..			52 8 0
„ „ to 1			58 0 0
„ „ 1 1/4 to 1 1/2, 1 3/4 to 2			58 0 0
German Copper 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 to 2			64 12 0
American Copper 3/4 to 1, 1 1/4 ..			65 0 0

WHEAT.

London, Jan. 15.

Barletta Russo—63 1/2 lbs. Jan./Feb paid and buyers 65/3.
Rozario Santa Fe—64 lbs. Jan./Feb paid and buyers 66/9
Tone:—Steady but Quiet.
Australian Jan./Feb paid 66
Choice White Karachi Jan./Feb paid and buyers 63/9.
Soft Red Karachi Jan/Feb value 63.
Tone:—Steady but Quiet.
Club No. 2 Calcutta April/May sellers 63.
Choice White Bombay April/May nominal 64.
Choice White Delhi Jan./Feb. paid 64

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, January 16.
(6-30 p. m.)

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by The Bombay Marwari Chamber of Commerce

	Bazaar Terms. Ready Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	5 4 0 0	8 5 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30 ..	..53 0 0	8 4 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	57 0 0	8 10 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	11 6 0	11 14 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	10 6 0	12 14 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	..12 2 0	12 10 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	..13 8 0	14 1 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	..13 4 0	13 13 0
Teelseed, White 85-15	..72 0 0	14 9 0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	..69 0 0	....
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	..66 0 0	....
Teelseed, Black ..	..63 0 0	....
Poppyseed, White	..13 8 0	14 0 0
Groundnuts	..66 0 0	....
Mowraseed ..	.. 9 8 0	....
Barley	..40 0 0	6 4 0
Castorseed ..	..63 0 0	12 0 0
Cotton Seeds, Ready Delivery	....	5 10 0
Jira ..	..16 0 0	....

Forward. Rs. a. p.

Wheat, May ..	.. 8 1 3
Linseed, May ..	..13 12 6
Groundnuts J. F	..76 0 0
Cotoon Seed ..	.. 5 10 0
Teelseed, Gajar, 85-15 Dec./Jan.	
Castor Seed M-M.	..12 6 0
Cotton Seed F-M.	.. 5 10 0

(Continued on page 12.)

SHARE BAZAR.

Bombay, January 16

	12 to 1 O/O.	1 to 2 O/O.	2 to 3 O/O.
Amedabad Advance ..	452-8	..	445
Bombay Cotton	520	..	515
Bombay Dyeing	1062-8-1105-1085-95	1087-8 83-12	85-1093-12
Century	517-8-30-22 8	520-17-8	20-523-12
Nagpur	536-4-40-37-8	532-8-30	535
Colaba	165-67-8-62-8	165-66-4	165
Crescent ex-divi.	247-8	245-41-4	243-12
Indore ex-divi.	400-5	396-4-393-12	396 4
Kohinoor	1250	..	1250
New Great	446 4-57-8-50	445-43-12	45-455
Pearl ex-divi.	555-61-4 56-4	552-8 47-8	50-553-12
Phœnix	570-75	..	565
Bharucha	102-8	..	102-8
Simplex	222-8	216 4-15	220
Swan	1080	..	1080
Swadesh	637-8	635-40	640
Pabni	373-12	..	370
Fazal ex-divi.	915-17-8-15	902 8 893 12	895-905
Mathuradas	225	..	225
Tata Mill	170	..	170
Globe	47-8	..	47-8
Mysore	117-8	..	117-8
Madhavji	382 8-85-80	377-8-75	72 8-382-8
Finlay	750	..	700
Gokak	105	..	105
Edward Sassoon	187-8	..	187-8
Meyer Sassoon	123-12	..	127 8
Alcock	205	..	205
Bombay Burma Old ..	327-8	..	325
Bombay Elec Tram ..	93-12	93-12	92-8
Bombay Steamer Ordy. ..	65	..	65
Bundi Cement	8-12	..	8 8
Central E. Mining	31-8	..	31-12
Indian Cement	37-8	..	37-8
Tata Steel Ord.	11	10-12	11
Tata Steel Defd.	28-12	26-4	26-4

BOMBAY MARKETS

WEEKLY REVIEW.

COTTON.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

During the week under review Home markets have been fluctuating but on the whole show a small change both in Liverpool and New York as compared with a week ago. Early the market advanced on Commision Houses and New Orleans buying and short covering. Later the market gave way on local selling.

There is nothing of special feature to report on the American markets during the period under review, prices throughout the week having fluctuated within a very narrow compass. The undertone has remained fairly steady as a result of the strong situation in securities and various dry goods, and with the South maintaining its independent attitude, there is very little pressure on hedge account, and even this small pressure is daily absorbed by the requirements of the trade, so that the market evidently seems to be in a position to resist any "bearish" influence which makes its appearance.

Takings to date indicate a steady gain over last season and it appears that should values remain steady at their existing level, the takings for the world will nearly reach a figure of 13,000,000 bales, and if such be the case, a yield such as we have been looking for since some time will not weigh heavily on the market. The course of values will depend upon the news in connection with the coming crop, the question of acreage and the progress of the plant, and there are many factors which raise doubts in our minds as to succeeding yields, and the high prices at present ruling for other commodities viz.: wheat and maize will in a great measure restrict the acreage under cotton as a result of the attractive level of these products.

Business in Manchester is porgressing under satisfactory lines and accounts to hand are very cheerful, so that there is every reason to believe that the increased output of the mills is at last finding a home without any particular pressure. As regards American spot cotton, the tendency for cultivators to interest themselves in C. I. F. cotton, and also to put down contracts ahead, has been fairly well maintained. Whilst there is a dearth of low grade cotton on the market, it is reasonable to believe that from now onwards, as the final ginnings come on to the market, that this situation will, at any rate, ease to some extent.

Broadly speaking, just at the moment, there appears little in the situation to warrant any special movement either way, and we still adhere to our belief that the best policy to pursue is to choose suitable occasions presented by strong markets on which to effect sales.

As regards the situation of the local market, the tone throughout the week has been [illegible] steady, [illegible] closing of the shutters will open on the January Gamra contract, but when once the settlement of this contract is out of the way we look for values to decline steadily to a level lower than that ruling at present. We therefore, advocate the policy of selling whenever prices are temporarily high.

There has been a very good demand for ready cotton during the week from Exporters and business has been put through on a large scale.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week:—

New York January last week 23.55; this week 23.67 plus 12.

New York March last week 23.87; this week 23.85 minus 2.

New York May last week 24.18; this week 24.18 unchanged.

New York July last week 24.35; this week 24.40 plus 5.

New York October last week 23.82; this week 23.88 plus 6.

Liverpool January last week 12.81; this week 12.79 minus 2.

Liverpool March last week 12.89; this week 12.87 minus 2.

Liverpool May last week 12.97; this week 12.95 minus 2

Liverpool July last week 13.00; this week 13.00 unchanged.

Liverpool October last week 12.74; this week 12.83 plus 9.

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully Good M G Broach April/May opened on the 9th instant at Rs. 454 and gradually declined to Rs. 451½ on selling by Commission Houses. On bazar operators buying the market improved to Rs. 453. On the 10th instant the bazar opened at Rs. 453 and going up to Rs. 454½ declined to Rs. 453 again on Offices selling. Around this level bazar operators bought lifting the values to Rs. 455½. On the 12th instant the market opened at Rs. 455 and gradually improved to Rs. 459½ on buying by bazar operators and a well-known Indore operator. Around this level Commission and Japanese Houses sold and the prices dropped to Rs. 457. On the 13th instant the bazar was closed. On the 14th instant the market opened at Rs. 457 and declined to Rs. 456 on Commission Houses selling. At about this level Shroffs were buyers, and the market improved to Rs. 459½. On the 15th instant the market opened at Rs. 456 and improved to Rs. 458½ on buying by prominent Shroffs and jobbers, and after some fluctuations closed on the same day at Rs. 457½.

Fine Oomra January opened at Rs. 451½ and touching Rs. 450 improved to Rs. 456½ on bazar operators buying. Going down to Rs. 454½ the market further improved to Rs. 461½ on Bulls buying. From this level the market dropped to Rs. 456 on Commission Houses and Shroffs selling and closed on the 15th instant at Rs. 458½ whilst Oomra March opened at Rs. 434½ on the 9th instant and advanced to Rs. 445 on bazar operators and Commission Houses buying. From this level the prices gave way to Rs. 437 on Commission Houses and one Japanese firm selling and after sharp fluctuations closed at Rs. 444½ on the 15th instant. F G Bengal January opened at Rs. 382 on the 9th instant and closed at Rs. 392 on the 15th inst., the highest being Rs. 394½ and the lowest Rs. 382 whilst Bengal March opened at Rs. 375 and closed on the 15th instant at Rs. 382 the highest being Rs. 382 and the lowest Rs. 374.

WEEKLY COTTON MARKET REPORT.

Jan. 16.

Since our last report the following net changes have been recorded in the Home markets:—

New York 8th and 15th Jan. 1925:—

Jany.	Mar.	May.	July.
23.55	23.87	24.18	24.35
23.67	23.85	24.17	24.40
Plus .12	—.2	—.1	plus .5

Liverpool 8th and 15th Jan. 1925:—

Jany.	Mar.	May.	July.
12.81	12.89	12.97	13.00
12.79	12.87	12.95	13.00
—.2	—.2	—.2	—

The week has been a very featureless one and fluctuations have been small. The volume of speculative business appears to be considerably smaller than for some time past, and there is not likely to be any great change until some new factor arises. The American Mill consumption figures which we expected to receive yesterday will only be published after the close of the New York market to-day.

The opinion of our Liverpool friends is not very definite and they last night cabled us as follows:—

"English Spinners talk of holding off. Think market likely to remain inactive."

We do not think that there is likely to be much news affecting cotton until the next Ginning figure is published on the 24th of this month.

The local market has remained very steady and the squeeze in January Oomras has kept up the price of the other contracts with the result that our parity as compared with American cotton has not improved, i.e. we are still too dear here to enable Continental spinners to buy Indian cotton to any large extent. Japanese shippers are still buying steadily, and must by now have purchased rather more than half their total requirements for the season as far as Indian cotton is concerned. News of the Indian crop does not improve as the season advances and instead of expecting close on 40 lacs of arrivals into Bombay we shall be surprised if we eventually receive more than last year or say about 33 lacs of bales.

Under these circumstances we cannot expect much of a decline, and with improving trade reports from many parts of the World and noticeably from the United States we cannot advise short sales, and we still favour purchases on declines, for moderate profits.

With regard to stocks of ready cotton we very strongly advise holders to realise their stocks to get rid of them as soon as the new cotton arrives, as it certainly will that the risk of black leaf will be much reduced.

PIECEGOODS.

No fresh feature of importance has presented itself in the Cloth Market during the past week. The financial stringency, the anxiety regarding the future course of exchange, the reduced purchasing power of the consumers, and the uncertainty regarding the future outlook have put a check to free buying. The heavy losses sustained by the upcountry merchants have made them overcautious regarding forward purchases and they prefer to buy only from hand to mouth to minimise the risks. In Grey Shirtings of Manchester make, the styles similar to the Japanese Calendar cloths have been easier owing to competition, and accumulation of stocks. Grey Drills have been easier. Jaconets have been steady at the last rates. White Shirtings have been somewhat easier, and there are ample stocks of goods worth Rs. 13 to Rs. 17 per piece. There is a scarcity of 44, 48, 52 and 60 inches Blue Heading White Mulls. There has been a good demand from Delhi and other places for White Drills. Shirtings and Drills are quoted for Egyptian yarns. Narrow width Nainsooks have shown a reduction of one to two annas per piece.

The Manchester Market has been steady, and most of the quotations received here have been found quite out of the reach of merchants. The delivery time required by the shippers has been gradually going against the dealers, and many makers of Grey Cloths cannot deliver earlier than March. Manufacturers are not disposed to give concessions in prices, as many of them are not in urgent need of fresh orders at the moment. It is reported that some Manchester Firms have made extensive purchases of Dhooties on speculation during the last month, the business being done to the tune of about 500,000 pairs. As a consequence several makers in Blackburn have improved their position. Manufacturers in Burnley and Preston have also experienced better times. In Oldham several mills that were not working have been resorted, but difficulty has been experienced with regard to labour. The scarcity of cotton weavers in Lancashire has been causing anxiety and a scheme is brought forward to train girls to weave. On the other hand, owing to the absence of demand here, merchants have been resisting the higher values and are chary to purchase more than sorting up lots at the moment.

In Local Mill Cloths a steady feeling has prevailed, with little change in prices. There are, however, a few needy sellers in the market, who are willing to part with their holdings at concessions. The following sales are reported to have been made by the mills to merchants in the bazaar:—

500 bales Heavy Weight Shirtings, Rachel Sassoon Mills at Rs. 1-3-0

1,200 bales Light Weight Shirtings, Rachael Sassoon Mills at Rs. 1-5-9.

250 bales Longcloth, Butterfly Brand, Manecki Petit Mills at Rs. 1-4-0

250 bales Calendar Shirtings Apollo Mills at Rs. 1-3-3.

250 bales Calendar Shirtings David Sassoon Mills at Rs. 1-4-0

200 bales Mexican Cloths Meyer Sassoon at Rs. 1-3-0

The quotations for the lead chop Greys and Whites are as under—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins	Yds.	Rs	a.	p.
Ralli's Fari No.2000	39×	37½/38	12	10	0
„ 100,000	..45×	„ ..	15	8	0
„ No 33,600	..45×	„ ..	14	0	0
„ No. 2800	....37×	..	11	4	0
„ No. 4545	..38×38	..	12	0	0
„ No. 15000	..44×38	..	12	8	0
„ No 18000	..	„ ..	13	0	0
„ No. 17000	..	„ ..	13	8	0
Graham's No. 2730	39×	„ ..	12	8	0
„ No. 2750	..45×	„ ..	15	8	0
„ Yellow Horse	43×38	..	..		
„ No. 2310	..44×38	1-2..	..		
Dewhursts BBB	..38×38	1-2..	21	0	0
„ BB	..38×38	1-2..	18	0	0
„ Rupee No. 5	38×38	1-2..	16	8	0
Ritchie's No. 510	..39×	37 1/2/38	12	6	0
„ No. 4462	..41×	„ ..	..		
Lyon's Shunker	..39×	„ ..	12	8	0
Fleming's 1904-1906	45,48,51×38	Avg.	18	8	0

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperell's Dragon	..29×40	Net	23	8	0
Ralli's Musjid No. 425	26×40		15	4	0

GREY JACONETS—

Ralli's No. 18	..45×92	..	7	12	0
„ NO 18	..40×22	..	7	0	0
„ No. 138	..40×22	..	6	12	0
„ No. 636	..44×22	..	7	4	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Liepman's No. 1500	32×42	..	24	8	0
H. B. T. C. 40000	..36×40	..	28	8	0
Ralli's No. 9889	..33×40	..	18	12	0
Forbes K. B. 100	..33×40	..	..		

WHITE ...

Ralli's No.	..41×19	..	7	12	0
„ No.	..46×19	..	8	8	0
„ No. 00	..51×19	..	9	4	0
„ No. 6000	..56×19	..	10	12	0
„ No. 88	..58×20	..	8	0	0
„ No. 1220	..27×18	..	3	12	0
„ No. 166	..39×20	..	7	6	0
„ No. 818	..39×20	..	7	8	0
„ No. 1440	..36×20	..	5	8	0
„ No. 5352	..42×20	Net	..		
„ No. 2755	..42×20	Net	..		
„ No. 1703	..52×20	Net	14	8	0
Ritchie's No. 1200	27×18	..	3	12	0
„ No. 119	..37×18	..	4	12	0
„ No. 229	..42×18	..	5	4	0
„ No. 339	..47×18	..	5	12	0
„ 1K–4K38",43"	48"53×18	Avg.	5	14	0
„ No. 95	..58×20	..	7	14	0
„ No. 66999	..40×18	..	5	8	0
„ No. 86999	..40×18	..	6	0	0
„ No. 775	..40×18	..	6	0	0
„ No. 875	..45×18	..	6	8	0
„ No. 975	..50×18	..	7	0	0
„ No. 615	..50×18	..	7	0	0
Graham's Baloon	..58×20	.	7	14	0
Greaves' No. 5060	..27×18	..	..		
Flemings No. 8080	..26×18	..	3	5	0

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7070/9090	27×18	..	4	8	0
„ No. 61–81	..	„ ..	4	8	0
„ No. 1850	..	„ ..	3	12	0
„ No. 1900	..	„ ..	3	12	0
„ No. 2600	..	„ ..	3	12	0
„ No. 21021	..	..	4	0	0
„ No. 30620 T. B					
Graham's Nos. 83					
„ No. 9500					
Saraswa					
„ Tigo W					
„					
			4	6	0
			..		
			..		
	18	..	4	4	0
	5800-				
	Car" ..	..	4	3	0

quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE GREY CLOTHS—

No. 666 Shirtings	..38×38	..Net	12	12	0
„ AAA 17 lbs.	..36×40	.. „	22	0	0
„ 2500 Shirtings	36×40	.. „	19	8	0
„ 55000 „	..44×38	.. „	13	8	0
„ 5151 „	..44×38	.. „	15	10	0
„ 4141 „	..44×38	.. „	13	4	0
„ 3800 „	..44×38	.. „	20	8	0
"C" Sheetings	30×36 Ex. Bond	„	10	10	0
"G" Dragons	30×36 Ex. Bond	„	10	10	0
"Elephant" Drills	29×40	.. „	18	0	0
"Buck" Drills	..26×40	.. „	16	8	0

YARN MARKET.

Bombay, Jan. 16.

Since our last report we have nothing of importance to report in our market except that the business in Japanese Yarns for forward delivery is rather on the increase on account of the very low and attractive rates ruling for these Yarns at the moment and as a result some 2000 Bales of Yarns have been booked with Japan during the week under review. On the other hand prices in Indian Yarns have been rather easier to the extent of 1/4 Anna per lb. and more in certain cases, on account of the absence of good demand from almost all consuming centres and lack of confidence in the present level of prices. There are no doubt signs of improvement in demand provided the reduction in Indian Yarns has been made by about half an anna per lb. further at which level we are of opinion that the buyers will attracted and substantial business will be transacted from the various consuming centres of this vast country. It is true that there are no heavy stocks of Yarns with the dealers or with the consumers in different markets and they are likely to come in to buy during this season which is considered a good season for trade. But it is equally true that stocks in the Mills have been accumulating slowly and slowly and the present level of prices does not pay consumer in any way, and as a result he is not prepared to take any risk, much more so when he has heavily suffered during the whole of the past year. We believe however that the time is drawing near when both sides will be able to meet and business will be done to the mutual satisfaction.

English Yarns do not show any signs of moving especially because Manchester is unworkably and tiresomely high and does not seem likely to come down to a level at which it can compete with the Japanese Yarns within a measurable time, unless of course there are heavy fluctuations in exchanges either way.

Japanese Yarns have been moving very freely and the off-take is considerably improving since our last report. The consuming centres show some improvement and on the basis of expected improvement in demand in near future dealers have thought it advisable to buy in good quantities various Japanese Yarns especially Counts 40s. and 2/40s. as in their opinion they think the prices offered at present by Japan are cheap and attractive and do not involve more than legitimate risks in trading. Besides as some of them have lost heavily in high priced goods from Japan they also think it a high time at this stage to buy same at the present level with a view to recover their losses if they can. In any case, dealers take keen interest in Japanese Yarn business at present and they think if the Japanese Exchange does not go up suddenly and prices at Home do not jump up there is still further chance for considerable business in various Japanese Yarns in the next few weeks.

Indian Mills no doubt are very eager to sell their stocks of Yarns and try to fetch buyers and also show inclination to meet them as far as possible in their power but unfortunately there is not much improvement in demand so as to induce the dealers to take any risks at the moment especially when most of them believe that there is room for further reduction in prices. China is still quiet and does not give any more hope.

The general outlook is more hopeful and we may add that there are even signs of a slow and steady improvement in demand and we believe that before long we are bound to see better business.

LOCAL YARN MARKET.

Bombay January 16.

6 1/2s SECOND QUALITY			
Finaly	.. ..	12	0
Apollo	.. ..	..	
Simplex	.. ..	11	4
Shapoorj	.. ..	11	4
Currmbhoy	.. ..	11	8
6 1/2s. FIRST QUALITY	.. ..	..	
Edward Sassoon	.. .. ..	10	8
Apollo	.. ..	11	12
David	.. ..	10	12
8 1/2 FIRST QUALITY	.. ..	..	
Jacob (Seven stars)	.. .. ..	12	12
Edward Sassoon	.. .. ..	12	4
Apollo	.. ..	13	0
Bradbury	.. .. ..	12	4
10 1/2s.			
Shapoorji	.. .. ..	13	0
Apollo	.. ..	..	
Swadeshi	.. .. ..	13	12
Bradbury	.. .. ..		
Virji	.. ..		
[illegible]			
		13	8
1 1/2			
Ki	.. ..	13	8
Ap	.. ..	..	
City	.. ..	15	4
Colaba Land	.. .. ..	1[illegible]	4
Fazalbhai	.. .. ..	13	8
20's.			
Kilachand	.. .. ..	15	4
Edward Sassoon	.. .. ..	15	12
Elphinstone	.. .. ..	15	12
Phoenix	.. .. ..	15	14
Dawn	.. ..	..	

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, 16th, Jan. 1925, 5 p.m.

Ready Prices have further dropped by about 2 As. with fair Purchase Enquiries. To-day's clearance including Local requirements amounts to 5700 bags, showing a moderate record of offtake.

Our Forward Market ruled steady to-day, evidencing a drop of Id. in Java Old Crop Forward Prices and Mauritius Crystal Sugar Prices Forward Delivery.

The following are the quotations ruling the Bazar to-day:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—

Ready Opening Rs. 18 per cwt. Closing Rs. 18 per cwt.

Shipment December Opening Sh. 19-2 per cwt. Closing Sh. 19/2 per cwt. F. B. H.

Shipment Jan-Feb-March. Opening sh., 19-10 per cwt. Closing Sh. 19/10 per cwt. F.B.H.

New Crop Java Sugar:—

Shipment June-July. Opening Sh. 17-2 per cwt. Closing 17/2 per cwt. F.B.H.

Shipment July-Aug.-Sept. Opening Sh. 16/10 per cwt. Closing 16/10 per cwt. F.B.H.

Continental Beet Sugar:—

Shipment December Opening Sh. 18/2 per cwt. Closing 18/2 per cwt. F.B.H.

B. R. B. Beet Sugar:—

Shipment Nov-Dec. Opening Sh. 18/5 per cwt. Closing 18/5 per cwt. F.B.H.

Mauritius Crystal Sugar:

Ready Opening Rs. 17/6 per cwt. Closing 17/6 per cwt.

Shipment Jan-Feb-March Opening Sh. 18/4 per cwt. Closing 18/4 per cwt. F.B.H.

WEEKLY SUGAR REPORT.

Bombay, Jan. 16.

The week under review has seen rather easier feelings developing, both in respect of Ready and Forward Prices, with a fair amount of business doing. Ready prices accordingly have dropped by 12 As. Java Forward Prices Old Crop record a drop of 14 to 18d. per cwt. whereas Java New Crop Prices have declined by about 10d. per cwt. Continental and B. R. B. Beet Sugar Prices Forward Delivery register an ease of 1 Sh. and Sh. 1-5d. respectively in the last week-end Price levels. Mauritius Crystal Sugar Prices are also easier by about 10d. Daily clearance including local requirements average 8540 bags a day as against 6,000 bags per day during the last preceding week, showing a satisfactory record of offtake. There have been fresh arrivals of about 40,000 bags of Beet Sugar and 16,500 bags of Java Sugar. The highest and the lowest rates this week were Rs. 18/1 and Rs. 18/2 for Java and Rs. 18/2 and Rs. 17/6 for Mauritius Ready Sugar: Sh. 20/9 and Sh. 19/3 for Dec. and Sh. 20/7 and Sh. 19/9 for Jan-Feb-March. Shipment for Old Crop Java Sugar: Sh. 18 and Sh. 17/2 for June-July and Sh. 17/8 and Sh. 16/10 for July-Aug-Sept. shipment for New Crop Java Sugar: Sh. 19/1 and Sh. 18/1 for Continental and Sh. 19/3 and Sh. 18/3 for Mauritous Crystal Sugar forward Delivery.

Total Stocks inclusive of fresh arrivals are estimated at 2,00,000 bags of Mauritius Crystal Sugar, 30,000 bags of Java Sugar and 20,000 bags of Beet sugar.

It will be interesting to note that the Conference Line has reduced freight on New Crop to 14 Guilders per ton.

The following are the Quotations ruling the Bazar to-day:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—

Ready Rs. 18/2 per cwt.

Shipment December Sh. 19/3 per cwt. F. B.H.

Shipment Jan-Feb-March Sh. 19/9 per cwt. F. B .H.

New Crop Java Sugar:—

Shipment June-July Sh. 17/2 per cwt. F. B. H.

Shipment July-Aug-Sept. Sh. 16/10 per cwt. F. B. H.

Continental Beet Sugar:—

Shipment December Sh. 18/1 per cwt. F.B.H.

B. R. B. Beet Sugar:—

Shipment Nov.-Dec. Sh. 18/4 per cwt. F.B.H.

Mauritius Crystal Sugar:—

Ready Rs. 17/6 per cwt.

Shipment Jan-Feb-March Sh. 18/5 per cwt. F. B. H.

Bombay, Jan. 16.

The excitement reported in our last week's report disappeared suddenly during later part part of last week and with heavy arrivals of Beet Sugar together with easier advices from Java and Continent dealers became nervous and began to unload their recent purchases and prices were reduced by one shilling per cwt. all round. There was free offering of B. R. B. Sugars and small business has been done for February March at 19s. F. B. H. There are sellers even at 3d. lower but no buyers. New Crop Javas have also declined by and there are no buyers even at 17s. for July Sept. shipment. There is no news from Mauritius, Java reported a quiet market with many sellers. New crop Freight has been reduced by Conference to 14 gilders less 20 per cent., as outside Freight is obtainable even at 9 gilders. Karachi and Calcutta reported quiet markets during the week with lower prices and no business. America report a steady market with very small fluctuations.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:

T M O Rs. 18/2/0 eq. 20s. F B Harbour stocks 20,000 bags.

T M O Java March 20s 2d. F. B. Harbour.

T M O June 17s. 4d. F B Harbour.

T M O July-Sept. 17s.

B R B Rs. 17-12-0 eq. 19s. 3d. F B Harbour stocks 45,000 bags.

B R B Jan-March 18s. 10d. F B Harbour.

Mauritius Rs. 17-6-0 eq. 18s. 6d. F B Harbour, stocks 300,000 bags.

Mauritius Jan-March 18s 5d. F B Harbour.

ARRIVALS

Sundries steamers with 50,000 bags Beet Sugar.

S S Dogra with 16,567 bags Java Sugar.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 15.

In the share market jutes opened unchanged but with an easier feeling, the higher denominations noting some depreciation in rates. In cottons and teas hardly any interest was [illegible] these sections. Ben[illegible] ever appreciated in response to some enquiries [illegible] Baneegunge increased [illegible] laneous was almost [illegible] transactions in Mar[illegible] Government securities [illegible] following were the [illegible]:—

Government securities:—3½ per cent Government paper 67/4, 5½ per cent war bonds 1928 103/9, 6 per cent bonds 1930 102, 6 1/2 per cent Punjab bonds 1923-33 100.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan Railway 5 per cent pref. 78.

Cottons:—Agra United 1/12, Bengal Nagpore Cotton 26/6.

Jutes:—Auckland 297, Cheviot 298/8, Clive 44/10, Dalhousie 467/8, Delta 514. Port Glostor 980, Fort William 425, Gourepore 779, Howrah 45/8, Hukumchand ord 11, do pref 79, Kanknarrah 517, Kelvin 890, Naihati 553, National 32/10, Nuddea 52/8, Orient 229/8, Presidency 9, Standard 480, Union 661/8.

Coals:—Bansjorah 13/12, Bengal 586, Bhalgora 10/8, Ghusick and Muslia 17/4, Muntodih 5/4, New Tetturya 7/12, Raneegunge ord 6/8, Marshall and Co 3/8. Bengal Flour 101, United Flour 19/4, British India Corporation ord 5/4, Burma Finance and Mining 2/10, Calcutta Ice Association 12/8, Madan Theatres 5.

Tea Companies:—Batelli 5/15, East India 24/8.

Exchange bank telegraphic transfer was one shilling five and seven eight pence and demand bill's were one shilling five and twenty-nine thirty-second pence.

BURMA RICE CROP FORECAST.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Jan. 15.

Fourth provincial forecast of the rice crop in Burma for 1924-25 shows that the total area shown is 11,907,000 acres, area destroyed 341,900 and area matured 11,565,700 acres which is an increase of 230,100 acres, a decrease of 781,000 acres and an increase of 11,011,600 acres respectively in comparsion with the corresponding estimate of last year and a decrease of 9,131, decrease of 925,879 and an increase of 916,748 acres as campared with the final figures of last year. Both matured area and condition figures show a slight advance on last months forecast and the good reports of the prospects are confirmed. Harvesting is now well advanced and the crop is generally of a good quality. On district figures provincial outturn may be estimated at 7,500,000 tons of paddy (unhasked rice). The Commissioner of Settlement and Land Record estimates the surplus available for export form this year's crop at 3,590,000 tons of paddy which is approximately equivalent to 2,780,000 tons of cargo of rice. By ports, this may be estimated at 240,000 from Akyab, 275,000 from Bassein, 165,000 from Moulmein and 2,000,000 from Rangoon and minor ports. Representatives of the Burma Chamber of Commerce estimate that there is no carry over from last year's crop.

RAILWAY COLLISION AT DHIGARA.

(Associated Press.)

GORAKHPUR, Jan. 15

A serious collision took place on the North Western Railway early this morning between a down passenger train and a goods train standing at Dhigra station, resulting in six passengers and a driver being injured. One of two passengers who was seriously injured subsequently died.

MALABAR CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION.

A general meeting of the Malabar Catholic Association was held on 11th inst. with Mr. A. R. Clement in the Chair. Speeches were made by Mrs. K. Johnson and H. A. Lafebour on "Our welfare" and "National Pride" respectively and an essay on "Need of self-help" was read by Mr. T. V. Fernandez. The New Year message from His Grace our Patron and a letter of greeting from His Lordship the Bishop of Calicut were read by the Hon. Secretary. The president in his concluding speech reviewed the past achievements of the Association and declared that it has secured decent jobs for 6 of the members and pointed out the bond of brotherhood and mutual service that has been steadily fostered ever since the starting of the Association. He exhorted the members to be self-reliant and to be passionately devoted to their Association, for, he said, it is their own. To encourage the members in writing essays and making public speeches the President has set up a Prize called the "President's Essay Prize" to be awarded for the best Essay of the year.

The 8th February 1925 was fixed to be the next meeting day.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, Jan. 16.

MONEY.

Monetary conditions have been somewhat steadier during the week and the rates have been quoted at higher levels. Call money is quoted at 3 1/2 to 4 per cent, with the rate for fixed deposits for three months at about 4 3/4 per cent and for six months about 5 1/2 per cent.

The current statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India shows a decrease of Rs. 61.98 lacs in the cash balance which now stands at Rs. 17,78,20,000, the percentage being 20.54 as compared with 20.61 of last week. Loans and Cash Credits have declined by Rs. 49.07 lacs and Rs. 161.26 lacs, while Inland bills have increased by Rs. 29.37 lacs. Government deposits show an increase of Rs. 15.52 lacs while the other Deposits have declined by Rs. 290.70 lacs. The Bank rate is unchanged at 6 per cent.

In the gilt-edged market, while the rates are generally firmer, the 3 1/2 per cent Paper showed a somewhat easier tendency and was quoted down from Rs. 67/10 to Rs. 67/4. 5 per cent Loans, 1933 and 1945-55, are quoted at Rs. 97/4, and Rs. 97/13. 5 1/2 per cent Bonds 1925, and 1928, changed hands at Rs. 102/8 and Rs. 103/12. 6 per cent Bonds 1926 and 1927 were put through at Rs. 109/8 and Rs. 100/12; 1930 at Rs. 102/4, and 1932 at Rs. 103/4. 6 1/2 per cent Bombay Development loan is quoted at Rs. 105/10.

EXCHANGE.

In the Exchange market a feature of the period under report has been the strong enquiry for remittances for bullion imports during the early part of the week which was more than sufficient to counter-balance the fair showing of export bills. The rate for T T declined from 1s. 6d. to 1s. 5—13/16d., but recovered at the close to 1s. 5—7/8d. The Imperial Bank has made no purchases during the week.

The week saw a temporary check in the advance of the dollar quotation which eased to 4.76—3/8 on profit-taking, but subsequently improved and closes at 4.78 1/4. French francs close at 89/10. Belgian francs at 95.40 and the Italian lira at 119.

A press communique issued by the Controller of Currency reports that the total of remittances to the Home Treasury from April 1st 1924 to December 31st 1924 amounted to £37,698,105. The remittances during the month of December amounted to £5,933,816.

At the last sale of Council Bills held by the Secretary of State for India, there were applications to the extent of Rs. 10 lacs but no allotments were made. Rs. 1 crore will be offered for sale next week.

GOLD.

During the early part of the week the gold market was much disturbed by strong speculative buying, induced by reports emanating from interested bull speculators to the effect that the pending consideration of the two currency bills will lead to the fixing of the exchange ratio at 1s. 4d. gold, or that in the alternative a committee of enquiry on currency will be appointed. This speculative activity was short-lived, and on heavy sales by importers and Banks the market weakened, the rates easing by about 5 annas a tola. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 85s. 8d. and 86s. 11d. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 22/12/6 and Rs. 22-5 for ready, Rs. 22/11/6 and Rs. 22 3/8 for 11th January settlement, Rs. 22-6-6 and Rs. 22 for 9th February settlement and Rs. 22/3/6 and Rs. 22 1 for 11th March settlement. The rate for sovereigns improved from Rs. 14/1 to Rs. 14/3 for ready and forward closing at Rs. 14/2. The off-take averages about 50,000 tolas a day and the stock is estimated at about 4 lacs tolas excluding arrivals by the incoming mail which is expected to bring in about £1,10,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £2,50,000. The total import of silver during the month of December amounted to Rs. 1,24,71,816 in bar and coin. The total import of silver during the week amounted to 3608 bars and Rs. 9,27,180 in coin. This week's shipment is expected to be for about £115,000.

SHARES.

The Stock Exchange was open for three days during the week under report. Cotton mill shares are generally steady with a continued improvement in Bombay Dyeing, Central India and the Currimbhoy group; Crescents, however, registered a drop. The following are the fluctuations in some of the principal cotton mill shares:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 1065—1095, Century Rs. 533/12—523/12, Central India Rs. 552/8—561/4—535; Crescent Rs. 260—243/12 Kohinoor Rs. 1260; New Great Rs. 472/8—445—455; Pearls Rs. 582/8—552/8; Simplex Rs. 242/8—220 and Swadeshi Rs. 650—635.

In the miscellaneous section, Alcocks have improved from Rs. 195 to Rs. 202/8 and Andhra Valley have also risen by Rs. 15. Bombay Burma and Bombay Trams are firm and Cements are steady. Railway shares are generally steady, Gujerat quoting Rs. 74, Central Provinces Rs. 101, and Tapti Valley Rs. 622/8.

Bank shares are steady. Imperial Bank shares are quoted at Rs. 1417/8 with contributories at Rs. 260. Bank of India shares are quoted at Rs. 73/8 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 22/12.

The accounts of the Imperial Bank of India for the half-year ended 31st December 1924 show the satisfactory profit of Rs. 49,0,800, which together with Rs. 21,52,800 brought forward makes Rs. 70,58,600 for distribution. A dividend of 16 per cent per annum free of income-tax has been declared.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Ladies' meeting to support Maternity Benefits Bill, Marwadi Vidyalaya, 4 p.m, Lady Jagmohandas to preside.
The s.s. "Narkunda" with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.
Arts and Crafts Exhibition, 8-30 a.m. to 7-30 p.m. Town Hall.
Elphinstone College Social Gathering, Mr. M. R. Jayakar to preside.
Bombay Winter Meeting: 8th Day.
Sphinx Hockey League—G. I. P. Ry. vs. Customs, Cooperage, 5 p.m.—Y. M. C. A. Byculla vs. M. T. Cooperage, 4 p.m.—Imperial Bank vs. I. L. I., Oval, 4 p.m.—Eastern Telegraphs vs. St. Xavier's College Oval 5 p.m.

SUNDAY, Jan. 18.

Arts and Crafts Exhibition, 8-30 a.m. to 7-30 p.m. Town Hall.

MONDAY, Jan. 19.

Y. M. P. A. Elocution competition, Sir C. Jehangir Hall, Mayo Road, 5-30 p.m.
Bombay Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Arts and Crafts Exhibition, 8-30 a.m. to 7-30 p.m. Town Hall.

SATURDAY, Jan. 24.

Bombay Art Society's Conversazione, Town Hall, 9-15 p.m.

ARYA SAMAJ OFFICE.

A public meeting will be held at the Arya Samaj Hall Kakadwadi Girgaon, Bombay, to-morrow (Sunday) at 6 p.m., (B. T.), when Shriman Swamishri Brahmanandji will deliver a lecture on "Mistake of India".

SOUTH INDIAN CONFERENCE.

The first meeting of the Committee of the First South Indian Conference, Bombay will be held at the office of "The Indian Social Reformer", Navsari Chambers, Outram Road, Bombay, on Monday the 19th January at 5-15 p.m. (S. T.)

MEETING OF MATUNGA RESIDENTS ASSOCIATION.

The General Meeting of the above Association will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S. T.) at the open ground of Shree Vishram Bhuwan Matunga. All members are requested to attend.

BOMBAY WORKING MEN'S INSTITUTE.

Under the auspices of the Social Service League, Bombay, Mr. B. R. Jadhav will deliver a lantern lecture in Marathi on "Sanitation in chawls" at 8 p.m. (S. T.) at Kumbhar Tekadi, Parmanandchi Wadi, Kalba Devi to-day (Saturday). The lecture is open to the public.

ISRAELITE BROTHERHOOD.

The Annual General Meeting of the Israelite Brotherhood will be held at the Institution's premises, 2nd Peerkhan Street, Byculla to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

SECONDARY TEACHERS' CERTIFICATE.

A course of lecures for teachers studying for the S. T. C. Examination will be given by the staff of the Secondary Training College. The first lecture of the Series will be given in the Secondary Training College Hall at 6 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

NAYAR SAMAJ CO-OPERATIVE HOSTEL SOCIETY LTD.

A special general meeting of the Shareholders of the above Society will be held at 4 p.m. (S. T.) to-morrow (Sunday) in the registered office of the Society at 26, Vincent Cross Road, Dadar. All Shareholders are requested to attend.

MEETING OF BOMBAY SHIA CITIZENS.

A public meeting of the Shia Citizens of Bombay will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S. T.) in the Imamwada of Shustari, Sandhurst Road, Umarkhadi (Near Umarkhadi Post Office) to consider about the desirability of inviting the 18th. Session of the All-India Shia Conference in Bombay.

C WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The adjourned urgent meeting of the Council will be held to-morrow (Sunday) 3-15 p.m. (S.T.) and the Annual General Meeting of the members will be held at 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) the same day.

THE WILSON COLLEGE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Under the auspices of the above Society, Miss M. A. Tata, M.Sc., (London) Bar-at-Law will deliver a lecture on "Agricultural Conditions in the Bombay Presidency." (to-day) Saturday, in the Wilson College Hall, at 5.30 p.m. Rev. James Kellock will preside. All are cordially invited to attend.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY RADIO CLUB.

The following programme will be broadcast by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club to.day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m.:—

1. Pianoforte Solo "Le Domino Moir"—Auber Coleridge—by Mrs. Magill; 2. Song "Glorious Devon"—German—by Mr. Meredith; 3. Song by Miss Austin; 4. Pianoforte Solo "Un Soneret D'Amour"—Taylor—Mrs. Magill; 5. Song "Captain Mac—Sanderson—by Mr. Meredith. 6. Song by Miss Austin.

PAREL CONFERENCE.

Under the auspices of the Social Service League, Bombay, the third session of the Parel Conference will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 2 p.m. (S. T.) at the Damodher Thackersey Mulji Hall, Poibawdi, Parel. Mr. Joseph Baptista presiding. Visitors will be admitted free.

PASSENGERS' and TRAFFIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

The adjourned meeting of the Suburban Railway Advisory Committee of this Association will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at the office of the Association at 139, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

YOUNG MENS' MUSLIM ASSOCIATION.

The usual weekly meeting of The Young Mens' Muslim Association Bombay will be held in the Hall of the Association, Muslim House, Ripon Road, Bombay S. to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S. T.) When Mr. Lutufur-Rahman will speak on "Who is the gentleman."

SPINNING AND CARDING CLASS AT GHAT-KOPAR.

The Ghat-Kopar Village Conference Committee has engaged an expert teacher for giving training in Spinning and carding, at the Congress Committee office, between 8 to 10 a.m. daily. All are invited to await themselves of this facility. Spinning wheels, slivers etc. and pure khaddar of various sorts is also sold at the above place.

"IMPRESSIONS ON BELGAUM CONGRESS"

Under the auspices of the Saraswati Mandir, National College, Bombay Prof. S. V. Phadnis and Prof. R. S. Padbidri will deliver their lectures on "Impressions of Belgaum Congress" at the College Hall, Congress House, Girgaon Back Road, to-day (Saturday) 17th Jan. 1925 at 9 a.m. (S. T.) Principal S. V. Puntambekar will preside.

RASHTREEYA STREE SABHA.

Under the auspices of above Sabha a public meeting of the women of Bombay will be held at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) when Mrs. Naidu will speak on "The Message of the Belgaum Congress". Purdah arrangements are made. All ladies are cordially invited.

"STUDENTS' LEAGUE".

An annual Elocution Competition amongst the members of the above-mentioned League will be held in the Science Hall of the K. K. H. A. V. School, Mandvi, Khoja Mohla, to-morrow (Sunday), at 4 p.m. (S.T.)

DAIWADNYA DEBATING SOCIETY.

Under the auspices of the Society a public lecture on "Varsity Life in Europe" will be delivered by Prof. V. G. Rao, in the Hall of the S. L. and Sc. Society's School for Girls, Shankershet Wada, Pallaw Road to-morrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m. (S. T.) Prof. V. N. Hate, B. Sc. has kindly consented to preside.

PUBLIC MEETING OF PROTEST.

SHOP-KEEPERS OF CRAWFORD MARKET VS. MUNICIPALITY.

A public meeting of the shop-keepers of Crawford market will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 2 p.m. in the compound of the Crawford Market to protest against the high-handed action of the local Municipality in raising the rents of the shops and in other matters form which the above shop-keepers long since been suffering. The question of starting an organisation of the shop-keepers also will be considered. Resolutions on the above questions will be arrived at. Mr. Jhabwala will preside on the occasion.

NATIVE SHARE AND STOCK BROKERS' ASSOCIATION.

The following members are elected as members of the Managing Committee of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association for 1925-26:—Messrs. K. R. P. Shroff, Ardeshir Hormusji Madan, Rajendra Somnarayan, Choonilal Virchand, Ardeshir Behramji Kanga, B. A. Premji Nagardas, Jamnadas Mathradas Bazaz, Amratlal Ratanchand, Jivatlal Partapsi, Lalubhai Nagardas, Hargovinddas Mulji, Bhaichand Chunilal Vakilna, Vadilal Poonamchand, Pheroze Jehangir, Jehangir Mancherji Lali and R. N. Allana.

Mr. K. R. P. Shroff is re-elected as President and Mr. Rajendra Somnarayan is elected as Vice President. Mr. A. H. Madan was offered the Vice Presidentship but owing to his ill health he declined to accept the same. Mr. N. N. Dubash, has been appointed a paid Secretary. Mr. U. D. Barodia, is appointed an Assistant Secretary.

VIVEKANANDA ANNIVERSARY.

The sixty-third birthday anniversary of Swami Vivekananda will be celebrated at the Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar Road, Bandra, on Sunday, the 18th instant. This year the occasion will be specially graced by the presence of Srimat Swami Shivananda, head of the Sri Ramakrishna Order and Mission. There will be "Bhajan" from 8 a.m. to 9 a.m., "Pravachan" from 9 a.m. to 10 a.m., and feeding of the poor at 11 a.m. A public meeting will be held at the Marwadi Vidyalaya at 5-30 p.m., when Messrs. K. Natarajan, G. B. Trivedi, J. K. Mehta, Mawji Govindji, Puntambekar and Drs. Rajabally V. Patel and N. D. Savarkar will speak on the life and teachings of Swami Vivekananda. Mr. M. R. Jayakar will preside.

ELOCUTION COMPETITION.

The Young Men's Parsee Association's Annual Elocution Competition for all the Parsee undergraduates (ladies and gentlemen) studying at Colleges affiliated to the Bombay University will be held on next Monday the 19th January 1925, at Sir Cawasji Jehangir Public Hall, Museum, commencing at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) when two prizes shall be given to the two best of the speakers and one special prize to the best lady speaker.

Rev. Father Duhr, Rev. J. Mackenzie and Principal Farrhan (the principals of the St. Xavier's, Wilson and Elphinstone Colleges respectively) will act as judges on the occasion. Attention of those desiring to enter the competition is drawn to the notices posted at all the College Notice Boards. All are cordially invited to attend.

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MOTOR DRIVER CONVICTED.

Judgment was delivered in the case in which Phirozeshaw Sorabji Lakadwalla was charged with causing death of one Lily Fernandes by a rash and negligent act.

Mr. Spencer prosecuted while the accused was defended by Mr. N. T. Jungalwalla. pleader.

The prosecution story has already been reported.

The accused's defence was that he was driving his master's car on the 3rd instant along Wodehouse Bridge. The deceased Lily Fernandes was dressed in black and the first sight he had of her was when she came suddenly in front of the stationery car. The accused could not have seen her while crossing as she was completely screened by the stationary car. Considering the want of light at the spot the close proximity of the deceased, said the defence counsel, no human agency could have averted the accident. The accused slowed down his car and went in search of a police sepoy.

His Worship on the evidence changed the charge from causing death to one of failing to report an accident. The accused was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 40.

CONVICTED OF BREACH OF TRUST.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, Third Presidency Magistrate, Jamnadas Vanmali was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 2317-12-0 at the instance of Mr. Daniji Versi.

Mr. Spencer, Police Prosecutor prosecuted while Mr. Mohanlal Desai, pleader, defended the accused.

The complainant was a proprietor of the Indo-Universal Company doing business as insurance agents to several assurance companies. The accused was the complainant's Chief Clerk. The accused was authorized to receive amounts of premia remitted from different places, by the complainant's Sub-agents, During December last the accused misappropriated the sum complained of. The complainant made enquiries and lodged a complaint with the police who got the accused arrested.

Mr. Desai, pleader, for the accused, submitted that the accused was an old man with a large family and that he had made good the amount. The accused pleaded guilty and prayed for mercy.

The accused was convicted and sentenced to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 400, or, in default, 4 months' rigorous imprisonment.

REPORTED THEFT.

Hansraj Narandas a cloth merchant residing on the first floor of a house at Gaiwadi reports to the police that at about 11 a. m. on Thursday he locked the door of his room and went to his shop at Mulji Jetha Market. He sent his servant to his room to prepare tea at 3-30 p.m. when the servant found the lock on the door broken open and the articles in the room scattered about. The servant then reported the matter to the complainant, who on examining the room discovered sovereigns gold ornaments, and clothes, etc, collectively valued at Rs. 3,167 missing from the tin trunk.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Jan. 16.

Mr. E. M. Ashworth and K. B. Mohamed Abdul Mumin have been nominated as official members of the Assembly.

The Governor Sir Frank Sly is granted six months' leave from the date he hands over charge to his successor.

Mr. J. D. V. Hodge, I.C.S., is placed on special duty.

Sir Bhupindra Mitra and Sir Muhamed Habibulla assume permanent office of the members of the Viceroy's Executive Council from the same date, namely 9th January 1925.

Colonel Patterson, Political Secretary, has been appointed Secretary to the Chamber of Princes vice Mr. Thompson.

The designation of Deputy Auditor-General, Army Headquarters, has been altered to Director of Army Audit. Mr. M. E. Rahman, Customs Service, has been transferred from Calcutta to Rangoon and he is succeeded by Mr. A. E. Naiden until further orders

Lt. Colonel J. D. Graham, Public Health Commissioner, with the Government of India is confirmed in his appointment.

Mr. J. Ferguson officiates as Chief Electrical Engineer, E.I.R., and Mr. C. D. Newman has been appointed District Medical Officer, E. B. R.

Mr. R. E. Migel Jones, Director, Telegraph Engineering, Southern Circle, is granted seven months and seven days leave from 12th March next.

"DEMOGRAPHY."

MR. L. J. SEDGWICK'S FIRST LECTURE.

Mr. L. J. Sedgwick, Officiating Director, Labour Office, Bombay, delivered the first of his series of lectures on "Demography" in the University School of Economics and Sociology on Thursday the 15th instant, when Mr. P. K. Wattal, Asstt. Accountant-General, Bombay, presided.

The lecturer referred to the scope of demographic studies and their usefulness and said that the purpose of his lectures was to interest his hearers on such studies and deal on the practical side of demography rather than its theoretical aspect which involved the deduction of general and universal laws respecting mankind as of the type of Dr. Farr's Theory of Density and Mortality. All demographic studies, he said, required to be based on a knowledge of the number and character of a population arrived at by census enumerations. He illustrated how estimates could not be relied upon by referring to various estimates hazarded about the population of China. Tracing the history of Census operations from ancient times onwards he pointed out how in our times Censuses are taken for larger and wider purposes and are far more comprehensive than those attempted in Ancient Greece, Rome, Egypt etc. The work has assumed such proportions, he said, that permanent Census Bureaus are maintained by countries like the United States of America, Australia and South Africa. The usefulness of Census figures for the study of international problems was pointed out by the lecturar with reference to the modern developments of the Malthusian Theory of Population and the belief maintained by some writers on the subject of "population" that before the end of this century humanity would have multiplied so far that food resources will be wholly inadequate and that consequently humanity would have to starve in solid masses. Further he pointed out the usefulness of census figures for administrative, electoral and insurance purposes.

In connection with insurance, the lecturer made an interesting remark about the higher expectation of life of the Parsees in Bombay whose population to the general population in Bombay, he said, is one to six at the age of 63, whereas at an earlier age they form a proportion of one to twenty-three. The lecturer then pointed out the various difficulties involved in the collection of census data arising out of the difficulty of defining terms like "Houses," "Age," "Race" etc. specifically

The second lecture will be delivered next Thursday at 6 p.m. in the University School of Economics and Sociology.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS

WELLINGTON CINEMA.

The perfect co-ordination of motion picture star and director is again manifest in Hoot Gibson's newest starring production. "Broadway or Bust," a screamingly funny picture which opens to-night at the Wellington Cinema (Dhobi Talao),

Sedgwick knows his audience and seems to have an uncanny way of playing to its whims in the laughter vein. In Gibson he has a droll comedian whose whimsical personality is fast carrying him into the big league class of screen comedians.

In "Broadway" or Brust" Hoot is introduced as a "poor cowhand," who craves to see Broadway. Radium deposits are discivered on his ranch and he sells it for a million dollars. Hoot and his pal, a role played exceptionally well by King Zany, boot the profits of a mail order establishment by buying out the catalogue."

Their adventures in New York take in a high-rate hotel, where they obtain accommodations for themselves and saddle horses. The way the saddle-horse situation is handled is ayell. Just when the audience is geared to the peak of curiosity regarding the stabling of the ponies in the hotel, they are introduced in twin-bed stalls on the fifth floor.

Ruth Dwyer as the girl is pretty and capable. Others who figure prominently in the picture are Gertrude Astor, Stanhope Wheatcroft and Fred Malatesta.

WEST END CINEMA.

When one sees a picture such as "The Family Secret", his faith in the progress and future of the motion picture industry is immediately strengthened.

For in this one can see the careful planning, the building process, the gambling instinct, behind the giant wheels which have pushed this industry so rapidly to the front in the commercial and artistic worlds. Not that the picture is necessarily a marvel of creation in any sense, but the germ of a purpose is there which marks the picture as distinctly unusual.

It means that the Universal Pictures Corporation, one of the oldest and most firmly established of picture companies, has risked many thousands of dollars on a production in which the star is a little girl five years old.

The child is Baby Peggy, a short time ago a "comedy kiddie" in Century Comedies, and now one of the most famous of child stars.

This business of featuring children has become very popular lately and it has dual value—present entertainment, for everybody likes to see children on the screen, especially carefully trained youngsters with real talent.

"The Family Secret" which opens to-night at the West End Cinema (New Churni Road) is a screen version of "Editha's Burglar" Frances Hodgson Burnett's famous novel, from which Augustus Thomas wrote his first big stage success. The [illegible] been built into an exceedingly [illegible] William Seiter, the di[illegible] the cast, which include[illegible] ward Earle and Frank[illegible]

PATHE [illegible]

Pathes are world famous as Cine[illegible]graphers and in addition to always putting out first class pictures have a clever way of getting unusual subjects.

Such people remember the extraordinarily fine film they took of the great exhibition at Wembley. Now they have released another picture called "Wembley by Night". This is being shown at Pathe Cinema this week and should prove of wide interest to the public. Not only is the film a very beautiful one but is quite unique. A large staff of operators were employed and large number of enormous lamps had to be used to secure sufficient light. Millions of candle power were necessary for this huge undertaking. But whatever trouble Pathes went to has certainly been justified for the scenes taken form a wonderful series of pictures. This colossal exhibition was beautiful by day, and by night with its illuminated palaces and lakes, its amusement park and firework displays it is enchanting and fascinating.

The picture forms an interesting record of the closing scenes of Wembley and a pleasant reminder of the show which opens again this year. Besides Wembley by night there is a five reel drama entitled "Stormy Seas". This picture tells of a ship's commander who, a victim of drink, wrecks a great liner. He sinks lower and lower until he becomes an outcast. The fate steps in and enables him to regain his manhood. The film is extremely powerful and the scenes of the storm of sea, the wreck and of a blazing yacht are gripping in their intensity.

GLOBE CINEMA.

The fall of an Empress this week the picture of the Globe Cinema, Sandhurst Road is very surprise one we can say atonce, without a doubt that this film is an exceptional work of its kind, and that it has succeeded in obtaining profound admiration also, to be praised very highly is the construction of the Imperial Palace, to say nothing of the interiors of ancient Roman Villas. The superb film finally resolves to show the result of the Italian Cinemotograph Industry, and all praise is really due to the energy of Enrico Guazzoni and absolutely sound and conscientious artist, who in spite of nummerable difficulties has justified the faith of the Italian people. The Leading role of Mussalonism is taken by countess Riva De Liguoro,

12 complete Reels to be shown atonce.
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Sunday morning special show at 10 a.m.

EXCELSIOR CINEMA.

"THE YELLOW TICKET."

"The Yellow Ticket" is a drama which has enjoyed wide popularity in America and has been staged in India. It is the basis for the film which, with a tropical and a comedy, is being shown at the Excelsior Theatre when it is not required by the Lee White and Clay Smith Company. It is a graphic account of a Girl's struggle to make good despite all obstacles, and her ultimate solution of all her difficulties in the finding of a true love is one which is well known to the followers of the popular drama. "The Yellow Ticket" was a ticket which stamped the holder as a woman of the town, and she acquired it because by no other means could she pursue her studies. Later, it brought complications, and in a series of thrilling scenes the story ends in the orthodox fashion.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

LEE WHITE MUSICAL COMPANY.

The Lee White and Clay Smith Company enter upon the second week of their Bombay season to-day, with the production of their famous West-End success

"BACK AGAIN."

which was produced last night at the Excelsior for the first time to a packed audience and was greeted with the same wonderful enthusiasm that has characterised every performance given by this clever London Company during the past week.

The final performance of "Back Again" will be at 5-30 Matinee to-morrow.

From Monday, Miss Lee White will present another great London success in "BRAN PIE." This is a more recent production than "Back Again" and had a very lengthy and high successful run at the Prince of Wales Theatre. This piece will be played on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next, the final performance on the latter day being given in the distinguished presence of His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson and party from the Government House.

For the four nights of next week the Company will present for the first time east of Suez a new musical comedy "THE GIRL FOR THE BOY". It would be interesting to see how the Company will fare in right down musical comedy and handle the plot of it. But as everyone of the principals is a well-known musical comedy artist in England the handling of this production should not be a difficult task.

The scenery dress will make bigger demands on the producing capacity than the other pieces of the repertoire and as this will be the first musical comedy seen in Bombay for over 2 years even better business should result than that record breaking attendance obtained up to the present.

MISS LEE WHITE'S KIND THOUGHT.

Miss Lee White has noticed that while there is no difficulty in filling stalls, boxes and dress circle, the communities usually patronising the popular parts of the house are not so much in evidence as would be expected. Consequently she has very kindly given instructions that the family circle priced at Rs. 4 shall be thrown open at half price on all days of the week except Saturday and Sunday.

We are sure this boon will be highly appreciated and taken advantage of.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

"THE FALL OF AN EMPRESS."

"The Fall of an Empress," the film which is being shown simultaneously at the Empire and the Empress to-night and during the coming week, is by the producer of "Quo Vadis?" and is generally regarded as the successor of that striking film, which is still to be shown in some remote parts of the world.

It depicts the life of Messallina, the beautiful Empress of Rome, and as the story unfolds the fact is apparent that virtue in those days was not in the ascendant and that the power of Rome was on the decline. There are huge spectacular scenes containing thousands of artists, but unlike many films of this character "The Fall of an Empress" does not rely merely on its spectacular effects, as it contains an exceedingly strong story which grips and continually holds the attention. It has also a romance between two slaves intertwined with the drama.

So great was the interest aroused in Italy by the production of the film, and so numerous were the number of Italians tak[illegible] in it, that the picture was describ[illegible]'s effort, and the producer re[illegible]mition from the State by be[illegible] of the Royal House of [illegible]

[illegible] as six thou[illegible] structures [illegible] as a [illegible] imposed.

CONCERT OF INDIAN MUSIC.

A concert of Indian music will be given by Professor Shamrao Tumne at the Hall of the Working Men's Institute situated in Bachbai Building, Elphinstone Road near the Parel Tram Terminus, to-day from 9 to 11 p.m. (S.T.)

Prof. Tumne has invented a new Indian instrument called "Jaygattan" which is a combination of the Tambora, Bin and the Harmonium, and also another instrument called "Sur Samuha" which is a combination of the Sarangi, Sitar, Tambora, Sarod, Dilruba and Bin. He will give an exhibition on both these instruments at the above concert.

Official and Personal.

His Excellency the Governor with Viscountess Goschen and personal staff left to-night (15th inst.) by a special train on a tour to the Ganjan district.—A. P.

The Rt. Hon. Sir Montague Barlow left Madras to-night (15th inst.) for Hyderabad.

Major Geneal H. C. Tytler, commanding the Burma Independent District arrived in Rangoon on Thursday morning from Haymyo. He leaves for Port Blair on Friday (16th inst.).

Sir Bhupendranath Mitra has been nominated member of the Legislative Assembly and Sir Muhammad Habibullah as member of the Council of State.

The Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught arrived at Delhi from Agra on Thursday evening and are staying as the guests of the Viceroy.

His Excellency the Governor of Bengal Arrived Jessore on Thursday.

Sir Henry Wheeler, Governor of Behar and orrissa, held on Friday a Police Parade on the Bankipur Parade ground and presented medals and sanads.

Mrs. and Miss Palmer arrived at Governmnt House on Friday.

Mrs. and Miss Tennant lunched at Government House on Friday.

H H The Begum of Bhopal visited the Governor of Bombay and Lady Wilson on Friday.

Sir Feilx Schuster, El Marquis de Narros, El Duqu de Santo, Lt.-Colonel Nawabzada Hamidullah Khan of Bhopal, Lt.-Colonel Amir Ahmed, Captain Mumtaz Ali Khan and Miss Schuster dined at Government House on Friday.

The Hon. Mr. Jadhavrao visited several educational institutions and the Civil Hospital at Ahmednagar and was entertained at the house of Mr. Govind Suraji and at an "At Home" at the municipal office.

H. H. the Maharajah of Benares will make next month an extensive tour in the Bombay Presidency, specially Kathiawar and Gujrat, visiting the ruling chiefs of Junagad and Choranigarh and the Gaikwar of Baroda and also the sacred shrine of Dwarka.

Lala Lajpatrai has left Lahore for Rawalpindi in connection with the Hindu-Muslim settlement at Kohat.

SPORTING NEWS.

TO-DAY'S RACES.

SELECTIONS BY SENEX.

THE MOSUL PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs, 41 yards. (2 p.m.).

NASHAR BEG	1
FOX TROT	2
MAYFLY	3

THE MOSUL PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs, 41 yards. (2-30 p.m.).

HAWAM	1
SCOTLAND	2
AGAB	3

THE MOSUL PLATE. Division III.—Distance 6 furlongs, 41 yards. (3 p.m.).

BALLARD	1
SHAHIR	2
KOORISH	3

THE MOSUL PLATE. Division IV.—Distance 6 furlongs, 41 yards. (3-30 p.m.).

MUNTAHA	1
BRUCE	2
HOPEFUL	3

THE QUEENSLAND PLATE.—Distance 1½ miles. (4 p.m.).

CORISANDE	1
ZARA	2

THE SION PLATE. Division II.—Distance 9 furlongs. (4-30 p.m.).

MASHUR	1
VAZIRULMULK	2
CROWN PRINCE	3

THE NEWMARKET PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs, 41 yards. (5 p.m.).

KASER GIRL	1
HUSKY	2
CINTRA	3

THE ST. LEONARD'S HANDICAP.—Distance 1 mile. (5-30 p.m.).

FINNART'S BAY	1
BRASIDAS	2
MAGICAL	3

THE SION PLATE. Division I.—Distance 9 furlongs. (6 p.m.).

ELSER	1
CARDIFF	2
JOYOUS	3

3RD TEST MATCH.

AUSTRALIANS' 275 FOR 7.

ADELAIDE, Jan. 16.

The Third Test Match between the M. C. C. and Australia began here to-day in perfect weather and before a large attendance.

Australians who won a toss made a rather disastrous start, scores being 83 for [illegible] wickets at lunch and 171 for six at [illegible] valuable partnership between Andrews [illegible] at the seventh wicket, however, sent up the score by over a century and the score was 275 for seven when the stumps were drawn for the day.

Arthur Richardson made 69, Andrews 71 and Ryder not out 72, which is his highest score in the test matches.

Kilner took three for 77 and Tate two for 43.

CRICKET IN S. AFRICA.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

Capetown.—At the close of the third unofficial test match, South Africa had scored 103. Geary took 6 wickets for 37 runs. Joel's eleven replied with 164. Tyldesley scored 50 runs.—Reuter.

FOOTBALL IN BRITAIN.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

The following are the results of the Football Association Cup re-plays:—

Wolverhampton nil, Hull one (after extra time); Barnsley two, Millwall one.—Reuter.

TENNIS IN CALCUTTA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 15

29 matches were decided this afternoon in the Bengal Lawn Tennis Championships. Okamoto won his engagements easily, but the meeting between the Indian Players Krishnaprasad, well-known in Northern India Tennis and N. S. Iyer produced a keen struggle and was followed with much interests, the former Champion of Bengal, Krishnaprasad won by 6—2, 7—5.

MEN'S SINGLES.

First Round: Mathews beat Mahomed 7—5; 6—0; Mahomed beat Stewart, 6—3; 6—2; Madath beat Gunn 6—4, 6—2; Bose beat Mcpherson 6—0, 6—0; McInnes beat Fitzpatrick 6—6; 6—1; Krisnaprasad beat Iyer 6—2; 7—5; Mehta, W. O. A. K. Roy scratched; Okamoto beat Alderton 6—0, 6—0.

Second Round: Viney beat Carey Morgan 4—6; 6—4; 6—1; Hill beat Banerjee 6—4, 6—3; Delanougerede beat Chatterjee 6—0, 6—0; Robson W. O. Poddar scratched; Anderson beat Min Sein 6—3, 6—3; Hocken beat Colthurst 6—0, 6—4; Suri beat Wilson 6—1, 6—1.

MIXED DOUBLES.

First Round: Meyer and Mrs. Keays beat McBadis and Miss Judd 6—4, 6—4; McInnes and Mrs. Granville Naylor beat Hill and Mrs. Thompson 6—1, 6—0; Freke and Miss Dixon beat Mathews and Miss P. Sandison 6—4, 6—2; Garland and Mrs. Graham beat N. Gregory and Mrs. Bonnet 6—2, 1—6, 6—3; Johnstone and Mrs. O'Neill beat Moir and Mrs. Lagden 6—0, 6—3; Robson and Miss E. Sandison beat Brock and Mrs. Creffield 6—2, 7—5; Brandon and Mrs. Moir beat Ediss and Mrs. Roger Wilson 6—4, 6—2; Scott and Mrs. Dempster beat Sir Norcot Warren and Mrs. Raynolds 4—6, 6—4, 7—5; Delanougerede and Mrs. Megregor beat Graham and Mrs. Hugnes 10—8, 6—4.

Second Round: Megata and Mrs. Simon beat Binning and Mrs. Dixon 6—2, 6—3, E. Gregory and Mrs. Hasler beat G. Gregory and Mrs. Stark 4—6, 6—4, 6—1.

MEN'S DOUBLES.

First Round: Walker and Badenoch beat Dutt and Dutt 6—2, 8—6.

Second Round: Okamoto and Kitagawa beat Mcpherson and G. Gregory 6—3, 6—3.

LADIES' SINGLES.

First Round: Mrs. Odling beat Mrs. Fleming 6—2, 6—1.

HOCKEY IN POONA.

The fifth match of the Poona Open Hockey Tournament held under the auspices of the P. Y. C. Hindu Gymkhana was played in its grounds on January 15 1925 between Poona International Team and Y. M. C. A. of Poona and ended in a win for the former by two goals to nil.

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The Story of Swami Rama

(SWAMI RAMA
THE PO[redacted]

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The Monk Himself (*Contd.*)
The Fruits in His Basket
The Fragrance that Sustained Him
What He Said
Pre-Monk Days at Lahore
Pre-Monk Days at Lahore (*Contd.*)
Pre-Monk Days at Lahore (*Contd.*)
Love of Mountains and Solitudes
Resume of His Early Life
Swami Rama in Japan
Swami Rama in America–(a short account of his work on behalf of India,and impressions of his admirers)
The Monk Returns
Swami Rama at Muttra and Pushkar
Swami Rama at Beas Ashram on the Ganges
Last Days: at Vashistha Ashram (Uttrakhand. The Himalayas)
A Collection of His Letters
The Problem of His Country
His Thoughts on India
The Problem of His Country (*Contd.*)
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The Bombay Chronicle

SATURDAY, JANUARY 17, 1925

CRAVEN MANOEUVRES.

The difficulty of doing mean things gracefully is illustrated by the Viceroy's action in the face of legislative measures opposing the Bengal Ordinance. Lord Reading issued his Tsarist decree on 25th October. After having misused his power behind the back of the Indian Legislature, His Excellency seems to be exercising his procedural ingenuity for burking discussion in the Assembly. Pandit Motilal Nehru gave notice of a bill for the repeal of the Ordinance more than two months ago. Mr. V. Raju and others sent in resolutions recommending the annulment of the Ordinance by legislation. Once an Ordinance is issued, it remains in force for six months, for its earlier termination the Legislature should pass the necessary bill whether initiated officially or privately. Lord Reading, infatuated with the wisdom of his own Ordinance, decided to await the turn of events before dealing with the bills and resolutions submitted to the Legislative Department. If the public recall the train of events, they will realise the evasion and subterfuge adopted by Lord Reading to frustrate the open demand of non-officials in the Assembly. Both in regard to Pandit Nehru's Bill [illegible] solution, he could by a [illegible] have expressed his dis[illegible] did not want to incur [illegible] having avoided discus[illegible] of the projected mea[illegible] reserved his forensic subti[illegible] or frustrating opposition, and now [illegible] has come out with the trick of quibble and procrastination to invalidate non-official measures of which ample notice had been given. Mr. Raju's Resolution has found preference in the ballot and Lord Reading has pounced upon a technical point to disallow it. As for Pandit Motilal's Bill, it would seem that the Viceroy has not yet given his previous sanction, and the Secretary to the Assembly now informs him that the default prevents it early discussion. But whose default? Not Pandit Motilal's, because soon after the issue of the Ordinance he gave notice of his Bill. Lord Reading's omission seems to be also his opportunity. The letter to Pandit Motilal mentioning the absence of Viceregal sanction, does not explain how a measure with ample notice failed to receive the attention of His Excellency. It casually remarks that the Bill cannot be taken up on 30th January because of the fatal defect that the Viceroy had not sanctioned leave for its introduction. The attitude of deliberation and passivity may be mighty convenient for Lord Reading who has, as if by a holiday oversight, destroyed the chances of Pandit Motilal's Bill. The notice of the Bill is there, but even if sanction is given immediately the rule about one month will postpone its consideration to the end of February. With the arrears of current business in hand and the Budget in prospect, the Bill can find no chance in the session. It is not therefore improbable that Lord Reading will signify "the previous sanction of the Governor-General to its introduction under Section 67 (2) of the Government of India Act;" if it is done the annoyance of a hostile vote in the Assembly will have been put off. He can lay the flattering unction to his soul that he did not flinch from a full discussion by the Legislature, while the delay in consent saves the Government against a demonstration of censure.

Apologists have stated that the Viceroy could not attend to the Bill lodged by Pandit Motilal, since His Excellency had been "busy" at Calcutta. The excuse is feeble and unconvincing. The revels of the "Season" and the shepherding of the Bengal loyalists for the local Ordinance battle, cannot be held to have absolved the Viceroy from his duty by the Indian Legislature. The Viceroy was on "tour," not on leave; and it is well-known that His Excellency held meetings of the Executive Council at Calcutta. The country pays for the excursion of the members of the Executive Council and finances the cost of their assembling at different places; and if it is said that a burning question like the Ordinance failed to catch their attention, it forms the condemnation of a grossly cynical system. But the probability is that Lord Reading put off consent to the introduction of Pandit Motilal's Bill as part of the game. The question cannot have been squeezed out of attention, and the omission was not due to any oversight. The public can easily follow Lord Reading's calculation. His prolonged stay in Calcutta was presumably connected with the trial of strength in the Bengal Council. He received a "Muslim" deputation, he was the spectator of a rally of Muslim loyalists. Lord Lytton had as usual misjudged the situation. If Lord Reading deferred consideration of the moves notified by non-official M.L.A.'s, it was conceivably due to the hope that the Bengal Council would accept and seal his policy in an atmosphere of fragrant gratitude. Had such a course developed, the Government of India could have sneered at the efforts of M.L.A.'s to override the ordinance while the M.L.C.'s of Bengal had ratified it! From the official view-point, such a contingency would have been a thing of beatific delight. Lord Reading was evidently keeping the reins loose in regard to the Assembly while the Council-gamble in Bengal was in progress.

If Pundit Motilal's Bill lies side-tracked by official procrastination, Mr. Raju's resolution has been baulked by a frantic exploiting of syllables and commas. He drew the ballot for the resolution and Lord Reading promptly disallowed it. We think that with such an astute lawyer in opposition, the Resolution should have been framed a little more carefully. The Resolution recommended the Governor-General-in-Council to withdraw the Ordinance. Ordinances are issued in the personal capacity of the Governor-General and Lord Reading is profiting by the quibble that "the subject does not relate to the Governor-General-in-Council." It is a technical point of the kind dear to the pettifogging lawyer. For the repeal of the Ordinance the Governor-General-in-Council may be asked by the Assembly to introduce the necessary legislation. But the distinction seized by Lord Reading is a quibble over the text of the Resolution and the public will perceive the sly manner in which the Viceroy turns off a dangerous hit. It ignores the spirit and purport of the Resolution; it is a point worthy of Messrs. Dodson and Fogg rather than a generous statesman. The question cannot, however, be shelved in the Assembly if Lord Lytton adheres to the certification of the Ordinance. The Government of India have to ask for support of the Indian Legislature for modifying the powers of the Calcutta High Court in connection with the Ordinance, because the Ordinance imposes on the High Court the duty of hearing appeals, in certain cases, from the special tribunals designed for the "trial" of detenues. The Government of India will introduce a Bill for the purpose and Nationalists in the Assembly must oppose it irrespective of the sneer that by opposition "they will take upon themselves the responsibility of depriving those sentenced under the Ordinance of the right of appeal to the High Court." The responsibility for the judicial crimes possible under the Ordinance belongs to the Government. Lord Reading cannot rest happy over the results of his ignominious evasion because the Assembly will not consent to being defrauded of the right of expressing the popular wish.

THE EUROPEAN TANGLE.

It is important to remember in connection with the Conference of Allied Finance Ministers that has just been concluded amid loud mutual adulation and a chorus of press approval that it had to deal not with the problem of Inter-Allied Debts but with certain technical issues in regard to Reparations, such as the fixation of claims regarding Dawes' annuities and the distribution of occupation costs. These financial questions have been outstanding since the London Agreement which gave a new orientation to the Reparations problem. But an agreement on these issues will not make the Dawes' Scheme work much less settle the Reparations problem. For, Mr. J. M. Keynes suggested soon after the London Agreement that the main argument in favour of accepting the Dawes' Scheme was that under cover of it the French would leave the Ruhr since their anxieties would be relieved by an international loan. But this diplomatic argument has now lost considerable force since far from having a psychological influence on France, the scheme has not even succeeded in making the British evacuate Cologne. Nor is the thorny problem of Inter-Allied Debts which is the chief impediment to the economic recovery of Europe yet dealt with by the Allied statesmen. The expressions of triumph on both sides of the Channel are, therefore, premature and exaggerated.

What are the achievements of the Conference that is ended? It has agreed to the priority of the Belgian claim which, along with the maintenance of Allied armies in occupied territory, has eaten up nearly all that the Allies have managed to extract from Germany by their joint coercion. But the moratorium granted to Germany is a cruel joke so long as she is denied the fiscal autonomy and unity promised by the Dawes' Plan and has to carry through difficult fiscal reforms under a painful measure of foreign control over her finances. Its only other notable achievement is the participation of the United States which, despite the large part it played in framing the Dawes Report and in the introduction of the scheme in Germany, has preferred to non-cooperate consistently with Europe. Such aloofness, it is obvious, has been prompted partly by its disinclination to be entangled again in the militarism of the Allied nations, partly by its traditional adherence to the Monroe policy, and partly also by its unwillingness to be confronted with numerous demands for the reduction of debts owed to it. The American representative, however, has participated in the Paris Conference because one of its objects was the future allocation of funds that become available through the application of the Dawes' Plan enabling each Allied Power to know what net sums in reparation payments it may expect from Germany. The agreement on the last question, indeed, is likely to affect considerably the problem of Inter Allied Debts. America is, therefore, naturally interested in the settlement about the proportion of the security which she has helped to produce in the form of German Reparations and from which her claims against the Allies would be satisfied. For, as a writer in the "Fortnightly" of January in an interesting article on the subject remarks, there is only one great creditor—the United States—and there is in the end only one great debtor—Germany. If for German Reparations it was necessary for all the Allies to combine, it may be equally necessary for them to unite to solve the tangle of war debts among themselves. In fact, as even the total sum of the Reparations accounts has not been determined by the Dawes Plan, the payments of Germany can only be fixed after the amount claimed by America is definitely known and the capacity of the Allied debtors based upon Dawes' payments is ascertained. Nor is Britain indifferent to any project by which America grants concessions to France who owes her debts; since on the one hand England has large claims, worth £623,279,000, on France, while she has to pay nearly £32,000,000 a year to America till 1932 after which the amount will be increased to £38,000,000 for fifty-three years. Clearly, therefore, the British Government which still stands committed to the principles of the Balfour Note as evinced by Mr. Churchill's first speech in the present House of Commons, is not slow to welcome the prospect of America's re-entry into European politics which holds out the hope of a Conference on Inter-Allied Debts to settle the fundamental economic problem before Europe.

Notes of the Day.

India and Labour Conference.

Those who have been reading Mr. Baptista's articles on the achievements of the International Labour Office, the last instalment of which we publish elsewhere, must be feeling puzzled to discover the purpose served by the Indian delegation. Of course these expeditions make a good hole in the tax-payer's purse, but what has been accomplished for the Indian workers? Mr. Baptista's motion calling for an investigation in the Asiatic countries was ruled out on the flimsiest technical grounds which reveal what little respect is shown to the Indian Labour delegate. On another occasion when the august assemblage at Geneva heard no less than 62 orations, including many that disregarded the time-limit of 15 minutes, Mr. Baptista was allowed only 5 minutes, of which he as a protest refused to avail himself. His request to be allowed to file a written statement was also refused. Will some curious M.L.A. try to discover what the Government of India are going to do to ensure that such treatment is not in future meted out to the Labour delegates nominated by them? If they cannot mend affairs, will they not end the costly farce? The other motion that also affected Indian Labour was regarding the appointment of national correspondents in the East and here we get a clue to Government's attitude also. Mr. Baptista says: "I have ascertained that the Labour Office is quite ready and willing to institute a Correspondence Office in India, but it does not deem it right to do so without some invitation from the Indian Government representative as it might offend its sovereign susceptibilities."

Exploiting Humanitariasm.

Mr. Baptista has played different roles in life, but we wonder if the technicalities connected with anthrax' occupied a place either in his deeds or his dreams. Yet the only committee on which his advice was sought was the one on 'anthrax'. The Government of India had not allowed him any advisers for reasons of economy and also because in their opinion the agenda did not call for experts' help. Strange as it may seem, the Government of India were nearer the truth. For, after all the 'anthrax' problem also turned out to be only a series of commercial manoeuvres. Statistics showed that this fell disease had a yearly toll of nine deaths to its credit. Of these 9, six occurred in Great Britain, who strangely enough seemed anxious rather for the three in the rest of the world. For the sake of these three Great Britain was prepared to extend her disinfecting plant only if other countries would agree to avail themselves of that. In spite of the humanitarian outbursts of Mr. Ben Tillett, the veneer became too transparent when Sir William Middlebrook wrote: "Perhaps the most important argument in favour of international action is that, if disinfection is important by the isolated action of individual countries, there is the risk that trade in infected materials may be directed where they are not required to be disinfected." As Mr. Baptista points out, this is not humanitarianism but commercialism.

A Whistling Note.

"Lex" writes:—"May I, while the Bombay Press is making an orchestral roar, introduce a whistling note? It is not likely to be heard, it is likely to jar if heard at all. The daily journals are quite in order when they, as the chroniclers of events, report the progress of the Malabar Hill Tragedy and publish all they gather about the characters, immediate and remote, who may be involved in the affair. Let me congratulate you on the clue you were able to give to the police in regard to the identification parade; but there is a section of the Press which, regardless of propriety, assumes the function of the Last Tribunal. A sensational crime has occurred; if the facts are sensational, the journals must be sensational too, but the papers must draw the line when they presume to give the final verdict on suspects. I do not believe in the moral elevation of the authorities who think that journals should whisper low about "scandals." "Scandals" are part of human life and even those who moralise, read the details of interests all right before they pronounce their horror; so much for the hypocrisy of high repugnance. I recognise the latitude of papers in two directions. They are quite free to collect facts and express them in language, glowing or pathetic according to their convenience. English and American journals seem to be our standard, but there is nothing wrong about the sober interpretation of facts. You are again quite free to hint at clues for further investigation. In these two respects, the "Chronicle" has my token of appreciation; but intoxicated with officious service there are a few contemporaries of yours who exceed the speed-limit."

Excessive Zeal.

The correspondent proceeds:—

"In a style of sapient authority the "Times of India" usurps the function of the Court. Once an accused gives his defence, right or wrong, it is not the business of the press to give a verdict about the "ruffian." But about Shafi Ahmed, the "Times of India" remarks.—

> "It is plain that it will be difficult to secure a confession from any of the perpetrators of the crime—the absurd explanation of his presence given by the man originally apprehended is proof that the hired desperadoes have received unusual inducements to hold their tongues."

The opinion, framed without the full evidence which the accused is entitled to lead, is improper. I am surprised that the press in Bombay should, in the frenzy of public service, transgress the conventions of propriety. May I tell you of an example of the evil excess of journalistic service in criminal cases? When Mr. de la Hey was murdered some years ago in Madras there were many theories of his death; was he murdered at all by other hands? Well, the press took a mighty interest and one of the journals proclaimed the guilt of the accused, after an interview. It was an explicit statement, not a suggestion of clues or the sobbing description of episodes. The Madras High Court was satisfied that a regular, impartial trial would be impossible, and the case was transferred to Bombay. In the case of accused persons who put up a defence, it is presumption on the part of the press to deliver premature verdict and excite the coming jury. Let the writers of the press furnish gorgeous "romance"; let them suggest clues and help the police with all the agencies of information open to a really popular journal. But once suspects are in custody, it is advisable not to anticipate the task of the jury. The "Times of India" has broken restraint through meretricious smartness."

AFTER WAR

OVERCOMING DIFFICULTIES

M. PAINLEVE OPTIMISTIC.

LONDON, Jan. 16.

Paris.—A Havas Agency message says:—M. Painleve who has been re-elected President of the Chamber in his inaugural speech referred to the Conferences in London and Geneva where he said, France, without renouncing her independence or rights, pointed the way to nations groping after peace. He declared France would not allow interference of any foreign country in her Home Affairs and would overcome victoriously the after-war difficulties as she did those of war.—Reuter.

FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

CHAMBER'S CONFIDENCE.

LONDON, Jan. 16.

Paris.—The Chamber passed to-day a vote of confidence in Government by 230 votes to 206. The vot eof confidence followed a heated debate, which lasted throughout the night.—Reuter.

"A RED LETTER DAY."

FRENCH PRESS JUBILANT.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

Paris.—Papers here express delight at the outcome of the Financial Conference and say that yesterday was a red-letter day and a landmark of post-war history. They hope that in view of Allied solidarity, Berlin dare not evade her obligations. They also emphasise that the United States is now personally interested in seeing that the agreement is carried out.—Reuter.

FIRST DAWES PAYMENTS.

BRITAIN'S SHARE : £ 8,000,000.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

It is estimated that Britain's share out of the first Dawes' payments will be eight millions sterling. Papers regard the Protocol as a satisfactory achievement.—Reuter.

CHURCHILL-CLEMENTEL CORRESPONDENCE.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

The correspondence between M. Clementel and Mr. Churchill, exchanged in Paris, was published to-night and shows that the former took the initiative in requesting Mr. Churchill to define British ideas on inter-Allied debts as the subject on which France was desirous of reaching a settlement. Mr. Churchill, replying, promised to probe the matter in the Cabinet at London and send an answer enabling France to present definite proposals. Meanwhile, he repeated that the Balfour Note remained the dominating guiding principle.

At the conclusion of to-day's Cabinet meeting, which dealt specifically with that subject, it was reliably reported that a further discussion of details was necessary before a note to France could be expected, and definite pronouncement was not likely for several weeks. It may be useful to recall that the Balfour Note broadly laid down the principle that Britain did not require more from Allies and Germany together than was necessary to liquidate the British debt to America.—Reuter.

POSITION OF U. S.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

Washington.—Officials consider that American participation in the Paris Conference did not involve the Washington Government in European affairs in which, they did not agree with the Anglo-French Press views, that America had henceforth entered.—Reuter.

FIRE ON "S S. BARBARIGO" PUT OUT

LONDON, Jan. 15.

Port Said.—The fire on board s. s. "Barbarigo" has been extinguished after flooding holds Nos. 1 and 2.—Reuter.

MEMORIAL SERVICE TO LORD PENTLAND.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

His Majesty was represented at a memorial service to Lord Pentland at the Scottish National Church, Covent Garden, which the deceased regularly attended. The congregation was very large and included Mr. Asquith and other prominent fellow-Liberals and friends who were connected with him during his Governorship of Madras. Mr. Sen represented the High Commissioner for India. Lord Birkenhead was also represented. The funeral occurred at Edinburgh.—Reuter.

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18519

STILL 89 PER CENT.

PIECE GOODS TO INDIA

MANCHESTER CHAMBER'S REVIEW.

LONDON, Jan. 16.

A review of the year's trade, presented at the annual meeting of the Indian section of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce, stated that the difficulties of last year showed signs of lifting. Britain still sent 89 per cent. of India's piecegoods imports and so the foreign competition was a matter of small percentage. But it was desirable to watch the situation closely. It was noteworthy that Japan's exports to India had been increasing and Italy's exports had grown significantly, particularly in certain lines of finished goods. But the major competition in India had been and was bound to be Indian mills. With regard to trade prospects, benefit would clearly be derived from the improved raw cotton position. Further improvement of India's export trade was the development, which, more than anything else, would stimulate our exports.—Reuter.

OBITUARY.

SIR THOMAS BENNETT.

LONDON, Jan. 16.

Sir Thomas Bennett died this morning of heart failure.—Reuter.

[The late Sir Thomas Jewell Bennet, principal proprietor of the "Times of India" took to journalism early in life. He was for some years assistant editor of the "Western Daily Press" at Bristol. He came to Bombay in 1884 and was Associate Editor of the "Bombay Gazette" for eight years. He then succeeded to the Editorship of the "Times of India" and became the principal proprietor. When he left India in 1901, he was presented by 3000 of the Agriculturists of Gujrat with an address thanking him for the successful persistency with which he had brought the grievances of the cultivating class to the notice of Government. In 1902, he was awarded the Silver medal of the Society of Arts for a paper on "the British connection with the Persian Gulf." He was nominated by the Bombay Government a Fellow of the Bombay University. He was a representative of Rochester Diocese in the National Assembly of the Church of England. He was awarded C.I.E. in 1903 and created a Knight in 1921. He has been member of Parliament since 1910.]

ARTIST HARRY PURNOSI.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

The death is reported of artist Harry Purnosi.—Reuter.

SHIPPING DISPUTE SEQUEL.

CREW OF STEAMER CHARGED.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

Melbourne.—34 crew of the s.s. "Meeraki", who refused to sail because some firemen were absent, were arrested and charged with wilfully disobeying lawful commands of the master.

The Federal Government have decided to charter vessels to maintain essential services to relieve distress. Hundreds of Jasmanians are offering to man vessels in the event of seamen refusing.—Reuter.

CHARGED WITH INCITING WORKERS.

SEAMEN'S UNION PRESIDENT ARRESTED.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

Fremantle.—Mr. Walsh, President of the Seamen's Union, has been arrested on a charge of inciting waterside workers to strike.—Reuter.

MELBOURNE SEAMEN.

CONFIDENCE IN MR. WALSH.

LONDON, Jan. 16.

Melbourne.—A mass meeting of seamen has expressed confidence in Mr. Walsh and also in the management committee. Full crew has been obtained for the "Nairana," which will now proceed to Tasmania.—Reuter.

GOVERNOR OF PORTUGUESE INDIA.

APPOINTED HIGH COMMISSIONER AT ANGOLA.

LONDON, Jan. 16.

Lisbon.—Jayme DeMoraes, Governor of Portuguese India, has been appointed High Commissioner at Angola. He will be succeeded by ex-Minister, Joao Camoezas.—Reuter.

EXTENT OF LOSS ON S. S. "SHUJA."

LONDON, Jan. 15.

A message from Hamburg says that the steamer "Shuja" contained in No. 4 hold about 2,800 bales of jute, 83 bales of hides, 18 bales of cow-hair, and No. 5 hold several hundred bales of jute and 150 bags of barley, which were all damaged by fire and water. The vessel was damaged by the fire.—Reuter.

[A message, dated the 13th instant, first announced the news as under:—"A Hamburg message says the steamer 'Shuja' belonging to the Bombay-Persia Steam Navigation Company took fire in the port in No. 4 hold whilst discharging a cargo of jute. The fire was extinguished. The extent of damage is not known."]

TROTSKY LINGERING

HIS DIFFERENCES WITH COMMUNISTS

M. RYKOV EXPLAINS.

LONDON, Jan. 16.

Moscow.—M. Rykov, the President of the Council of Commissars, in a speech at the First All Russian Congress of School Masters, stated that M. Trotsky was in bed with illness, which could be cured, but was lingering. M. Trotsky would leave for south soon to undergo a cure. Referring to the misunderstandings between the Communist Party and M. Trotsky, M. Rykov, said that M. Trotsky undervalued the role of peasantry in the policy of Soviet Russia. The Communist Party insisted on preserving all Bolshevist traditions, while M. Trotsky wished to introduce certain changes opposed to M. Lenin's traditions.

M. Rykov declared that the Soviet intended to import a quarter million tons of corn in order to provide peasants in several districts with corn for the next spring and regulate the market price of corn, but there was no immediate want of corn anywhere in Soviet Russia.—Reuter.

"A SLAP ON THE FACE."

"VORWAERTS" ON NEW GERMAN GOVT.

LONDON, Jan. 16.

Berlin.—"Vorwaerts" declares that the new Government consisting of open and secret enemies of the Republic is a slap on the face of workers, who are indignant and bitter and are preparing to fight the Government not only in the Reichstag, but in the whole field of industrial life.—Reuter.

COMPOSITION OF CABINET.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

Berlin.—Dr. Luther's Cabinet confirms the forecast regarding its complexion. Additions are Dr. Stresemann and Neuhaus. The Cabinet includes the Minister of Interior, Schiele, Leader of the German National Party; the Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, Dr. Stingel of Bavarian Peoples Party; the Minister of Defence, Dr. Gessler; Minister of Labour, and Dr. Brauns.—Reuter.

THE GAG IN ITALY.

OPPOSITION'S "BOLD DI[redacted]

Rome.—The Oppo[redacted] Giolitti, Sgr. Orlando and Sgr. Salandra presented a strongly-worded resolution to the Chamber declaring the view that Government's encroachments on the liberty of the subject with regard to the discussion of the electoral Bill was injurious. Though regarded as a foregone conclusion that the resolution which, when found to lead to the motion of confidence, would be defeated, it is believed that the Opposition is hopeful of a bold display by leading personalities of the old regime who have the moral support of the country in their favour.—Reuter.

WEMBLEY EXHIBITION.

CANADA'S PROTEST.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

Representatives of several Canadian motor manufacturers cabled to the Canadian Government, last evening, with reference to the ban on exhibiting at the British Empire Exhibition imposed by the Society of motor manufacturers and traders who announced, yesterday, that members exhibiting at Wembley would be forbidden to exhibit at the annual show at Olympia. The Canadian Government, in reply, has cabled that the Canadian Exhibition Commissioner is being instructed officially about the protest against interference with would-be exhibitors by a trade organisation, and adding that if a satisfactory solution is not found Canada, as the last resort, will withdraw her participation in the Wembley Exhibition.—Reuter.

DERBYSHIRE COAL DISPUTE.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

The result of giving strike notices by miners in the Derbyshire soft, coal industry is disappointing from the view-point of leaders; not more than forty per cent. of the men affected have signed the notices.—Reuter.

SUGAR FAMINE AT PERTH.

LONDON, Jan. 15.

Perth.—A sugar famine exists as a result of the shipping trouble, and other food-stuffs are scarce.

[Perth is the capital of W. Australia.]

[Fremantle, a sea-port of W. Australia, 12 miles S.-W. from Perth.]

DAYANAND CENTENARY

(From a Correspondent.)

KIMARI, Jan. 16.

Arrangements for the Rishi Dayanand Centenary celebration are proceeding vigorously. 1,000 persons from Sind alone are expected to join the great gathering at Muthra. Mr. Vaswaniji has, in the Press a new volume named "Torchbearer." The book has been written at the request of the Centenary Committee. It gives the author's views on Rishi Dayanand and the Aryan ideal.

NOT FUTILE.

SWARAJISTS TACTICS

NAGPUR UNIVERSITY UNION VERDICT.

(Associated Press.)

NAGPUR, January 16

Under the auspices of the Nagpur University Union—Society a debate was held in the Cathedral Hall on "The Swarajists tactics are futile." Mr. Vivian Bose, Barrister, presided.

Mr. Despande of Morris College in proposing the resolution said that the resolution of the Executive Committee of the Swaraj Party relating to the acceptance of office showed that their tactics were futile. There was no principle in obstruction. The Swarajists did not work up the Reforms therefore they had no right to say that they were unworkable. The Swarajists had paralysed the popular side of Government by rejecting the budget, because the real Government was still existing.

Mr. Ranade in opposing the resolution said that the autocracy of the bureaucracy had brought the Swarajists into existence. The Swarajists had adequately exposed the reforms. The resolution of the Executive Committee of the Swarajists suggested that they were prepared to accept any office if the present constitution was changed.

SIR M. V. JOSHI'S SUPPORT.

Sir M. V. Joshi, Home Member, supporting the resolution said that the Swarajists' object, which was to bring pressure on the foreign and alien Government and compel them to give a further instalment of self-Government was utterly unsuccessful. The Swaraj Party's policy of obstruction had failed because there was no council for the last nine months. He admired the patriotism of the Swarajists, but their threats were empty and hollow. It would be seen that there would be a change in their policy in a few days.

RAGHWENDRARAO'S OPPOSITION.

Mr. P. Raghwendrarao, M.L.C., in opposing the motion expressed the opinion that political parties in all countries and in all ages continued to exist because there was a public sentiment behind them. The outstanding achievements of the party were firstly a revolutionary change in the mental attitud of the people towards the Government, secondly, intimate political contact between those that were enfranchised and those that were the representatives of the people in the legislatures and thirdly, that the party they had eliminated communal and sectional outlook in politics to a degree which had not been attained by any other [redacted] The Liberals had offered con[redacted]ty-nine years [redacted]g. It was [redacted]ctioning [redacted]tate of [redacted] with the Governor who dared not face the Legislative Council in the discharge of his responsibilities for the reserved subjects. The Swarajists were noto averse to shoulder administrative responsibility provided such responsibility was real and the constitution was modified accordingly. The Swaraj Party was the only party which commanded public confidence and the party would take no office unless the constitution was modified

SIR H. S. GOUR.

Sir H. S. Gour, M.L.A., in supporting the resolution condemned the Swaraj Party. He said they did not refuse to pay taxes after rejecting the budget. He said that popular Government could not be run without ministers even as a man could not run without [redacted]ABHYANKAR.

Mr. Abhyankar, M.L.A., in opposing the resolution, said that the Swaraj Party could not and would not accept office unless the Government of India Act was suitably modified. In these modern days no Government would be called a government unless it was based on the people's will. In India there was no such Government and also no constitution because the people's will could not change the Government. Britain governed India not for the benefit of India but for its own benefit. The goal of the Swaraj Party was not to bring Government to a standstill by agitation in the Council only. The Swaraj Party only said that they would make Government through the Council impossible.

After some other speakers had spoken for and against the resolution was put to the vote and declared lost by a majority of 56 amidst continued applause, 26 voting for and 82 against.

REGULAR SUPPLY OF WAGONS

EVIDENCE BEFORE COAL COMMITIEE.

(Associated Press).

CALCUTTA, Jan. 16.

Messrs. E. J. Judah, P. S. Keenan and J. B. Wardlaw on behalf of Messrs. Andrew Yule and Company gave evidence to-day before the Indian Coal Committee. They said that neither Natal Quilon or Sumatra coal was as good as the best Bengal coal. Competition with foreign coal could be met by reducing rail freights, docking, storing and other charges, granting bounty on export coal equal to bounty given on Natal coal or levying equivalent duty on foreign coal and exporting only the best Indian coal. The introduction of a general system of grading would lower the reputation of the Indian coal. Pooling was neither practicable nor desirable. Regular supply of standardised wagons of open type should be maintained to collieries and wagons should be provided with modern loading appliances. Witnesses concurred with the views of the Indian Mining Association that the Coal Transportation Officer undoubtedly facilitated the supply of wagons. It was only because of difficulty in wagon supply, existing for many years, that the appointment of the Coal Transportation Officer was found necessary.

"HALLO REUBENS!"

ONE MORE CLUE?

WAZIR BEGUM'S APPREHENSIONS.

AWAITING BOMBAY POLICE AT AMRITSAR.

While there is an apparent lull in the developments connected with the Malabar Hill Tragedy, the Police are vigorously following the clues so far secured. The authorities are inclined to be more reserved as they proceed with the collection of evidence and the chase of the culprits.

"Hallo Reubens!"

It is stated that on the day of the tragedy a gentleman from Baroda was going in a taxi up the Malabar Hill, prior to the outrage and that when passing a red Maxwel car, the chauffeur of the first taxi shouted to the Maxwell driver. He appears to have hailed him with the words: "Hallo Reubens!"

Mother's Telegram.

On Friday morning a telegram was received by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, purporting to have come from Mumtaz Begam's mother, Amritsar, which was directed to the Commissioner of Police for his attention. The contents of the telegram are not known yet, but it is surmised the Begam's mother has made some reference to the case pending before Mr. Khandalawalla.

Health of the Victims.

Mumtaz Begam, Lt. Seageart and Mr. Mathew are progressing well and it is expected that Mr. Mathew would be discharged shortly from the hospital.

Mumtaz Begam has been kept on the top floor of the Police Hospital and is guarded by armed police. Her food is cooked in the hospital as the authorities do not desire to take any risk of her being poisoned by the agents of the "Hidden Hand."

AWAITING POLICE AID.

WAZIR BEGUM'S APPREHENSIONS.

(Associated Press).

AMRITSAR, Jan. 16.

Wazir Begum, mother of Mumtaz Begum, who was to have started for Bombay last night changed her mind at the railway station on hearing about certain apprehensions in the way. It is stated that police aid is being despatched from Bombay to escort her there.

WANTED PUBLIC HELP.

IN TRACING ASSAILANTS' CAR.

The police are making rigorous enquiries in regard to the Malabar Hill Tragedy on the clue supplied through "The Chronicle" agency. Kishan Narayan Vora, who has been arrested at Rutlam by the Bombay Police, is the Chief Medical Storekeeper of B. B. and C. I. Railway. There was a rumour in the city that he was brought by the Bombay-Peshawar Mail on Friday morning to Bombay from Rutlam, but an enquiry at the Head Police Office showed that it would take considerable time before he is extradited to British territory as extradition procedure, as a rule, takes a pretty long time to effect a prisoner's transfer from one territory to other.

WHO SAW THE CAR?

The police require the assistance of the Bombay public in tracing the motor car carrying the assailants of Mr. Bawla and his companions. Although Mr. Bawla's chauffeur says it was a Maxwell car with red paint, the police authorities think there must be a number of other persons who should have seen this car. It is alleged this particular car was driven towards "Three Lamps" at Walkeshwar after the outrage, and anybody who can come forward to give some further description in regard to this car will be of much help to the police in their investigations. There were a number of pedestrians besides motorists and if they have noted down the number, make or colour of the car, they are requested to inform the police immediately.

LATE MR. A. K. BAWLA.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE'S CONDOLENCE.

A meeting of the Schools Committee was held on Friday, Mr. B. N. Motiwalla, presiding.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta moved a resolution expressing the Committee's grief at the death of Mr. A. K. Bawla. The resolution ran as follows:—

"That the Schools Committee have learnt with great regret the sad and untimely death on the 13th January of Mr. Abdul Kader Bawla, under tragic circumstances, who as a member of the Schools Committee for the last two years rendered useful service to the City."

The President said that it was a matter of great regret that Mr. Bawla should lose his life under painful and tragic circumstances, He deeply sympathised with the members of the bereaved family and prayed God that his soul might rest in peace. The President said that the copy of the resolution be sent to the family of the deceased with the expression of the Committee's sympathy in their sad bereavement.

As a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased the meeting was adjourned to Friday at 4-30 (B.T.) without transacting any further business.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A BYE-ELECTION FROM B WARD.

The Municipal Commissioner has fixed Monday the 9th February, 1925 for a bye-Election to fill up the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Abdul Kader Bawla, who represented the Mandvi (B) Ward in the Municipal Corporation.

CHORUS OF CONDEMNATION.

VERNACULAR PRESS COMMENTS.

The vernacular Press of Bombay are unanimous in their condemnation of the Malabar Hill outrage and demand vigorous Police action to bring the perpetrators of the crime as well as the "Hidden Hand or Hands," regardless of his or their position, to justice. They also shower their praise on the gallantry and pluck of the European officers, especially Lieut. Saegert.

The "Jam-e-Jamshed" says that if the hired Badmashes of the type represented in last Monday's outrage succeed in getting away scot-free after murderous assaults on the occupants of a motor-car on a high public road, no-one in the city could be considered safe. It trusts Bombay police will not fail to bring down the perpetrators of the crime, and says the time has come when some supervision was exercised before showing highly sensational films on the cinema screen in Bombay which inevitably impresses the immaturity of the mavalies and also endangers the morality of the rising generation.

THE "BOMBAY SAMACHAR."

Under the caption "The Duty of Police," the 'Bombay Samachar" dilates on the grave danger lurking in Bombay as revealed by the crime, and says in a cosmopolitan city like Bombay, if police fail in their duty of bringing the perpetrators of the crime to book, no one could be considered safe even for a moment. It deplores the attitude of the police in not taking sufficient precautions to save Mr. Bawla from harassment and assault especially as the police as the paper presumes, was not in the dark about the threats Mr. Bawla had received. The lady for whose sake this tragedy has taken place has been known to have connections with "a high Royalty," and, therefore, the people of Bombay naturally are afraid that the parties concerned will move Heaven and earth, and by means of lavish expenditure will try to prevent Police from its honest endeavours of tracking down the criminals. It reminds the local police that this incident is a touchstone of their ability. The "Hidden Hand" who abets the perpetration of a ghoulish deed is equally responsible as the doer himself, as has been held by the Privy Council recently, and trusts the local police will bear that in mind. Finally it exhorts Bombayites to do their duty in appreciating the heroic services of Lieut. Saegert

"PRAJAMITRA AND PARSI."

Says the Prajamitra:—The highways of the city should remain "safe for the moral and the immoral," and police arrangements should be such as would enable the public to avail themselves of police help, at the time of such incidents, immediately. The roads, parks and suburbs of Bombay are not considered to be safe (for the public) and whenever such assaults or dacoities have taken place, police has been traceable only after the event has taken place. Therefore the Bombay Government should enquire into Police administration *bundobast*. Either the police staff might be undermanned, or the Police Commissioner might not have been equipped with adequate authority or means, or that the Police administration might be "less efficient than it is alleged to be." Whatever be the reason daylight robberies and murders have increased in Bombay, and it is no use hiding the fact that the people have a just grievance on the score.

"SATYA MITRA."

It is an indisputable fact that the strength of the police force in Bombay, looking to its requirements as a big city, is inadequate, and no economy, in that respect, should be tolerated says "Satya Mitra". According to the arrangements entered into between Government and the Municipal Corporation, Government is solely responcible for adequate police arrangements of the city. Government are empowered to keep adequate police

(Continued on page 11.)

MR. MOTIWALLA EXPLAINS

APPOINTMENTS ON MERITS ONLY

FURTHER DEBATE ON MUNICIPAL BUDGET.

A special meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held on Friday, Mr. V. J. Patel presiding.

The meeting was called to consider the following resolution of the Schools Committee which they had framed on the report of the Sub-Committee in regard to the extension of compulsion to Moslem girls. The resolution ran as follows:—

'That with reference to the Scheme for the introduction of Free and Compulsory Education in the F and G Wards to begin with, forwarded to the Corporation and approved and adopted by them under their Resolution No. 9158 of 15th January 1923, the Corporation be informed, that the Committee had now after consulting representative Moslem opinion come to the conclusion that one year after the actual introduction of compulsion in any ward or wards of Bombay, compulsion should also be extended to all Moslem Girls upto 11 years of age and that the scheme be modified accordingly and Government informed of the same, with the request that if any modification in the law on the subject be necessary for the pursuing of such course, the same be made.

Mr. Fazal Ibrahim said according to the rules half the number of the members, viz:—53 were not present at the special meeting besides some of the Muslim members were of opinion that the age limit should be reduced to ten years. He, therefore, moved that the matter be referred back to the Schools Committee.

Mr. Mohmed Ismail Curtay seconded.

Mr. J. B. Boman Behram moved an amendment that the discussion of the question be postponed till next Monday.

Mr. J. V. Vora seconded the amendment and it was agreed to.

BUDGET ESTIMATES.

Discussion was then resumed on the budget estimates for the year 1925-26.

Mr. F. J. Ginwalla said more money was required for combating malaria, spreading primary education and supplying pure milk and water.

Mr. M. H. Haveliwalla said many amenities of life in the city such as lights, roads and water required more attention.

MR. MOTIWALLA EXPLAINS.

Mr. B. N. Motiwalla replying to the allegations advanced against him at a previous meeting said. Throughout his career of 25 years he had not come across a single man who had attacked him so virulently as Dr. Javle had done. Dr. Javle thought that the affairs of the Schools Committee were his (speaker's) own.

Dr. Javle:—It is so.

Mr. Motiwala:—No, it is not so.

Continuing, Mr. Motiwala said Dr. Javle accused him of giving certain appointments to his own relatives. This he denied vehemently. The fact was, Mr. Motiwala said the Schools Committee had appointed a Sub-Committee to appoint ten clerks and the Sub-Committee had left the question of appointment to his discretion.

Mr. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy raised a point of order at this stage that the matter under discussion was budget estimates and not any question of the Schools Committee.

The President ruled that as Mr. Motiwalla was personally attacked he should be given an opportunity to explain.

Mr. Motiwalla, continuing, regretted that he had taken the time of the Corporation on irrevelant matters, but he thought it would not be right for him to sit quiet and not reply, to the accusation levelled against him by Dr. Javle. He did not exercise his discretion as directed by the Schools Committee but four Gujerati, three Marathi and three Mahomedan clerks were appointed on their merits and qualifications only.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee here suggested that the President should use his good offices and ask both the parties, viz:—Dr. Javle and Mr. Mehta to withdraw their allegations.

Some members asked Mr. Tairsee to effect the withdrawal by persuading Mr. Mehta to withdraw his allegations first. Mr. Tairsee, agreed and was then seen talking with Mr. Mehta, but with no definite result.

TAXATION ON MILLS.

Mr. Meyer Nissim referred to the Commissioner's proposal to increase the water rate. He thought that the Millowner's Association had made out a strong case against raising the taxation on the Mills. A moment's thought would convince them that anything that contributed to the increase in the cost of production meant opening the door for the keener competition from the foreign manufacturers. The consumer was no philanthropist and thus they would be doing harm to the local industry by raising the General Tax on the Mills.

As for the cash balance in hand Mr. Nissim said it was too small in comparison with the magnitude of their transactions.

At Mr. Byramji, Jijibhoy's suggestion the meeting was adjourned to Monday next at 3-40 p.m.

AN EDITOR SENTENCED.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

GORAKHPUR, Jan. 16.

Pandit Dasharathpd Dwivedi, editor and founder of the local national weekly "Swadesh" was convicted yesterday and sentenced for two years with Rs. 50 fine in default three months' imprisonment for four contributions which the Government declared seditious. It is noteworthy that the Pandit was not the writer of the special issue in which the contributions objected to were published. He was confined to bed with illness during those days.

STOCK EXCHANGE

CURE FOR CORNERS

GOVT'S RESOLUTION.

The following resolution of the Government of Bombay on report of the Bombay stock Exchange Enquiry Committee is published:—

In September 1923 the Government of Bombay was led by the public agitation, which culminated in a resolution passed in the Legislative Council to appoint a Committee "to enquire into the constitution; government, customs, practices, rules, regulations and methods, of business of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association of Bombay and to investigate any such complaints of the public and to make such enquires with reference to any of the aforesaid matters or any other matter appertaining to the aforesaid Association as the Committee may deem proper and thereafter with a view to protect the investing public against the interested or irregular control of business, to formulate such definite proposals for the future constitution, direction and regulation of the aforesaid, Association as the Committee may deem proper." The Committee began work on November the 6th, 1923, and signed their report on January 9th, 1924. The report was unanimous with one dessentient. Sir Wilfrid Atlay the Chairman, is entitled to high praise for the conduct of these operations; and the thanks of Government have already been communicated to him and to all members of the Committee.

A copy of the Committee's report was forwarded to the President of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, to which a reply was submitted to Government in July 1924, with a detailed statement of objections and criticism of the report and its recommendations. This statement was printed and published by the Association. The Committee has acknowledged with pleasure the help given to them during the enquiry by the President and Members of the Association, and Government gladly endorses this acknowledgement. Doubtless the position in which the public demand for an enquiry had placed the Association has led them to be somewhat extreme in their protestations. But Government would be lacking in their duty if they failed to impress upon the Association that the Association are in effect a body carrying on a public utility service, and that they owe a duty to the public, and that it is a function of Government to see that duty is properly preformed. It is true that a certain number of recommendations made by the Committee may deal with details of purely internal management; but if the public is to retain confidence in the Association, the Association cannot afford to neglect any details.

In their report to Government the Committee stated that they thought that in some small part the general criticism against the Association's control of the Exchange was misconceived, but that on the whole the criticism and complaints were well founded. Government must accept this plain finding. Profound suspicion had undoubtedly been generated in the minds of the investing public regarding the adminstration of the Stock Exchange. Much of this suspicion was due to an ignorance of the conduct of the affairs of the Exchange for which the Directors of the Association are responsible. The report shows much laxity in the general administration Rules and regulations were post difficult to ascertain; some were printed, some have never been printed or published; and no one whether a member of the Association or the public, had any oppotunity of ascertaining exactly what rules were in force. The report also reveals supineness in enforcing such rules as there were, and in taking disciplinary measures against members of the Association.

The Committee summed up the results of the Enquiry in 20 recommendations. Out of these the Association state on page 31 of their report that they are willing to accept and adopt 11. These will be referred to hereafter.

CORNERS.

On the question of the treatment of Corners the Association do not accept the views of the Committee. The Committee found that Rules 26, 26 (A) 26 (kh) were "the fundamental cause of all embarrassment" in the affairs of the Association and proposed the abolition of these Rules. Around this point the great body of evidence taken has revolved.

The Committe have come to the conclusion that in order to suppress "the most sinister manifestation of speculation in Bombay, viz., the frequent occurrence of corners", there is only one cure; and that that the short sellers must be left to pay the penalty. The rule which they propose is as follows:—

"The Committee may suspend the buying in of securities when circumstances appear to them to make such suspension desirable in the general interest. The liability of intermediaries shall continue during such suspension unless otherwise determined by the Committee. The right conferred by this rule shall not be exercised in the case of corners or over-bought or oversold positions unless the Committee are satisfied that *prima facie* case of fraud has been established."

The existing rule to which such exception has been taken is given on page 15 of the printed report. It amounts to this: that the Board of the Association has authority to declare that a corner exists and to fix maximum rates above which trading shall not be allowed. The difficulty of this rule as has been candidly admitted by witnesses on behalf of the Association, is that it allowed the bears to continue selling short, knowing that their loss must be limited by the maximum fixed, while it put no limit upon their gain if the bull failed. The Association have therefore agreed to cancel the rule in its present form; but they maintain absolutely that to deprive the Board of the Association of all authority of interfering with coners, as the new rule proposes, is wrong in principle, and will not in effect being cure for corners, although it may have a disastrous effect on the Exchange market in times of excitement. For this reason they propose to substitute for the existing rule the modified rule proposed in the Minority Report which gives them power to declare a corner in any given security and to exclude it from the forward list.

Government have given their most serious consideration to this very difficult and contentious question. Whether the corners, which have damaged the fair name of Bombay in recent years, have been engineered by syndicates of bulls who deliberately set out with the intention of effecting a corner; or whether it be true, as the other school have argued, that no corner could be effected but for the reckless short selling of the bears, are questions which it is not necessary to debate in this resolution. The conclusion at which Government have arrived is that in agreeing to cut out from the rule the provision empowering them to fix maximum rates, the Association have removed the chief objection raised by any witness against the present rule; while in relating the power to exclude any scrip which is being manipulated the danger of the investing public they have retained what in the opinion of Government is a power which can be legitimately demanded by those who are directly responsible for the control of the market. The Association have agreed to adopt rules and regulations which it is hoped will result in a more businesslike conduct of affairs. Government therefore are prepared, and have that inn this they will have the support of the public to trust the Association with the power which this rule gives them. It will be for the Association to prove by their future administration that the public faith is justified, and is this end Government must require them to introduce at once the amended rules or report that they have already done so.

COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS

The following are the recommendations of the Committee which the Association stated in their reply that they are prepared to accept:—

(1) To provide in the rules for consideration of complainants by the public, on the condition that the member of the public concerned agrees to accept the decision.

(2) To strengthen and enforce more rigidly disciplinary rules.

(3) To employ a paid Secretary, who shall not be member of the Exchange.

(4) To enforce strict rules of partnership.

(5) To publish in English and the vernacular the rules, and make them available to the public.

(6) To exclude the publi[illegible] the present Sto[illegible] provision can[illegible] could send it to the Secre[illegible]apers. They wanted

(7) To [illegible] over points which note. [illegible] not good. Proceed[illegible] It was [illegible] for the [illegible] that "they called the lay down [illegible] of contract. It is under- Bill the "Commonwealth of India Bill". It stood that the Association are directing the was a good name and they had justified the use of 2 official forms as proposed in the claim that India should make her own conminority report. stitution by a study of Indian History and

(8) To fix a minimum scale of commission or brokerage.

(9) To insist on Companies using a common form of transfer.

(10) To publish a daily official list (if the public will buy it.)

Government consider this to be of more importance than the Association recognise. The cost is small and it is trusted that the Association will issue the list even at their own cost, if that prove necessary.

(11) To abandon the practice of balloting for admission to the forward list.

Government understand [illegible] the Association agree in theory [illegible]all Companies whose shares are fully paid and are registered in Bombay shall be entitled to admission to the forward list that they only are prevented from putting this theory into force at once by the impossibility of financing an extended clearing house.

(12) To abolish Sub-Brokers.

The Association are very half hearted in their acceptance of this recommendation, and to state that the remedy is with the public and not with them. Government are not at all satisfied that the Association cannot insist on greater control by its members over these Sub-Brokers or touts. Government cannot believe that members of Exchange are so careless or ignorant of their own business as to allow contracts to go out to public indifferently in their own name, or without their knowledge, in that of a Sub-Broker with whom they share the commission.

Of the recommendations which the Association decline to adopt, the following four are purely minor matters, the administration of which Government is content to leave to the decision of the Association:—

(1) That the name should be changed to the "City of Bombay Stock Exchange".

(2) That the dates of general meetings should be altered.

(3) That the Board should retire annually and be called a "Committee of Management."

(4) That the Arbitration Committee should be replaced by a panel of arbitrators.

A fifth recommendation was that the hours of business should be extended. The evidence showed that much heat was expended on the discussion of this question. Government do not desire to lay down any particular instructions, but only express a hope that in this matter the Association will show themselves responsive to public opinion.

A more important recommendation was that an annual declaration should be made by members as to the class of business they propose to undertake i.e., whether they intended to act as jobbers or brokers pure and simple. The division of Brokers into two classes of jobbers and brokers is one which will undoubtedly be for the benefit of the investing public; and the reply of the Association to this recommendation is not entirely convincing. But Government accept the views of the Association on the understanding that the rule will be enforced which prohibits members from trading on a client's order, and from trading on their own account in their client's securities without disclosing the fact on their contract notes. Division into classes will doubtless follow in the due course as business increases.

The only remaining recommendation relates to the abolition of blank transfers regarding which a reference has been made to the Government of India.

Government are confident that though investigations made by the Committee have not resulted in the recommendation of any drastic changes in the constitution of the administrative body yet the public enquiry has of itself not been without good effect and the publication of new rules adopting the recomendations which have been accepted by the Association will undoubtedly do much to restore public confidence in the Association which had been shaken. Government will now await a report from the Association stating the steps they have taken to publish and introduce the new rules.

SWARAJ CONSTITUTION.

DR. ANNIE BESANT EXPLAINS HER SCHEME.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 15.

Dr. Annie Besant delivered an interesting address on "Swaraj Constitution" at Albert Hall to-day, Sir Devaprasad Sarbadhikari presiding. There was a large attendance. Dr. Besant after giving a brief history of the movement which brought about the declaration of August, 1917 and the visit of Mr. Montagu to India and his tour with Lord Chelmsford which gave birth to their report on which the Reforms Bill of 1919 was based. We said that the Bill was in many ways unsatisfactory. The Congress said, "We had better work it" while others thought that it was better to leave that Bill alone. The only point with which she was concerned was that it was a partial measure. It did not try to establish self-Government in India; it was only a step in that direction and it was made at Westminister and not in India. She was asked whether India would ever be satisfied with any scheme that England made over there. Her answer was "No." India must make her own constitution. She had a long history behind her of thousands of years and she will never be satisfied with a scheme drawn by a Western nation and passed without consultation with her in a Western Parliament. Continuing, Mrs. Besant said: "After coming back to India, I started the idea of trying to draw the Indians together to consult over the Reforms that they desire, to form a constitution for themselves and then to present to Parliament to be passed by Parliament and not changed by it—to be passed as a statue of the realm. It is such a draft that I have here to-night; it is the result of three years' of work." After dealing with the part that two conferences of the National Convention played in drawing up the draft Bill, Dr. Besant said that at the first Conference they outline schemes which were the essentials, not of a partial measure, but of a measure so complete that India should never again want to go to Westminister for anything concerning her internal affairs. They thought that they had enough of piecemeal legislation. They did not want any more "steps" which never seemed to come nearer to the goal. They said to themselves "Let us have a Bill" a Home Rule Bill, a bill which will give India complete Dominion Status so that she shall be on an equality with the other Dominions and an equal partner in the Great Federation of Free Nations which include Great Britain and the Dominions." The draft Bill, she said, would be shortly sent to all the important papers both English and Vernacular and to all Associations in India, asking, for comments and criticisms, that any one wanted to bring an

Bill the "Commonwealth of India Bill". It was a good name and they had justified the claim that India should make her own constitution by a study of Indian History and the use of Indian materials. It is a thoughtful and carefully worded out Bill. You must remember that it will never pass through the Imperial Parliament unless it has India as a whole behind it." Concluding she made a fervent appeal for unity among all sections of the people so that India might show a solid front and said: "I pray to the High Gods that you may be inspired to do it; you were once the freest and the most spiritual of nations and you will give back to the West that which she had lost during the last few centuries and you will do it, I am sure." (Applause.)

BURMA NO-CHANGERS.

READY TO SPIN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Jan. 16.

The Governing Body of the Hlaing Pu-Gyaw, G.C.D.A., which represents the Council Boycott Section of the Burmese Nationalists, held three days' sessions which began on 12th. Several resolutions were passed. One of the resolutions expressed regret at the arrests; imprisonments and attachments of property of those not paying capitation tax within a few days of the demand long before January, 1925 in contravention of the Government notification which makes payment to fall due on 1st January.

Resolutions protesting against the appointment of special constables and the declaration of Wunthanu (National) associations under the Criminal Law Amendment Act was also passed. It was resolved that members of the G.C.D.A., should learn spinning and exhibit yarn they have spun at the next annual conference.

The conference finally passed a resolution thanking the Indian National Congress for taking up the question of Buddha Gaya, repression in Burma and the separation of Burma from India. The conference also considered the question of participating in the election of village committees formed under the Burma Village Act Amendment and resolved, after a lively discussion to decide the matter after ascertaining within a shortest possible time the opinion of the villagers.

PUNJAB COUNCIL PRESIDENT.

SHEIKH ABDUL QADIR ELECTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Jan. 16.

The Punjab Legislative Council met today at the Council Chamber at 2 p.m. Mr. Cassen, the outgoing president, presided. There was almost a full attendance of members and the visitors gallery was packed. There was an air of excitement and bustle in the Chamber owing to the election of the first non-official president. After the Council had passed a resolution of sympathy and condolence on the death of one of their colleagues Sardar Sangat Singh it proceeded to elect a new president.

A POINT OF ORDER.

Before the actual voting took place Mr. Labh Singh rose to a point of order saying that as the nomination of Sheikh Abdul Qadir, one of the two candidates for presidentship was proposed and seconded by the Ministers of Government it was against the established usage of parliamentary procedure and he asked the President whether the nomination paper of the candidate was valid. The president said that it was no doubt against Parliamentary procedure and it was not the usual practice in the House of Commons for the members occupying Ministerial positions to propose or second candidates for presidentship. But that was merely a usage and there was nothing in the rules of the Punjab Council or Standing Orders which could make the nomination paper invalid. He, therefore, declared the nomination paper valid.

Sir John Maynard announced that the official members would not vote in the election of the president. The ballot papers were then distributed to the members and the voting resulted in favour of Khan Bahadur Sheikh Abdul Qadir who received 41 votes against Gokal Chand Narang, leader of the Swaraj Party 32 votes. The President then declared amidst applause Sheikh Abdul Qadir elected. The newly elected President of the Council then proceeded to pay tributes on behalf of the Council to Mr. Casson, the retiring President.

TWO NOMINATIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Jan. 15.

Nomination papers for the Presidentship of the Punjab Legislative Council were received at noon to-day by the Legislative Department. Only two candidates have been nominated, Sheikh Abdul Quadir, the present Deputy President and Dr. Gokal Chand Narang, leader of the Swaraj Party in the Council.

A keen contest is expected in the election and active canvassing is going on. The election takes place to-morrow at 2 p.m. by ballot.

FORTHCOMING URS AT AJMERE.

APPEAL FOR RAILWAY CONCESSION TO PILGRIMS.

Mian Jan Mahomed Chotani and about four hundred other Muslims have addressed the following letter to the General Traffic Manager, B.B. and C. I. Railway Co., Bombay:—

"Sir,—We the undersigned Mahomedan public respectfully beg to approach with the following petition:—

That the annual festival of Khwaji Garib Newaz at Ajmere, which is considered very sacred by all Mussalmans, will commence on the 26th instant. As it must be well known to you that thousands of our co-religionists in this city betake themselves thither for this religious occasion. On similar occasions, in the past, the pilgrims were sympathetically given, as you will recollect, the special privilege of travelling between Bombay and Ajmere by Railway at concession rates. But since the War this practice has been discontinued by Railways, up to the present time.

Now we learn that the Railways have been good enough again to afford such concession tickets to those going on pilgrimages similar to that described above, as an instance of which we beg to mention the festival of the Khumbh Mela which took place recently in Allahabad.

Having related the above circumstances to you, we further beg to state that it is beyond the means of many people who would like to go to Ajmere for the purpose of the aforesaid festival to make the journey at the present heavy fares fixed by the Railways.

In these circumstances we pray that you will be pleased to make reduction in the fare from Bombay to Ajmere and to re-issue concession-tickets, as formerly, for the forthcoming festival referred above. This would be considered as a great blessing and an act of grace by our folk and would tremendously increase the traffic while the festival lasts.

In conclusion we hope you will kindly extend your sympathy toward us, as in the past."

NO TICKETS ON BANDIKUI-DELHI BRANCH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Jan. 16.

The Government of India have announced that no railway tickets will be issued to pilgrims from Rewari, Rajgarh or any intermediate station on Bandikui-Delhi Branch of the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway from 16th January, to 1st February. This step is taken to avoid the outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease in the district of Ajmere-Merwarh, where pilgrims are likely to assemble on the occasion of ensuing *urs* fair of Dargah-e-Khwajah Sahib.

BOHRAS AND WAKFS ACT.

(CONTRIBUTED.)

IV*

Some idea has been given in the preceding article of the immense resources at the disposal of the Dawoodi Bohras which can be directed to educational and other beneficient purposes by the application of the Mussalman Wakfs Act of 1923. The large majority of the Bohra community are as keenly alive to the necessity of the enforcement of the Act as any other section of the Mussalman community. Unfortunately, the Government of Bombay have not only failed to realise the effect of the memorable judgment of Justice Marten in the Chandbhoy 'Gulla' case but have also paid scant regard to the wishes of the majority of the Dawoodi Bohra community who, as is mentioned in a memorial on their behalf to His Excellency the Governor, received to their utter disappointment, the reply dated June 4, 1924 from His Excellency's Government that the latter had decided to exempt the Dawoodi Bohras from the operation of the Act. The decision is not only inconsistent with the law as laid down in Justice Marten's judgment and calculated to defeat the intention of the Legislature, but it is also unwaranted on the ground that it is based on a total disregard of the wishes of the majority of the Dawoodi Bohras which under the Act ought to be the only determining consideration with the Government. It is, on the other hand, quite clear that the interests and wishes of the community as well as the legal position regarding the trust properties demand that the Bohras should not be deprived of the benefits of the Wakfs Act. The attitude adopted by the Mullaji Saheb in the Chandabhoy 'Gulla' case gives rise to the suspicion that efforts are being made by his entourage to secure exemption for the Bohra community in the interests of the Mullaji Saheb.

Extravagant Claims.

The claims made on behalf of the Mullaji Saheb are well-known and have been described in Justice Marten's judgment. These claims were put forward in the Chandabhoy case by the principal witnesses on behalf of the Mullaji Saheb. The Dawat and Bohra trust properties, according to them, are vested in the Mullaji Saheb by the virtue of his office as Dai or head of the community and that on his death they pass to his successors in office and not to his heirs, but that there is no charitable trust enforceable in a Court of Law and that the Mullaji Saheb is not accountable to anybody except the Imam in seclusion. In support of this they alleged that the Mullaji Saheb was the representative of God on earth, and, as such infallible and immaculate, and master of the mind, property, body and soul of his followers who were bound to obey him implicitly without questioning any of his acts, and that he was entitled to take any property from his followers whether trust or private property, and, if the former, to alter and cancel the trusts and that there could be no such thing in the Dawood Bohra community as a permanent irrevocable charitable trust. In the earlier stages of the Chandabhai Case it was even contended by Counsel for the Defendants that the Mullaji Saheb was in effect God or for all purposes God and the suit against him was a sacrilege. The former contention was eventually withdrawn but it was claimed for the Mullaji Saheb that though he had not the rank he had the powers of Prophet Mahomed and that he was a saint or *wali*. How extravagant, indeed, were the claims made for the Mullaji Saheb will be clear from the following extracts in which Mr. Binning, his Counsel, defined his client's position:—

"I say that this suit property is mine as spiritual head of the community. I say that I hold this as representative of God and I am accountable to God only. The money as given to me as Mullaji Saheb: Mullaji Saheb means representative of God: therefore, I hold this as representative of God. Any gift a Bohra makes he makes with the full knowledge and intention that it will be the absolute property of Mullaji. He does so because he regards the Mullaji as direct representative of God and, therefore, entrusts money to him. In effect Mullaji Saheb is God. The tenets of this community are peculiar. I enlarge my admission. I say that my contention applies to all mosques, gullas, tombs, cemetries and religious institutions of the Bohra community."

"Representative of God."

Later Mr. Binning qualified his contention and stated that it was not his case that either the Mullaji or the Imam was God. He was, he added, merely the representative of God. He finally contended that his client had the right in his religion to seize the property of his followers. These claims so far as they affected the accountability of the Mullaji Saheb for trust properties were disallowed by Justice Morten, but they sufficiently explain why it is that an endeavour is being made by interested parties to secure the exemption of the Bohra trusts from the operation of the Wakfs Act. In the next article it will be shown how difficult it is, owing to the position which the Mullaji Saheb occupies, for the real voice of the Bohra community to assert itself and defeat this endeavour and how consequently it is the duty of the State to safeguard the rights and interests of the community by allowing the law of the land to take its course.

*Previous articles in the series appeared on 9th, 12th and 15th instant respectively.

LABOUR ORGANISATION.

(BY JOSEPH BAPTISTA.)

I forgot to mention that the League acts as the Banker of the Labour Organisation. The Budget for 1925 provides a total expenditure of 7,199,595 Swiss francs. The Budget grant for the Sessions of 1925 of the Conference is fixed at 264,000 francs; and 105,000 francs for the Sessions of the Governing Body. This is exclusive of the travelling and subsistence expenses of the Delegates and their advisers which is borne by the respective Governments. There is a curious grant which adorns all budgets under the heading of "Entertainment Allowances." For 1925 this is placed at 85,000 Swiss francs, of which 30,000 are for the Director, 12,500 for the Deputy Director, 12,500 for the Chairman of the Governing Body, and 30,000 for the Entertainment Fund. We are accustomed to regard these as corrupt practices, but it is apparently common on the Continent and reminds me of the hospitality of the Zemindars of Sind and the Governor of Bombay. This is generous compared with the eleemosynariness of the Government of India towards the Labour Representative of India.

Anthrax.

The episode re Anthrax evolved more heat than light at the Conference. As we have not seen the last of the Mohicans a brief resume of the problem would prove instructive. "Anthrax is a disease of world-wide distribution among animals. It is transmitted to man through such animal products as wool, hair, skins and hides, and is specially liable to attack workers engaged in industries in which such materials are used in processes of manufacture. In man it takes two forms: external (cutaneous), in which the prospect of a cure depends more or less on the time taken to recognise and treat it, and internal (pulmonary and gastro-intestinal), which is practically always fatal. Although workpeople are remarkably stoical in their attitude to industrial diseases, Anthrax is one which creates alarm among them more readily than any others" per Sir William Middlebrook. Dr. Gilbert of Belgium, while recognising that it is an extremely dangerous industrial disease, observes:—"Fortunately it is a disease against which human beings have considerable power of resistance—hence it generally happens that the lesion is a local one. There is also a general internal form which is . . . so rare that its existence is actually denied by some bacteriologists." In England "recurrent outbreaks of the disease caused considerable unrest in the labour world and led to insistent demand that adequate protection should be conferred on those engaged in handling dangerous materials. . . . In 1918 a British Committee of Enquiry appointed to advise what regulations and precautions could be adopted in factories to combat the constantly growing incidence of Anthrax, recommended the abandonment of the system of regulations and the adoption of a method of disinfecting wool which had been discovered after long and careful experiments conducted on behalf of the Committee, and which secures the complete destruction of spores without damaging the material, and can be carried out at a cost not burdensome to the wool trade. . . . Following on the Committee's Report power was taken by the British Government to prohibit the importation of materials likely to be infested with Anthrax unless previously disinfected, and to set up and carry on Disinfecting Stations. A Government disinfecting station has been established at Liverpool, and, as a commencement, the importation of East Indian goat hair and Egyptian wool and animal hair, which are two of the more dangerous varieties, has been prohibited except on the conditions that they are landed at that port and disinfected at the station. . . . The whole process from the opening of the bales to their re-packing can be carried out automatically . . . conferring adequate protection against infection on the persons engaged on the Works" per Sir William Middlebrook. The protection of workers from Anthrax was taken up at Washington in 1919 and at Geneva in 1921. The question was raised to the importance and dignity of an International Question. In pursuance of the Resolution of the Labour Conference, an Advisory Committee was constituted by the Governing Body in 1922 consisting of representatives from Australia, Belgium, France, Germany, Great Britain, India, Italy, Japan, South Africa, Sweden and the United States of America. The Committee's investigation was not confined to wool and hair, but was extended to hides and skins, horns and hoops, bones and prevention of Anthrax among flocks. The Committee inspected the Disinfecting Station at Liverpool and expressed a favourable opinion as to the effectiveness of the disinfecting process employed. The Committee submitted their Report to the Governing Body embodying certain proposals. This Report formed an item of the Agenda for 1924 and was referred for consideration and report to the Anthrax Committee. This Anthrax Committee separated the proposals of the Advisory Committee regarding wool and hair from the rest of their recommendations and committed the latter to a Sub-Committee. The Sub-Committee practically concurred with the conclusions of the Advisory Committee and its report was unanimously adopted by the Anthrax Committee. They then recommended as follows:—

I. To inscribe on the Agenda of a future Conference:—

A.—A *Draft Convention* on compulsory disinfection:

(a) of horse hair used in the brush-making and upholstering industries (except in the case of pigs' bristles);

(b) of horns and hoops prior to all industrial manipulation.

B.—A *Draft Recommendation* providing for adequate regulation:

(a) in relation to bones;

(b) in relation to the manipulation of horns and hoops prior to their use in industry.

II. To request in addition that the International Labour Office should undertake a study of adequate regulation having for its aim the protection of transport workers against various infections to whit they are specially exposed.

In the matter of the flocks the Anthrax Committee adopted the Advisory Committee's proposal of "Collaboration between the International Labour Office and the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome" with a proviso:—"The prevention of Anthrax amongst flocks is the essential condition for the prophylaxis of Anthrax amongst human beings." There now remained the controversial case of wool and hair.

Wool and Hair.

The Anthrax Committee carefully considered the scientific aspect of disinfection at Liverpool. It accepted the favourable opinion of the experts of the bacteriological value of the disinfection method followed at Liverpool and was satisfied with its efficacy though it cannot be said to be the only possible method. Opinion was divided regarding the reduction in the co-efficient of elasticity and difference intent between sterilised and non-sterilised wool constituting a grave defect for the operation of weaving counted wool and the mixture of disinfected wool with wool exempted from disinfection. The process was unpractical for wool which required sorting before washing, and it was contended that wool that did not require sorting before washing was extremely small; but the rejoinder was that the wools require disinfection is not of the class which require sorting. The process was costly, but it was contended that the cost could be reduced, and the scouring process augments the value of the raw material. The cost of erecting disinfection stations was prohibitive, but the British expert explained that Great Britain was prepared to extend the station to meet all the requirements of her trade. But this would create a practical monopoly for England as all wool would have to be diverted to Liverpool before distribution to other parts of the world. But the most unanswerable argument was that the risk of infection was very slight in the majority of European countries with the exception of Great Britain; and in Great Britain the figures were not formidable. According to the official statistics they worked out at an average of six per annum which would mean that one English life could be assessed at £100,000. At the Conference Sir Louis Kershaw emphasised this aspect:—"For the first time in the history of the long discussion on this question we have had statistics, and we now learn for the first time in the history of the long discussion that this disease is responsible for only 9 deaths in a year, 6 of which occurred in England, and 3 in the rest of the world. When we see these figures we immediately recover our sense of proportion, and the figures dispel at once the myth, the legend, that has grown up that anthrax among wool-workers is a great industrial disease" But according to Ben Tillett one dodur is "worth the gang of Anglo-Indian capitalists, employers and Government officials. Mr. Rhys Danes, Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Home Affairs, Home Office was not daunted by statistics:—"Let me tell my friend..... that if he can show me that there are three or four or even one worker lying in Belgium from an industrial disease as terrible as anthrax, I will issue to his aid on that account..... ...The two issues are these: human life and commercialism. That is the issue, which shall prevail? We plead here to-day for the former." But this sentiment of humanity was greatly discounted when the Advisory Committee excluded from disinfection "materials grown in any given country and intended to be used in that country." The British humanitarians were not concerned if Indian died of anthrax contracted from wool grown in India. Besides Britain can prohibit the importation of disinfected wool in extension of its prohibition against East Indian goat-hair and Egyptian wool and animal hair. For William Middlebrook unwittingly let the cat out of the bag when he wrote:—"But perhaps the most important argument in favour of international action is that if disinfection is introduced by the isolated action of individual countries, there is the risk that the trade in infected materials may be diverted to countries where they are not required to be disinfected." The effect of this is not only to inflict an injury on the countries from which the trade is diverted but also to spread the disease among animals and human beings in the countries in which it is diverted." This is not humanitarianism but commercialism consistent with the predisposition of a nation of shop-keepers or "prudent-shop keepers" as described by Mr. Humbert Wolfe C.B.E., Principal Assistant Secretary in the Ministry of Labour. No wonder the majority report of the Anthrax Committee was adopted by the Conference 86 votes against 5 recommending that no action should be taken.

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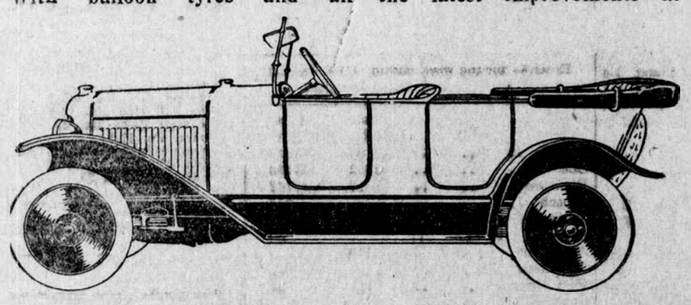

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IN AID OF THE RIFFS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The British Red Crescent Society beg to enclose herein copy of a letter from Capt. Spencer Pryse, who accompanied Capt. Gordon-Canning into the Riff country for investigating, on the Society's behalf, the medical relief needed by the non-combatant population and the sick and wounded.

The Committee rely on your courtesy to publish the letter in your columns.—Yours, etc.

G. P. HOLDEN.

18, Sloane Street, S. W. 1. for the Society.
December, 24 1924.

COPY.

Sevile Club,
Piccadilly, W.

Dear Mr. Ameer Ali,

As you know a chief object which Captain Gordon-Canning and I had in view during our visit to the Riff was the collecting of definite information as to the need for medical aid.

Among a people of something over a million, of whom practically all males of military age take their place in the fighting line by turn, there is no medical service whatever; nor any stores except those which have gone in recently as a gift from your Society.

For this gift, the gratitude of the Rifi was extraordinary. The fact, more especially, that their co-religionists in the British Empire were ready to help in this practical way appeared to them a most wonderful thing.

The Rifi are a robust race. Sickness is rare, and in many cases they make quick recovery from their wounds. But the fact remains that there is a vast amount of avoidable suffering. Not only men, but women and children are crippled for life where the most elementary surgery might have affected a radical cure.

There is no defence whatever against gas attack, and where bombing with asphyxiating gas has taken place death provides the sole alleviation.

If the funds to equip a medical mission, with both personnel and material were available, there is no doubt a great human service could be perfomed.

Yours sincerely,
(Sd) Geral Spencer Bryse.

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.

NET PROFIT OF RS. 30,00,000.

The net profit of the Central Bank of India Ltd. for the year ending 31st December, 1924, including the sum of Rs. 6,42,781-13-2, brought forward from the last year's account, amounts to Rs. 30,00,653-0-0, which the Directors have disposed of as follows:—

	Rs.	
An ad-interim dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum paid for the half year ended 30th June 1924, on 6,72,528 shares of Rs. 25 each at Rs. 14-0 per share	8,40,660	0
Amount set aside to bring the investments, including the Tata Iron & Steel Preference shares, to their market value	3,00,000	0 0
Amount set aside for contingencies	3,09,000	0 0
Amount set aside for depreciation on investments in land and buildings.	2,00,000	0 0
Amount set aside for Income tax and Super tax	1,50,000	0 0
Final dividend at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, free of Income-tax, for the half-year ended 31st December, 1924 on 6,72,528 shares of Rs. 25 each	8,40,660	0 0
Amount carried forward to next year's account	3,69,338	0 0
	Rs. 30,00,653	0 0

AN APPEAL TO INDIA.

Mr. C. F. Andrews asks us to publish the following appeal to the people of India concerning the export of opium from India to the Far East:—

At the reopening of the Opium Conference at Geneva where the whole question of the opium traffic from India to the Far East will be decided, I sincerely appeal to the people of India, whom I have learned deeply, to respect during my stay in their country to raise their voice against this nefarious trade and to convey their own wishes to the Geneva Conference while it is sitting to discuss the suppression of the opium traffic. The world may hear the voice from India saying that Indians themselves not only dislike the cultivation of this hateful plant for their own consumption in India, but they also abhor the idea that hundreds of tons of opium are annually poured forth from India for the destruction of the inhabitants of the Far East where millions of men and women are drugged and degenerated and their homes wrecked by this poison. It has often been alleged that the Government of India carries on this traffic with the consent of the Indian people. I personally cannot believe this is true and we who are Chinese disbelieve it also. On the strength of this faith which we have in the Indian people I appeal to you to make it unmistakably clear to the international delegates now at Geneva that you people of India oppose with all your heart and soul the continuance of this ungodly traffic. The happiness of my Chinese fellow-countrymen in Singapore and other parts of the Far East and the honour of you Indians as a high-minded and disinterested nation are involved in this question. May God grant you to make and reach a decision.

(Sd.) LIM NGO-CHIANG.

January, 12th, 1925.
Santiniketan.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

Cholera has broken out in epidemic form in the District of Chittagong.

* * * *

The King has awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross to Squadron-Leader A. J. Capel, R. A. F., for service in Waziristan.—A. P.

* * * *

Owing to the resignation of Maulvi Abdul Karim there will be a by-election for the East Bengal Mahomedan Constituency of the Council of State, on Friday 16th

* * * *

In the anthropological section of the Indian Science Congress, Benares, Prof. P. C. Manalanobis, delivered his presidential address on "The Race Mixture of Bengal."

* * * *

A meeting of the Punjab Congress Committee will be held at Lahore on the 18th instant to consider the future Congress programme of work in the Punjab. The Swarajists have been specially invited to attend the meeting.

* * * *

Pandit Nekiram of the "Sandesh" appeals to all Hindus regarding the Kohat affairs in strong terms requesting them to observe one day as Kohat Day for offering prayers and collecting funds for the sufferers of Kohat.

* * * *

Benares, Jan. 16. At the Geology section of the Indian Science Congress, Dr. G. E. Pilgrim read a paper on the past history and migrations of the Indian Mammals.—A. P.

* * * *

The District Court of Ahmedabad has appointed Mr. H. B. Shivdasani, M.L.C. manager of the Industrial Bank of Western India, to be the Official Liquidator of the Whittle Spinning and Manufacturing Co. Ltd., for the winding up of which Sheth Somnath Rupjidas, a shareholders of the Company, made a petition.—A. P.

* * * *

The Kumaon Conference was held at Bageshwar, hundred miles interior of the Himalayas on 12th and 13th. Mr. C. S. Rangaiyar, M.L.A. who presided emphasised the Constructive Programme of the Congress and exhorted the audience to concentrate on hand spinning and increase manufacture of woollen cloth.

"HALLO REUBENS!"

(Continued from page 9.)

force even if the legislature refuses to vote the necessary amount, and in such a contingency, people will back Government in resorting to their powers Adequate police *bandobast* is necessary for fostering the City's trade and commerce which is the pivot of the trade and commerce of the whole Presidency.

THE "SANJ VARTMAN."

But on the present occasion we earnestly appeal both to the Government and the Police that not a single stone will be left unturned to bring the culprits to book and no persons however exalted or influential will be allowed to go unpunished says the "Sanj Vartman". On the present occasion the whole reputation of the Government as well as the Police is at stake. The present crime is not an ordinary crime. We have crime and tragedy of our own quite enough and more to spare to be overburdened with the crime and plotting imported from outside. The whole of Bombay is anxiously waiting to see what steps are taken by the Police to bring the culprits to book. The full machinery of the Government and all the resources at the command of the Police ought to be set in motion to unravel the tragic mystery. The very fact that the culprits were well provided with money, shows that they had done the deed under powerful instigation Sordid theft was not the motive of the crime. At the back of the desperadoes there are person or persons who ought to be dragged out. An example ought to be made of them.

THE "HINDUSTAN."

The "Hindustan" after dwelling on the details of the crime and lack of proper police "bandobast" in the city draws attention to "the plight of Mumtaz Begum." She in her application (before the Second Presidency Magistrate) says that she is 21, while some allege her to be 27. Taking the mean she might be now about 24. Some years ago i.e. when she left Indore for Amritsar she must be aged 20 She must have lived in Indore "three or four years" i.e. she must have been cooped up in State palace at the age of 16 or 17 She is a British subject hailing from Amritsar and what right, asks the paper, has "any royal personage or authorities" to entice away a girl of such tender age. Her mother was a singer, yet the fact that Mumtaz Begum was not sent to Indore willingly is apparent from the case she (the mother) had brought to take possession of her (Mumtaz Begum). The British Government enact laws for the protection of minor girls, and those who break them are sent to jail. But does the (British) Government care to know how many such minor girls are entrapped, by Rajahs and Durbars, from the British territory? Indian States are the dens of "horrible sins," and they, according to Mahatmaji's advice, should be either ended or mended.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 16.

In the share market in jutes a further fall in hessians accentuated the declining tendency in the market and few buyers were in evidence. Towards the close however prices rallied. In coals business reported in this section show no variation in prices. Teas evinced a weak feeling and sellers were obliged to accept reduced offers. In miscellaneous there is no fresh features to record. Government securities were unaltered in the tone. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—3½ per cent. Government paper Rs. 67/7. 5 per cent. war loan 1929-47 94/. 5 per cent loan 1945-55 99/1. Do. 1932 103/8.

Darjeeling Himalayan Railway pref 80.

Cottons: Bengal Nagpore Cotton 25/12.

Jutes:—Anckland 292. Barnagore 179 Belvedere 601. Champdany 210, Clive 45/4. Dalhousie 460/8. Fort Gloster 980, Do. pref 116, Fort William 418/8. Hooghly ord 86/8. Do pref 14/8. Howrah 45/12. Hukumchand ord 10/8. Kamarhatty 650. Kankinarah 807. Lawrence 655. Lothian 453. National 33. New Central 675. Northbrook 61/12. Orient 222. Presidency 8/8. Reliance 64/8. Standard 480. Union 651.

Coals:—Bengal 583. Bhalgora 10/8 Borrea 19/6. Burrakur 29/12. Damagurria 18. Gopadichuck 11/6. Huntofolh 5/2 Talcher 7/4.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Telephone Corporation pref 10. Marshall and Co. 3/6. Madan Theatres 3/6 Midnapore Zemindary 116.

Tea Companies:—Bishnauth 31/12 East India 33 Hoorajuli 18/4. Namburnadi 12/8. New Purnabari 15/6. Sarol 25.

Exchange bank telegraphic transfer was one shilling five and twenty-seven thirty-second pence and demand bills were one shilling five and seven eighth pence.

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVAL.

Jan. 16.

S S Bellitown, Spener, Durban.
S S Comeric, Unie, New York.
S S Naldera, Coldwell, London.
S S Murroran Maru, Masuda, Kobe.

DEPARTURES.

Jan. 17.

S S City of London, Martin, Liverpool via Karachi.
S S Salina, Caltarivich, Trieste via Karachi.
S S Jalavijaya, Beatson, Rangoon.
S S Narkunda, Evans, London.
S S Dogra, Hartoch, Java.

LOADING.

January 16.

Steamer Jalavihar for Rangoon.
Steamer Belmaso for Antwerp.
Steamer Lanterfels for Antwerp.
Steamer Ahmedi for Persian Gulf.
Steamer Varela for Persian Gulf.

S S Naldera:—The P and O S N Company's English mail steamer Naldera, 8856 tons, Captain G J Coldwell, arrived in harbour yesterday from London with the outward mails of the 1st inst. a general cargo and 184 passengers.

S S Comeric:—The F F Campbell Company's steamer Comeric, 3328 tons, Captain Unie, arrived in harbour yesterday from New York with a general cargo.

S S Murroran Maru:—The N Y K steamer Murroran Maru, 3251 tons, Captain G Masuda, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, with a general cargo.

S S City of London:—The City Line steamer City of London 5714 tons, Captain D Martin, will sail today from harbour for Liverpool via Karachi, with a general cargo.

S S Salina:—The Lloyd T Company's steamer Salina 7349 tons, Captain R Caltarevich, will sail to-day from harbour for Trieste, via Karachi with a general cargo.

S S Jalavijaya:—The Scindia S N Company's steamer Jalavijaya, 9705 tons, Captain A Beatson, will sail to-day from harbour for Rangoon, with a general cargo.

S S Narkunda:—The P and O S N Company's English mail steamer Narkunda, 9705 tons, Captain H G Evans, will sail to-day from harbour for London, with the homeward mails a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(FRDIAY, January 16, 1925.)

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

Shed.

Jetty Soudan, 4218, China 3/2 M M & Co.
2 Naldera 8856 London, 31/1 M M & Co.
4 Frogner, 3323, Colombo 16/1, Graham T and Co.
5 Karoa 3607 Durban 21/1 M M & Co.
6 Liebenfels 3852, K'chi 21/1 L Edwards Co.
7 Castalia 4171 L'pool 24/1 Grahams Trdg. Co. Ld.
9 Pentamy, 2182, Dunkirk, 16/1, Grahams Trading Co.
11 Lanterfels 3349 K'chi N F. L Edwards Co.
12 Homestead, 4122, NF, 20/1, Vol. Bros
14 Atago Maru, 4670, Japan, 22/1, N Y Kaisha.
16 Leominster, 2353, N.F., N.F., T M and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Garada 3218 N F, N F, M M & Co.
2 Gruymead, 2442, Dunkirk, 20/1, T M and Co.
3 Barala 1899 P. Gulf, 21/1 M M & Co.
6 Bahadur 2936 Cal, 20/1 T M & Co.
7 Gange 1933, Genoa 20/1 L Tricstino.
9 Kidderpore 3263 Kobe, 24/1 M M & Co.
9 Altai Maru, 4847, Kobe, 17/1 O S Kaisha.
10 and 11 Sado Maru, 3 027, Kobe, 20/1 N Kaisha.
12 & 13 Jalavihar 3281 N F, NF, S S N Co.
15 Waroonga 1341, Busreh 21/1 M M & Co.

PRINCES DOCK.

C & R Sumatra Maru, 4272, Kobe 24/1 O S Kaisha.
F Jeypore, 3209, Japan, 20/1, M M and Co.
L M Sunheath 3874, N F, N F, K N & Co.
P Tokushima Maru, 4257, Japan, 20/1, N Y Kaisha.

LIST OF STEAMERS EXPECTED IN BOMBAY.

BRITISH MAIL STEAMERS.

Naldera due about 23rd January, Agent, P and O Co.
Kaiser-i-Hind due about 30th January, Agent P and O Co.
Maloja due about, 6th February, Agent P and O S N Co.
Devanha due about 13th February, Agent P & O S N Co.
Mantua due about 20th February, Agent P & O S N Co.
Caledonia due about 27th February, Agent P & O S N Co.

FROM LONDON.

Naringa due about 17th January, Agent M M & Co.
Morvada due about 20th January, Agent M M and Co.
Mandala due about 9th February, Agent M M Co.
Domala due about 23rd February, Agent M M Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Tarantia due about 25th January, Agent Graham T Co.
Clan Macfarlane due about 17th January, Agent J F Co.
Clan Macquarie (not fixed), Agent J F Co.
Clan Macindo due about 8th February Agent J F Co.
City of Newcastle due about 17th January, Agent K N Co.
City of Exeter due about 1st February, Agent K N Co.
Scindia due about 12th February, Agent Graham T. Co.
City of Paris, due about 12th February, Agent K N Co.
City of Simla, about about 23rd February Agent K N Co.
S S Massilia due about 25th February, Agent Graham T Co.

FROM HULL.

Othello due about 18th January, Agent J F Co.
Ariosto (not fixed) Agent J F Co.

FROM HAMBURG

Birkenfels due about 21st January, Agent L Edward.
Wartenfels due about 31st January, Agent L Edward.

FROM GOTHENBURG.

Ceylon due about 20th January, Agent Graham T Co.
Nippon due about 12th February, Agent Graham T Co.
Atna due about 20th February, Agent Graham T Co.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Streefkerk, due about 25th January, Agent E D Sassoon Co.
Sommelsdijk due about 15th February Agent E D Sassoon Co.
Andijk due about 4th March, Agent E D Sassoon and Co.

FROM TRIESTE

Chera due about 19th January, Agent L T Co.
Pilsna due about 18th January, Agent L T Co.

FROM GENOA.

Genoa due about 31st January, Agent M. Italiana.
Isarco due about 22nd January, Agent M Italiana.

FROM NEW YORK.

Romeo due about 22nd January, Agent F F Campbell Co.
Egremont due about 19th January, Agent Volkart Bros.
Jalapa due about 8th February, Agent Volkart Bros.

FROM KOBE.

Rangoon Maru, due about 21st January Agent N Y Kaisha.
Tamba Maru, due about 27th January, Agent N Y Kaisha.

FROM CHINA.

Sicilia due about 8th February, Agent P and O S N Co.
Dongola due about 18th February, Agent and O S N Co.

FROM DURBAN

Karagola due about 24th January, Agent M M Co.
Karapara due about 7th February, Agent M M Co.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, 15th January 1925.

S S Castalia for Liverpool:—500 cwt yellow millet, Amin & Sons; 15 bales wool, The Bombay Co. Ld.; 200 bales wool, B Harbham & Co.; 20 bales cotton, B Meyer & Co.; 205 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co. Ld; 8 bales wool Cox & King's Shipping Agency Ld. 95 bales wool The Bombay Co Ld

S S Castalia for Passages—100 bales cotton Japan Cotton T Co Ld

S S Castalia for Glasgow:—11 bundles shooks Phipson & Co Ld 3 bundles hoops (5 cwt) Phipson & Co Ld

S S Castalia for New York:—34 bales dry salted goat skins, Briskey Co

S S Castalia for Piraeus:—59 bales cotton yarn, The Swadeshi Mills Co Ld

S S Castalia for Salonica:—20 bales cotton yarn, The Central India S W & M Co Ld

S S Castalia for Philadelphia:—156 casks wet salted goat skins, Briskey Co

S S Liebenfels for Rotterdam:—600 cwt ground nuts, E D Sassoon & Co Ld.; 306 cwt mustard seed, J Dayali; 56 bales cotton, Rali Bros.

S S Homestead for New York:—1 cask sheep intestines (5 cwt.) S M H Kadarbakhsh; 10 cwt sheep casings, M H Dehdashti; 454 cwt. castor seed, Volkart Bros.; 320 bales cotton, The Patel Cotton Co Ld.

S S Gruymead for Dunkirk:—6000 cwt. ground nuts, Rali Bros.; 2000 cwt ground nuts Strauss & Co. Ld.; 165 bales cotton, Vurdhman Bros.; Ld.; 165 bales cotton, F F Campbell & Co. Ld.; 110 bales cotton, E Spinner & Co.; 1000 cwt linseed, Strauss & Co. Ld.

S S Gange for Genoa:—110 bales cotton, Khimji Visram & Co.

S S Gange for Naples:—1 case cotton curtains C Khilumall.

S S City of London for Liverpool:—55 bales cotton waste B Kapsonda s& Co.

S S City of London for Antwerp: 165 bales cotton, Vurdhman Bros, Ld.

S S Salina for Varna:—23 bales cotton yarn, R Shantilal & Co.

S S Salina for Constenza:—25 bales cotton sheeting, Gosho K Kaisha Ld. 15 bales cotton sheeting, Japan Cotton T Co. Ld.

S S Narkunda for London:—8 cwt mother of pearl sheets, J Purmanand & Co. 25 bundles senna leaves (87½ cwt) J Purmanand & Co.

S S Kidderpore for Kobe:—600 bales cotton M Amersey & Co.

S S Kidderpore for Shanghai:—1000 bales bales cotton, The Patel Cotton Co. Ld.

S S Kidderpore for Osaka:—800 bales cotton Amersey & Sons.

S S Altai Maru for Moji:—100 bales cotton Gosho K Kaisha Ld.; 100 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha Ld.;

S S Altai Maru for Yokaichi:—500 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co. Ld.

S S Altai Maru for Osaka:—200 bales cotton Gosho K Kaisha Ld.; 900 bale[illegible]zuki [illegible] Ltd., 500 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co. Ld.

S S Atlai Maru for Nagasaki:—500 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co Ld.

S S Altai Maru for Kobe:—200 bales cotton, Suzuki & Co. Ld.; 200 bales cotton, H Rambhagat & Co.; 100 bales cotton, G V Lanke; 250 bales cotton Toyo M Kaisha Ld.

S S Jeypore for Yokaichi:—1000 bales cotton, Gosho K Kaisha Ld.

S S Jeypore for Kobe.—1000 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha Ld. 1000 bales cotton Rali Bros.

S S Sado Maru for Shanghai:—4 cwt ivory, K Ramlal. 3/4 cwt pistachio nuts, E Judah.

S S Sado Maru for Moji:—200 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha Ld.;

S S Sado Maru for Hongkong:—60 cwt. shark fins, R Dhanji & Co. 132 cwt shark fins, E Moledina; 3 cwt fishmaws, E Moledina.

S S Sado Maru for Nagasaki:—500 bales cotton Ozu Burin & Co. Ld.

S S Sado Maru for Yokaichi:—500 bales cotton, Gosho K Kaisha Ld.; 500 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co. Ld.

S S Sado Maru for Kobe:—500 bales cotton, Gosho K Kaisha Ld. 500 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha Ld.

S S Tokushima Maru for Hongkong:—300 bales cotton twist, Sassoon J David & Co. Ld.

S S Tokushima Maru for Shanghai:—500 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha Ld.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, 15th January 1925.

S S Mirzapore from London. Agents:—Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co.:—

From London:—35 cases candles, 236 bundles candles, 1 case lubricating oil, 10 cases compound lubricating oil 30 barrels lubricating grease 530 drums varnish, 106 cases varnish, 26 cases paper 31 bales paper, 308 bales old clothing, 600 cases old newspaper, 19 cases old newspaper, 814 cases brandy, 149 cases confectionery, 505 cases gin, 100 cases wine, 240 cases beer, 40 cases Rum, 140 cases Champagne, 25 cases Jams, 15 cases Hams, 189 cases Eau de Vie, 30 cases Composition 160 cases Gripe water; 15 cases Lemon Squash, 70 cases Melins Food; 25 cases White enamel, 32 cases medicina leream, 228 cases Medicines; 25 cases Turpentine, 20 drums Turpentine, 100 drums distemper, 20 cases Distemper 73 cases colour, 40 casks colour 100 casks Asphalte; 106 crates glass bottles, 16 cases glass bottles; 230 cases Lime juice, 20 cases Bale, 50 cases herrings, 20 cases Sardines, 18 cases Starch 100 cases Winearnis; 111 cases Boot polish ,146 cases castor oil, 45 cases Oilman's Stores, 60 cases Provisions. 49 cases Quinine; 77 cases Vinegar, 174 cases Biscuits, 40 cases Barley, 150 cases Fruit Salt 46 cases cable, 53 cases Invalid food, 185 cases common soap, 49 cases Toilet soap, 13 cases Essential oil, 24 cases mustard, 51 cases cigarettes, 68 cases Emulsion 96 packages Emulsion, 18 packages gum myrrah: 23 packages Syrup, 66 cases Syrup, 2 cases Ivory, 20 tusks Ivory, 36 Ingots bronze 80 kegs white lead, 30 kegs red lead, 2392 kegs paint, 50 cases paint, 400 drums paint, 1032 Stoneware jars; 500 D/bags sulphate of Ammonia 180 drum Sanitary fluid, 20 drums linseed oil, 90 drums disinfectant fluid, 250 casks cement 20 bags Gelatine, 80 tins glue 50 barrels grapes, 200 bundles yellow metal sheets.

From Middlesbro:—400 drums paint, 2523 bundles Galvd. sheets, 325 Angles, 26 joists, 195 steel plates.

From Antwerp: 45 bales paper, 500 coils Wire, 100 bales straw boards, 17 casks Aniline Dyes, 20 casks Acetate of soda 51 casks tubes, 217 pieces Tubes, 1474 bundles tubes, 58 bundles galvd. sheets 65 pieces galvd sheets, 325 pieces steel plates, 5195 pieces steel bars 62 bundles steel sheets, 1637 bundles hoops, 359 pieces steel tees, 930 bags caraway sed. 317 bags Bolts and Nuts, 271 cases Window glass 98 cases Cheese 141 cases Wine 50 cases Tiles.

S S Jehangir from Red Sea Ports. Agents Turner Morrison & Co.:—

From Jeddah:—7 cases specie.

From Aden:—55 bundles Alkali 30 cases sweet oil.

S S Somerton from Mauritius. Agents F F Campbell & Co. Ld.:—

From Mauritius:—38085 bags sugar, 16206 bags sugar crystal.

COMMERCIAL.

(Continued from page 5.)

LINSEED.

London, Jan. 15.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags Jan/Feb. sellers £24 5/8

Linseed Tone:—Slow demand at steady prices.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net Jan/April value 47 3/8.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net May/August done and buyers 48.

London, Jan. 15.

Linseed La Plata Argentine for Jan/Feb. sellers £22 1/8. There was a poor valuest Operators are awaiting Plate crop estimates

Cottonseed Bombay Jan./Feb sellers £10 1/2.

Castorseed Bombay Jan./Feb sellers £23 1/8.

Tone:—Tendency easier.

Business was done to-day in Linseed La Plata Argentine afloat for full at £21 3/4 and in wheat Cargo, Australian at 66/3. In Wheat, Parcels, Choice White Karachi for Jan./Feb. shipment at 63/9.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, Jan. 15.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta Feb./March sellers 20/9

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta June/July sellers 17.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta July/September sellers 16/9.

Fine White Java C. and F. Bombay July/Sept. sellers 16/11 1/2

Fine White Java C. and F. Karachi July/Sept sellers 17/0 1/4

Tone:—Dull.

RAPESEED.

London, Jan. 15.

Ferozepore Real Bold Jan./Feb sellers £20 3/4

Toria for Jan/Feb. sellers £19 7/8

RUBBER.

London, Jan. 15.

Para Up River Fine, Spot Feb/March 19.

Tone:—Easier.

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot Jan. 17 1/8.

Tone:—Very irregular and lower, closing rather steadier. There was fair amount of business.

BARLEY.

London, Jan. 15.

Karachi Barley Jan/Feb sellers 43.

FREINGHT COAL.

Cardiff to Bombay 12/9.

London, Jan. 15.

Cargo, Rozario Santa Fe 65lbs paid for Dec. shipment to the Continent 67/3.

Cargo, Entrerios 65lbs. paid for January shipment to the Continent 66.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants Association.)

Bombay, January 16.

	Rs. a. p.
Khadi:—	
Textile	1 2 6
E. D. Sassoon	1 1 6
Elphinstone and Century	1 1 9
Long Cloth (Full weight) 34-40 inches:—	
Standard per lb.	1 6 3
Century per lb.	1 5 9
Hindustan per lb.	1 6 6
Fazalbhai per lb.	1 6 6
Textile per lb.	1 6 0
Phoenix per lb.	1 6 3
Pearl per lb.	1 6 0
Manekji (Gau Mukh) per lb.	1 4 6
Jacob (Four Minar) per lb.	1 6 0
Long Cloth (Light weight) No. 5202-6203:—	
Rachael per lb.	1 6 6
Pearl per lb.	1 6 0
E. D. Sassoon per lb.	1 5 9
Long Cloth × Quality:—	
Rachael per lb.	1 6 6
Kohinoor per lb.	1 7 0
Swan Finlay per lb.	1 6 9
Long Cloth Satin Calender, 34/40:—	
Textile (Hand) per lb.	1 5 6
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1 5 6
Century (Bugle) per lb.	1 4 6
David per lb.	1 4 3
Edward Mohor per lb.	1 4 3
Sundard Brand per lb.	1 4 6
Salita:—	
Century per lb.	1 5 0
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1 5 6
Textile per lb.	1 5 3
Dhooties 7, 8 and 9 yards:—	
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1 7 9
Jacob E. D. per lb.	1 5 9
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1 7 3
Dhooties 10 yards:—	
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1 6 9
Textiles (Bicycle) per lb.	1 6 3
Check Grey Drill:—	
Standard per piece	6 2 0
Phoenix per piece	6 2 0
Swan Finlay per piece	6 2 0
Hindustan No. 902 per piece	6 8 0
Pearl Pebaney per piece	6 8 0
Bleached Check:—	
Kasturchand per piece	7 7 0
Bombay United per piece	7 2 0
Black Check:—	
Textile per piece	8 0 0
E. D. Racheal per piece	6 10 0
Gabrun No. 5124:—	
Pearl	11 8 0
Hindustani	11 10 6

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS DAILY QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, January 16.

	per lb.	Rs. a. p.
Kilachand	No. 14 1/2	0 14 0
Kilachand	No. 20 1/2	1 0 0
Currimbhai	No. 12 1/2	0 13 9
Elphinstone	No. 12 1/2	0 13 6
David	No. 10 1/2	0 13 0
Shapurji	No. 10 1/2	0 12 9
Trikamdas	No. 10 1/2	0 13 3
Sattara	No. 10 1/4	0 13 0
Shapurji	No. 6 1/2	0 11 9
Light house	No. 6 1/2	0 11 6
Japan	No. 40—1	1 6 3
"	No. 42—2	1 9 3
"	No. 20	1 1 3
"	No. 32	1 5 3

THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSN. LTD. WEEKLY REPORT.

Bombay, 16th January 1925.

Description	15-1-25.	Spot Prices. 8-1-25
Bengals F. G.	395	390
S/Pnnjab F. G.	..	..
Broach F. G.	..	..
Oomras Fine	465	460
Muttia F.	..	..
Khandesh F.	460	453
Southerns G.	..	..
	Futures.	
Hedge Contracts	15-1-25	8-1-25.
Bengals Dec/Jan.	393	3 3
Bengals March	383	376
Broach, April/May	458	454
Oomra F. Dec./Jan.	458	451
Oomra March	444	435
Oomra F. G.	..	..
Southerns G.	..	..

Receipts for the week ending 15th January, 1925 and corresponding period last year.

	Bales 1924-25.	Bales. 1923-24.
Bengals	36188	28313
Oomras	81892	111136
Dholleras	6412	15762
Broach	..	377
Southerns	1948	2615
Persians	..	50
Americans	119	..
Egyptians	..	..
East Africans	161	97
Other sorts	..	..
Total	126430	158350

Exports for the week ending 15th January, 1925 Bales.

United Kingdom	..
Continent	8492
China	..
Japan	78903
Coast Ports	313
Total	87708
Afloat in harbour—Europe	7232
China, Japan and Coast Ports	60600
Total	67802

Receipts from 1st September 1924 to 15th January 1925 and corresponding period in last 4 years.

1924-25	1923-24	1922-23	1921-22	1920-21
895641	1119658	1072135	1363721	711378

Exports from 1st September 1924 to 15th January 1925 and corresponding period in last 4 years.

	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23	1921-22	1920-21.
United Kingdom.	9602	61206			
Continent.	110238	340859	294691	244514	256835
China	18670	31367	29554	69690	52812
Japan	442008	349431	482184	616514	136549
Coast Ports	7698	12199	12439	8046	4994
Total	588215	795053	819138	938814	451190

x Including 710 bales for U. S. of America.

Total exports by rail from 1st September 1924 to 15th January 1925 .. 7,689 Bales.

Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, dealers and Mills in Bombay on 8th January 1925. .. 4,23,640 Bales.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The following is the Statement of Affairs as on the 9th January 1925—

LIABILITIES		
Subscribed Capital	.. ..	11,25 00 000
Capital Paid up	.. ..	5,62 50 000
Reserve	.. .. ..	4,57 50 000
Public Deposits	.. .. ..	9,24 60 000
Other Deposits	.. .. ..	74,02 01 000
Loans from the Government of India under Section 20 of the Paper Currency Act. against Inland bills discounted and purchased per contra	..	2,00 00 000
Sundries	.. .. ..	1,29 48 000
	Rupees ..	96,76 09 000
ASSETS.		
Government Securities	.. ..	15,20 68 000
Other authorized securities under the Act	.. ..	1,21 97 000
Loans	.. ..	15,87 12 000
Cash Credits	.. .. ..	30,04 18 000
Inland bills discounted and purchased	.. ..	12,89 00 000
Foreign bills discounted and purchased	.. .. ..	18 29 000
Dead Stock	.. .. ..	2,70 67 000
Sundries	.. .. ..	55 37 000
Balances with other Banks	..	39 56 000
		78,97 84 000
Cash	.. ..	17,78 25 000
	Rupees	96,76 09 000

Percentage 20.54.
Bank Rate 6%

COLOUR.

Jan. 16.

The market has no important fluctuations to report. Business passing is less than the normal. Alizarines are weak and business passes at about Rs. 70 per cwt. Up-Country merchants are cautious buyers. Indenthrines are in steady demand. Magenta Crystals and Scarlet are steady. Nigrosene Crystals and Hemetine Crystals are passing to tanneries at the ruling rates. Sulpher Black passes to the Dyeing Houses against their previous contracts.

Quotations are:—

Alizerine 20 per cent paste Lunger Rs. 70.
Alizerine 20 per cent paste Cow Rs. 72.
Alizerine 20 per cent paste I.P. Rs. 68.
Congo red Rs. 1/8/0.
Nigrosene XIs Re. 1/8/0.
Methyl Violet Rs. 3
Victoria Blue Rs. 2/8/0.
Sulphur Black. As. 15.
Perpurine Benzo Rs. 2.
Perpurine Delta Rs. 2/8/0.
Melachite Green Rs. 3.
Magenta XIs Rs. 5/12/0.
Hemetine XIs. Re. 1/5/0.
Indenthrine Blue Rs. 4
Soluble Blue Rs. 8.
Fast Red Rs. 5/8/0.

CHEMICALS.

The Chemicals Market kept firm. Zinc and Magnesium Chloride kept in demand as usual. Farina and Sago changed hands at Rs. 17 and 14/6/0 respectively. Sodium Sulphide kept firm, witnessing a small rise of As. 8 per cwt. Acetate of Lead white and brown are comparatively scarce. Bleaching powder has arrived in large lots and changed hands at Rs. 11/14/0 per cwt. Caustic Soda changed hands at Rs. 20 per cwt. Epsom Salt is offered at £5 and at Rs. 4/8/0 per cwt in Bombay.

Quotations are:—

Epsom Salt Rs. 4/8/0.
Antimony Salt As. 7.
Acetate lead white Rs. 38.
Bleaching Powder Rs. 12.
Potassium Chlorate As. 3/6.
Caustic Soda Rs. 20.
Magnesium Chloride Rs. 4/6/0.
Dextrine Rs. 21/8/0
Sodium Sulphide Rs. 12.
Acetic acid As. 6/6.
Aniline salt As. 10.
Glauber salt Rs. 4/8/0.
Zinc Chloride Rs. 18/8/0.
Litharge flake Rs. 39.
Farina Rs. 17/2.
Copper sulphate Rs. 21/8/0.
Alum of chrome Rs. 20.
Oxalic acid Rs. 25.

MILL STORES.

Jan. 16.

The market kept featureless, no important changes have been noticed during the week. Healds and Reeds both kept in demand but prices have undergone small decline. Healds are now offered at 20 1/2d. and Reeds at 3d. less 15 per cent. Woollen Goods are firm. Sizing Flannel 72" Twill is scarce. Roller Cloth 18oz. kept ruling very high. Japanese Bobbins rapidly changed hands but prices they fetch are very poor in comparison to Wilson prices. Coton Bandings have had no further changes.

The quotations are:—

Healds—15 4os Rs. 1/7/6.
Reeds As. 3.
Roller Cloth 16oz. Ken Rs. 8/12/0.
Roller Cloth 18oz. Ken Rs. 9/12/0.
Scroll Bandings Rs. 1/5/9.
Tubular Bandings Rs. 2/3/6.
Ropes Rs. 2.
Card cans steel Rs. 3.
Sizing flannel twill 62" Rs. 4/12/0.
Slubbing tubes Wilson Rs. 49.
Roving tubes Wilson Rs. 32/10/0.
Ring Rabbeth 5" Enamel Jap Rs. 7/8/0
Dobby Harness Rs. 22.
Card cans Fibre Rs. 3/12/0
Sizing flannel 72" Rs. 5.

CHEMISTS' EXHIBITION IN LONDON

Members of the Drug Trade are invited by the organisers to visit the 29th Chemists' Exhibition in London. This event will be staged in the handsome Holland Park Hall, and those going to England are asked to note the date, May 4th,—8th 1925. Admission can be obtained on presentation of trade card.

KHADI PRACHARAK MANDAL.

In this vast country of ours, millions of people do not get enough to eat while hundreds of thousands are merely half clad. In a country, where a major portion of its population continues to live in such a condition, it is Religion to serve the poor. The best way of service is to spin and use khadi oneself and induce others to do so. This is our worship of God for the present time. With this principle and without the slightest intention of any profits we wish to manage the Bhandar. We invite all lovers of khadi to join the Khadi Pracharak Mandal started by the Gujarat Provincial Khadi Bhander and to help us in our object of spreading khadi throughout the Country.

Rules:—1. Any one can be a member of this Mandal on payment of Re. 1 per year as fees or subscription. For the present, -/8 are to be paid for the period from December 1924 to April 1925.

2. Members will get a discount of -/-/3 per rupee on sales made for themselves.

3. Members will be enlisted at any time but the fees shall have to be paid for the period fixed already.

4. Members will be supplied with information from time to time as is likely to further the cause.

For particulars write to the Gujarat Provincial Congress Khadi Bhandar, 14 Dadysait Agiari Lane, Kalbadevi Road.

THE WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Jan. 16.

The western disturbance is crossing the Frontier. Light snow has fallen at Chaman. Elsewhere weather has been dry.

Forecast:—An extension into the North-west Frontier.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, January, 15.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.	
Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.838 inches
Temperature of Air	73.2 degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	64.8 "
Dew Point	59.1 "
Relative humidity of Air	62% "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10)	1.2 "
Maximum temperature of Air	82.7 "
Minimum do. do.	65.3 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	E, NW, NNW.
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	137 miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

Day of Week.	Day of Month	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time. h. m.	Depth on Still. ft. in.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time. h. m.	Depth on Still. in. ft 0
	Jan.				
Fri.	16	2 45	27 7	9 5	18 0
		15 7	25 5	20 34	19 4
Sat.	17	14 58	26 5	0 48	19 5
		8 18	25 3	14 2	18 6
Sun.	18	4 5	26 7	10 50	18 9
		17 11	25 1	22 37	20 2
M.	19	5 0	26 2	12 1	18 0
		18 43	25 3	..	..
Tu.	20	6 13	25 8	0 24	21 5
		20 14	26 2	13 10	1 7
W.	21	7 39	25 9	2 0	21 7
		21 20	27 5	14 12	16 3
Th.	22	8 54	26 3	3 14	20 6
		22 14	28 8	15 8	15

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

Jan. 17, (Sat) Sunrise 7h. 15m. Sunset 6h. 23m.
Jan. 18, (Sun) Sunrise 7h. 15m. Sunset 6h 24m.
Jan. 19, (Mon) Sunrise 7h. 15m. Sunset 6h. 25m.
Jan. 20, (Tues.) Sunrise 7h. 15m. Sunset 6h. 25m
Jan. 21, (Wed.) Sunrise 7h. 15m. Sunset 6h. 6m
Jan. 22, (Thurs) Sunrise 7h 15m Sunset 6h 27m

TRINITY COLLEGE OF MUSIC.

AN INDIAN HONOURED.

A correspondent writes:—

In this age of the revival of the Indian music, it is, indeed, pleasing to note the brilliant achievements of the Indian boys and girls in the music examination, held last week, by the Trinity College of Music, London, under the supervision of Mr. Charles Long, Mus. B. (Oxon) F.T.C.L., F.R.C.O. The great number of the successful candidates clearly indicates the widespread taste for the Western Music in India. Though a few "Waits" Drs. and orchestra conductors may consider the Western Music, as their monopoly, Bombay to-day rejoices to see the breaking up of this old tradition, by the success of Master Cecil Mendoza, a student of the National Medical College in his L.T.C.L. examination. It is interesting for the Indian public to observe that the Khaddar-clad popular local pianist, Miss Sylvia Mendoza, L.T.C.L., the first Indian lady to appear for the F.T.C.L. the highest local degree awarded by the Trinity College is the sister of Master Mendoza. We wish them every success in their career.

AVOIDING TO PAY TRAMWAY FARE.

A YOUTH WARNED AND DISCHARGED.

At the Mazagon Police Court before Mr. P. L. Thakker, Additional Presidency Magistrate, Mr. B. S. Chinoy, Prosecuting Officer, Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. prosecuted a passenger named Dayalal Damodar for using a ticket which had already been used on a previous journey and for avoiding payment of his fare. The accused pleaded guilty to the offence. His Worship taking into view the young age of the accused and his expression of regret and also his paying Rs. 10 into the Court Charity Box warned and discharged the accused.

AGENTS OF

Messrs. W. F. STANLEY & Co. Ltd. LONDON

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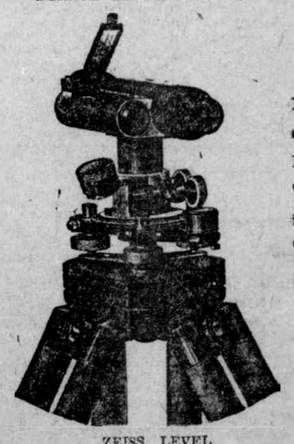

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MEDICAL RELIEF IN THE MOFUSSIL.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT'S SCHEMES.

TRAINING OF VILLAGE WORKERS.

(From the Director of Information.)

The question of providing medical aid in the mofussil is one that has caused considerable anxiety both to Government and to local authorities. So far as the Western or modern scientific system of medicine is concerned, the existing agencies—Government hospitals and dispensaries, medical institutions carried on by various missions and private individuals, and independent practitioners—only touch the fringe of the population of rural areas and small towns with the result that large numbers of people have either to rely on the services of persons professing to practise the indigenous system of medicine or go without medical attendance altogether.

Compared with the total population, the number of qualified practitioners is very small. Yet, owing to the tendency of medical men to collect in large towns, partly because of the amenities afforded by the large centres of population and partly because practice in the smaller towns is not in most cases remunerative, the medical profession in Bombay city and the larger mofussil towns is in fact over-crowded. The problem therefore that has confronted Government has been (1) How to devise a system whereby the over-crowding in the large cities can be avoided and practitioners induced to settle in the smaller towns; and (2) How to provide some form of medical relief to the people in the smaller villages where it would never be a paying proposition for a medical practitioner to settle.

Figures given in the Census Report of 1921 show that there are in the Presidency 26,731 villages and towns. Of these 16,788 have a population of less than 500; 8,764 have from 500 to 2,000 inhabitants; 1,102 from 2,000 to 10,000 inhabitants; and 46 from 10,000 to 20,000 inhabitants; the remainder having a population above 20,000.

In many districts the Local Boards are unable to provide funds for any fresh scheme for medical relief, while the demands upon Government revenues are increasing every year. Two schemes, however, have been worked out, one of which is actually in operation and the other still under consideration in its financial aspects, which will, it is hoped, serve to show whether this difficult problem of medical relief in the mofussil is economically soluble.

"PRATAMOPACHARAKS."

The first scheme provides for the training of village workers to be known as Pratamopacharaks, in elementary medicine. The training will be such as to enable the persons so trained to recognise some of the more important diseases and administer simple remedies—to dress wounds and ulcers and to treat conjunctivitis. The Pratamopacharaks would be given some idea of what is generally known as First Aid work as well as the main principles of hygiene. They would be instructed to send cases, which they were not capable of dealing with themselves, to the nearest hospital or dispensary.

After careful consideration it has been decided that the most suitable persons to be trained for this work are primary schoolmasters. This would ensure the workers being drawn from the educated classes and at the same time do away with the objection that might be raised from medical men that Government was creating a new class of half trained men who might pose as doctors.

As an experimental measure two classes have been opened at Poona and Bijapur and 5 school-masters are being trained at each place. The training will last for 24 months and will be undergone at the Civil Hospitals in the towns mentioned. When the training is completed, the village workers will return to their villages and their services will be available to the inhabitants. An allowance of Rs. 10 per month is to be made to each trained man and he will also be given a supply of drugs. This scheme is intended to be applied to villages with from 1,500—2,000 inhabitants.

SUBSIDIES TO QUALIFIED MEDICAL MEN.

The second scheme is intended to deal with the problem of the larger villages and small towns and the proposal is to give subsidies to qualified medical men in order to induce them to set up practice in villages and small towns.

Applicants will be allowed to choose their own localities provided that there is no hospital or dispensary or any medical practitioner with a qualification recognised by the Bombay Medical Council established within 6 miles.

Equipment to the value of Rs. 600 will be provided free by Government at starting and become the property of the practitioner on the satisfactory conclusion of the term laid down.

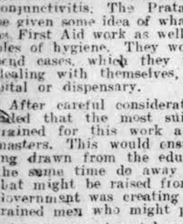
An honorarium of Rs. 50 per month will be paid for the first year to be reduced by Rs. 10 in every subsequent year until the agreement expires.

The practitioner will provide his own drugs, etc., and charge fees at his own discretion for medicine and treatment.

The doctor will be expected to reside at least three years in the place appointed subject to whatever holidays may be allowed. If he leaves before his time, he will have to refund the cost of the equipment furnished by Government and a security will be required from him in this respect.

It is proposed to make a start with 50 medical graduates, but the details have not been worked out and the scheme is not likely to come into operation for some time.

PRICES REDUCED.



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HISTORICAL RESEARCH IN BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE TO RECORDS COMMISSION.

The following is the full text of the message of welcome from His Excellency the Governor of Bombay to the Indian Historical Records Commission.

Mr President, Members of the Indian Historical Records Commission and Gentlemen,—In welcoming you to-day to the capital of Maharashtra permit me first to express my great appreciation of the honour you have done to the Bombay Presidency in selecting it for the second time as a meeting place for your deliberations, and my personal regret that I am not able to come to Poona owing to very numerous and important engagements in Bombay.

The speech of my predecessor Sir George Lloyd, welcoming the members of the Commission on the occasion of their visit to Bombay in January 1921, gives a brief account of the measures taken up to that time by the Government of Bombay to arrange and classify the various kinds of historical records in their keeping, and to make them accessible to the public.

In the field of historical research Bombay Presidency has a long roll of names, of which it has reason to be proud. The mere mention of these names is sufficient to recall to your minds the variety and scope of their achievement—Grant-Duff (History of the Marathas), Forbes (Ras Mala), Campbell (Bombay Gazetteer), Bhandarkar, Fleet, Bhagwanlal Indraji, Ranade, Parasnis, Rajwade and Sardesai.

The great revival of interest in the Maratha period of Indian History, which has been such a feature of the last quarter of a century, has concentrated the attention of learned societies and of individual scholars both European and Indian, on the original Marathi records of the Peshwas' administration which are now housed in the Alienation Office at Poona. A general description of these records, which have been examined from time to time by competent Marathi scholars, will be found in Mr. Kinderslev's Handbook, which was published just after the meeting of your Commission in 1921.

At this meeting you passed the following resolution:—"The Commission strongly urges upon the Government of Bombay the importance of the scientific investigation of the contents of the Peshwa's Daftar, Poona, and recommends that the collection should be handlisted by competent scholars without further delay so that scientific students of Indian history during the 18th century may begin to utilise the collection without waiting for the records being calendered."

The Government of Bombay gave the matter their very careful consideration and came to the conclusion that what was required was not a hand-list (as you requested), but a handbook, and that it would cost about Rs. 12,000 a year for 20 years to prepare such a book. In view of the great expense involved, and having regard to the fact that, in the opinion of Rao Bahadur Parasnis, and of Mr. Logan the Commissioner, C.D., in 1905, there was no 'original political correspondence' of the Peshwas and their ministers to be found amongst the records in the Poona Daftar, Government regretted that they could not entertain this particular proposal. The conclusions arrived at by these two gentlemen have been fully dealt with by Professor H. G. Rawlinson, Principal, Deccan College, in the paper which he will read to you at this Conference.

On the other hand Government recognised that amongst the thousands of bundles of administrative records there was likely to be a great deal of material which would be of interest and value to students of the administrative social and economic history of the Marathas, and that if the idea (originally suggested by Professor Thakore in 1919) of compiling a "Source Book of Maratha History" took shape, such a work would be incomplete if its compilers could not have access to these documents.

With this end in view Government appointed a committee under the chairmanship of Professor H. G. Rawlinson, Principal of the Deccan College consisting of the following gentlemen:—(1) Prof. B. K. Thakore, late Professor of History, Deccan College; (2) Prof. D. W. Potdar, representing Bharat Itihas Sanshodhak Mandal; (3) Prof. G. S. Sardesai of Baroda and (4) Rao Bahadur D. B. Parasnis of Satara.

To this Committee the name of Prof. Jadunath Sarkar of Patna College was subsequently added, I think, gentlemen, you will agree that it is a strong and representative committee. They held their first meeting in August last and laid down the general outlines of the work, which it was calculated, would run to 5 or 6 volumes of 400 pages each, and I am happy to be able to inform you that Government have now authorised the Committee to take in hand the preparation of Volume I and have placed funds at the disposal of the Chairman for immediate expenditure on clerical and other work.

This Committee reiterated your request that the Government of Bombay should appoint a competent officer to investigate and report on the Poona Daftar. In this connection I can merely say that any concrete proposals which the present meeting of the Commission may make will be carefully considered by Government, particularly if it can be shown that such an officer will not be required for any great length of time.

If the expenditure in this connection can be kept within reasonable limits you may rest assured that Government will do all it can, while keeping a stern eye fixed on the public purse, to spare a benignant glance in the direction of the Muse of History, to honour whom you are assembled here to-day.

CATHOLIC CHARITIES ORGANIZATION.

The fourth annual gathering of the Catholic Charities Organization was held under the presidentship of Dr. Alban Goodier in St. Xavier's College hall on Monday 12th January at 5-30 p.m. After the distribution of light refreshments by the active Girl Guides, the President began his address. The statement "though the working of the organization has this year been easier and more automatic than in any year before and though this year we have never once made any appeal for support either public or private still we have progressed in every direction, and voluntary contributions have come in from every side sufficient to meet our immediate needs", was received by the audience with great applause and cheer. In this age of educational crisis in India, it is marvellous to observe that this organization is maintaining one College, that too well known St. Xavier's College and 23 other educational institutions in Bombay, Ahmedabad, Karachi and Quetta. Every poor deserving student, may he be a Christian or a non-Christian, is given all the facilities and encouragements to prosecute his studies in these institutions. Thanks to Frs. Pernau and jolly Remedios for organizing the Boy Scouts and Girl Guides, who are now rendering most valuable and commendable services in public socials fancy fairs, in hospitals and schools. This organization maintains three Libraries, one Club, eleven relief houses such as Nursing Homes, Deaf Mute Institutions, Leper Asylum and Prisoners Aid Society etc., and thanks to the untiring activity of the members in charge, that all these institutions are vigorously carrying on that noble mission of redeeming the poor from sorrows and sufferings. In addition to these miscellaneous philanthropic activities, this organization has established many work houses, a women's hostel, and several houses for the poor and crippled. In aid of funds, dances and other questionable functions are discouraged, and the aim of this organization is to make as few public appeals as possible, to make them only when they are called for, on the other hand to depend as much as it is able upon itself, its own resources and industries.

When the presidential address was over, light refreshments were again distributed, and the occasion, as usual, was made saucy and spicy by Miss Sylvia Mendoza L. T. C. L. whose "Last Rose of Summer" took the weary audience to a garden of joy and peace.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

PRIZE LIST.

The following is the list of prizes awarded in the Exhibition of the Bombay Art Society opened at the Town Hall on the 14th instant:—

MEDALS.

The Society's Gold Medal for the best work in he Exhibition (the same person may not receive it more than once in three years).

"A Mahomedan Pilgrim"—by S. L. Haldankar.

The Society's Silver Medal for the best work in Oil Colours.

"The Pot"—by A. X. Trinidade.

The Society's Silver Medal for the best work in Water-colours.

"The Sweet Stuff Stall"—by Mrs. H. Chamier.

The Society's Silver Medal for the best work in Black and White.

"My Friend"—by N. R. Sardesai.

The Society's Silver Medal for the best work in Sculpture.

"The Miser"—by Shamrao G. Mhatre.

The Society's Silver Medal for the best work in Photography (other than landscape or seascape).

"A Portrait Study"—by Ardesar Bapuji (Rembrandt Studio).

The Society's Silver Medal for the best set of measured drawings of an Indian building of Architectural Merit.

No competition.

The Society's Silver Medal for the best original work in Pastel (other than Bromide Enlargement finished by hand in monochrome or colour).

"Pride of Beauty"—by Miss Manjulabai Bhandarkar.

PRIZES.

Class I.—Works in Oil Colours.

H. E. the Governor of Bombay's Prize for the best work in Oil-colours.—Rs. 250.

"On the Bay to Sikhim"—by J. P. Gangooly.

A Section:—Subject Pictures.

Mr. Jehangir Bomanji Petit's Prize—Rs. 100.

"Ravan and Jatayu"—by A. Kamadolli.

The Society's Prize for the best figure composition by an Indian Artist. Open to Amateurs only.—Rs. 50.

"Jatayu and Ravan"—by W. P. Rao.

The "Times of India" Prize. Open to Amateurs only.—Rs. 100.

"The Resting Boat"—by Miss J. N. Unvala.

The late Sheth Hansraj Pragji Thackersey's Prize (donated by his widow) for the best work depicting an incident from Hindu Mythology.—Rs. 50.

"Sita and Her Pet Bird"—by D. K. Mhatre.

B Section:—Portraiture.

Mr. Jehangir Bomanji Petit's Prize—Rs. 100.

"Dear Father"—by S. P. Bhide.

C Section:—Still Life.

The Society's Prize—Rs. 100.

"Still Life"—by S. L. Athale.

D Section:—Animal Painting.

Mr. Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy's Prize—Rs. 100.

"Wild Cat"—by G. P. Fernandes.

E Section:—Indian Style of Painting.

Sir Dorab J. Tata's Prize—Rs. 100.

"Kailasanadha Siva"—by V. Venkataratnam.

F Section:—Landscape or Seascape.

The President's (the Hon. Sir Maurice Hayward's) Prize—Rs. 100.

"Three Cornered Well, Mahableshwar"—by Mrs. F. E. Strutton.

Class II.—Works in Water Colours.

A Section:—Composition.

Mrs. H. S. Lawrence's Prize for the best figure composition—Rs. 50.

"Pushpalankara"—by D. Ram Rao.

B Section:—Landscape or Seascape.

Prof. O. V. Muller's Memorial Fund Prize for the best Street Scene in an Indian City.—Rs. 45.

"Street at Nasik"—by A. Kamodolli.

Mr. Narottam Morarji's Prize for the best Indian Subject.—Rs. 50.

"The Hookahvala"—by C. A. Smith.

Mr. Ratansi D. Morarji's Prize for the best pair of Sketches by a lady—Rs. 50.

"Kashmir Flowers" and "A Kashmir Idyll"—by Miss M. F. Hayward.

Class III.—Works in any medium.

Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy's Prize for the best picture by a lady—Rs. 100.

"Morning Light"—by Mrs. L. Sultan Ahmed.

The Hon. Mr. C. V. Mehta's Prize for the best figure composition (Indian Subject) by an Indian Student of the Sir J. J. School of Art—Rs. 25.

"Radha Krishna"—by M. V. Dubhashe.

Class IV.—Black and White.

Messrs M. A. Joshi and Co.'s (First) Prize—Rs. 50.

"Beauty of the Caves"—by S. Sinha.

The Society's (Second) Prize—Rs. 25.

"Black and White"—by Mrs. L. Sultan Ahmed.

Class V.—Young Artists' Competition for an original design.

(1) Open to Young Artists under 15 years of age.

First Prize—Rs. 20.

"Still Life"—by Miss S. P. Bhagat.

Second Prize—Rs. 10.

"The Hand Labour of Persia"—by A. M. Thariani.

Third Prize—Rs. 5.

"Chirping Pet"—by Master S. C. Oak.

(2) Open to Young Artists from 15 to 18 years of age.

First Prize—Rs. 30.

"The Lady April"—by Master U. A. Spence.

Second Prize—Rs. 15.

"Disappointed"—by Miss M. M. Mistry.

Class VI.—Needle Work.

The N. M. Wadia Charities' Prize for the best needle work or embroidery by a lady—Rs. 50.

"Kitten at Play"—by Mrs. H. H. Naik.

Class VII.—Sculpture.

(1) Sir Dorab J. Tata's Prize for the best group of figures—Rs. 100.

No competition.

(2) Mr. Ratansi D. Morarji's Prize for the best portrait or single figure—Rs. 50.

"Pestonji Bomanji"—by V. V. Wagh.

Class VIII.—Architecture or Design.

The Association of Bombay Architects' Prize—Rs. 100.

For the best design of Cottage or Bungalow suitable to the Suburbs of Bombay not to cost more than Rs. 20,000—by R. B. Saraf.

Class IX.—Photography.

The Society's Prize—Rs. 50.

For the best portrait or figure composition taken and printed by any process entirely by an amateur or professional in India from negatives not less than half plates—by S. Moseyk.

Mr. Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy's Prize—Rs. 50.

For the best work in telephotography. Entirely the work of an amateur.—No competition.

Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy's Prize—Rs. 50.

For the best set of four photographs of any pictorial landscape or seascape scene in India by an amateur—by V. V. Oak.

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MR. OSWALD MOSLEY AT CALCUTTA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 15.

Presiding at a crowded meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Hall to-day, Mr. Oswald Mosely delivered a lengthy speech and said that whatever divergence of opinion concerning the Indian question might arise all were agreed that the real and vital life of India was to be found in the villages and in the agricultural community. They have to consider how the depressed condition of the peasantry could be improved. For that purpose there were many suggestions, some novel and some ancient. Most of these suggestions advanced plans such as the development of cottage industry, charka, etc., which provided means whereby the peasant could agument his resources by doing some extra work. The subject of the present inquiry was how the peasant could retain a larger proportion of the fruits of his work than he did at present. It was evident that if the peasant enjoyed anything like the full fruits of his present labour, he would enjoy a much higher standard of life without doing any extra work which has been suggested from many quarters. He did not say this in any attempt to disparage the excellent development of cottage industries, but rather to define the scope of their present enquiry. Many disabilities had been experienced in England too and there were still great handicaps to the development of the British race despite the long attention which their Parliament had devoted to the topic. He could not speak in detail upon the methods to overcome the difficulties of the land system in Bengal which appeared today from the Permanent Settlement Act. He was only concerned with suggesting that immense economic problems would present themselves to the Indian people upon attainment of their Swaraj. When Ireland obtained her Swaraj, economic problems immediately arose which cut across the existing political alignment and created new party divisions, new economic issues and a strong Labour Party which aroused the masses to a realisation of their economic condition. He ventured to prophesy that some such movements would immediately arise upon the attainment of Indian Swaraj. Such economic problems were among the principal objects of his visit to India. He had found in India a strong body of advanced opinion which viewed such problems from the same angle as they were regarded by his own party at home. He believed and he hoped that the day would come when his party might stretch its hand in fellowship and fraternity to India invested with responsible Government. On that day the two peoples working side by side would do much to uplift the depressed condition of the toiling masses, not only of their own countries but of the whole world.

Mr. K. C. Roy Chowdhury delivered a lecture on "Peasant Proprietorship in India", and the meeting dispersed.

MILITARY MANOEUVRES COMMENCE.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Jan. 15.

The Military Manoeuvres commenced in Delhi early this morning under the direction of General Sir George Barrow. General Deverell's Khaki Forces about twelve thousand five hundred strong began the attack from 23 miles away on Delhi, against General Thompson's forces with 32 guns strong in cavalry and armoured cars, but a weak Infantry Brigade. Both the forces were assisted by the flight of aeroplanes. His Excellency Lord Rawlinson and all the principal staff officers, the withnessed the operations besides the Japanese and Afghan Army Officers, the Nepalese Envoy and a large number of representatives of the Press. By the evening the Khaki army had made considerable advance driving in the Buno Mounted Troops into their Infantry.

AGRICULTURAL OUT-LOOK.

The following is the general sumamry of the season and crop reports of the Presidency durng the week ending 12th January:—

Standing rabi crops are generally in good condition except in parts of the Deccan and Karnatak where suffering for want of sufficient moisture and on account of adverse winds. Harvesting and threshing of Kharif crops are in progress. Picking of cotton continues in places. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation is generally sufficient. Supply of fodder is adequate. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Prices of food grains were fluctuating. The quantities purchasable per rupee were as follows:—

	Percentage below normal.
Sind	14 to 54
Gujarat	21 to 45
Konkan	31 to 41
Deccan	32 to 48
Karnatak	35 to 50

DR. P. L. MILLS.

WELL KNOWN ASSYRIOLOGIST IN BOMBAY.

MR. G. K. NARIMAN ON RELIGIOUS TOLERANCE.

In the course of his speech introducing Dr. P. L. Mills, Professor of Assyriology at Washington University and son of the late famous Dr. Mills the Iranian authority, to a gathering of the Parsis at Cama Institute on the 12th inst., Mr. G. K. Nariman from the chair observed *inter alia* that apart from the lessons obviously to be derived from the sermon delivered by the lecturer who had spoken regarding the *"Treasures of the Magi,"* he drew a distinct moral lesson from the fact that three people from Persia at the time of the birth of Christ left their homes and went to Jerusalem to accept Christianity. The lesson was that of tolerence in Persia of those days. And what to-day's India needed most was mutual religious tolerance such as Persia to the full enjoy once more.

With regard to the class of scholars, namely, Christian Missionaries, to whom Dr. Mills belongs, Mr Nariman stated that his friends were often puzzled why he gave encouragement to people whose express object was to discharge the religions of others. Mr. Nariman maintained this was exactly what the Christian Missionaries were not doing. They were, according to their lights, placing unadulterated truths before the world on matters religious. As a student of Buddhism he could mention off hand many authorities. When, however, he was asked as to the best work on Southern Buddhism he unhesitatingly recommended Bishop Copestone's. Similarly, although his Mussalman friends may not agree with him, he freely advised people to study the works of Dr. Margoliouth of Oxford on Islam. In the case of his own religion, who had furthered the studies of Avesta with greater assiduity than Professor Lawrence Mills, the father of the lecturer, Bishop Sassertelli of Manchester and Dr. Soderblom of Norway, all dignitaries of the Christen Church? The same remarks held good, though Mr. Nariman was not personally sure of his ground, of the religious and ancient literatures of the Far East, as well as Assyria, Babylinia and Egypt.

SYMBOLISM OF MYRRH.

He took the liberty to differ from the Doctor's interpretion of myrrh, one of the three things offered by the Magi to the Christ. Dr. Mills regarded it as a symbol of mortification of the flesh. Mr. Nariman submitted that if there was any religion in which honest enjoyment of the gift of God to man was the least discouraged it was Zoroastrianism. In this connection he remained them of two controversies, one in which the representative of Zoroastianism repudiated the penances and fasts of other religious and held that the only fast for a Zaraostrian was abstinence from the unlawful by any of the five senses. The second discussion took place under the presidency of a Khalifa of Bagdad, where Christianity, Zoroastrianism and Islam were represented. After hearing the arguments of the exponents of the three faiths, the Khilafa decided doubtless from the excessive stress laid on the life of enjoyment by the exponent of Zoroastrianism, that Christianity appeared to him to be a religion impracticable in this life, Zoroastrianism was all meant for this life and that Islam alone provided for conduct here and hereafter.

A FEDERATION OF GOANS.

Th eGoans in Bombay, realizing the need of organising themselves into a compact body for the purpose of safeguarding their interest and promoting their collective and individual welfare propose to establish unions of the different Goan villagers in Bombay on the basis of their respective villages and ultimately to federate these unions into one organisation. Such an organisation made up of small units—village unions—will reach down even the poorest classes of Goans which more than others, need an agency to help them in their various difficulties in this city. As a beginning in this direction several village unions have already been established more or less on the model of the Assagao Union which was first association of the kind. Started in September, 1923, with a hundred members its membership to-day has risen to 242 of whom 56 are life members. The Union awaits a gold medal of the value of Rs. 100 to commemorate Dr. G. C. Lisbon the great botanist, and a prize of Rs. 50 in memory of Gelasio Dalgado so well known for his philanthropy and botancial researches in the Sawantwadi State. The Assagao Union has also equipped most efficiently the village post-office and has even provided a postmaster without any expense to the Portuguese Government. But perhaps its greatest achievement has been the enhanced subsidy which it has obtained from the village community for the religious objects of the village. At present the Union is busy formulating a scheme for co-operative stores to suit the conditions of the village.

WONDERFUL DELINEATION WITH AMAZING ACCURACY.

Professor PANDIT MOTILAL, F.B.I.M.S. (London), Scientific Astrologer and Palmist Secretary, British Institute of Mental Science (Incorporated by Act of Parliament) Central India Branch Mhow, C.I. Examines Horoscopes, undertakes all Astrological works, delineates Palms, Questions answered. Advice on health, business, betterment, Marriage, Friends, Courtship etc., at reasonable fees. Charges for one year in detail Rs. 3. Brief reading of your life Rs. 5. Full character reading Rs. 1. Send time date month and year of birth or time of writing letter to above address. Trial solicited. Testimonials highest from Civil and Military officers.

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Be sure to send your birthdate, with name and address distinctly written. If you wish you may enclose F 8 annas to cover cost of this notice, mailing etc. There will be no delay you will hear from me at once. This offer may not be made again so act now. Address ROXROY, Dept. 1001K, Emmastraat, 42 The Hague, Holland.

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There is one while not a properly so-called medicine still it has been selected from amongst the best known growths for their effective principles, and it is distilled so as to develop its tonic and digestive qualities. The SANATOR MEDICINAL BRANDY. It has earned the glorious name of "The Family Brandy," a title justly bestowed on it by a grateful public.

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ASTHMA

RADICAL AND SURE CURE.

Of 26 years fame all over the world.

THE OUDH TIMES DAILY PAPER, LUCKNOW.

Wednesday November, 8, 1899. Page 3.

A marvellous cure for Asthma has been discovered and is being practised by a gentleman at Benares with great success. He has permanently cured many painful cases. Those who are aware of the distressing effects of this fearful disease will hail the discovery of this curative treatment with gratification.

The name of the gentleman is—

J. P. RAY.

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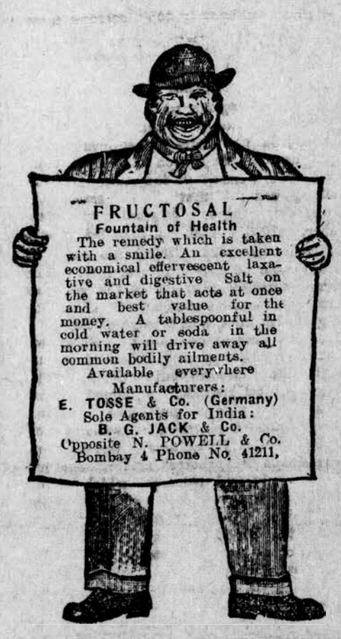
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REPEAL OF BENGAL REGULATION.

MR. AMARNATH DUTT'S MOTION.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Jan. 15.

While Government is trying its best to avoid discussion on the Bengal Ordinance in the Legislative Assembly, non-official members, especially the Swarajist portion thereof, are evidently determined to raise it in some form or other at a very early date. The report that Viceroy has disallowed non-official resolutions bearing on this topic is facing us and what will happen to Pandit Motilal Nehru's Bill to repeal the Ordinance is still a matter of conjecture and guess. It is feared in some quarters that Pandit Motilal's Bill might not be allowed to come at all.

But the turn of the Ballot box has favoured Mr. Amarnath Dutt, a Bengal Swarajist, with an opportunity to initiate a discussion in the Legislative Assembly on the 30th instant. For he has been able to obtain the first place to introduce a Bill to repeal the Bengal Regulation III of 1818. It is under this obnoxious measure that such ardent patriots of unimpeachable character as Messrs. Subash Chandra Bose and Anil Baran Roy have been arrested in Bengal, and it is the repeal of this measure that was foreshadowed by the Repressive Laws Committee about two years ago. Indeed non-official members of the Indian Legislature made several attempts to get this law repealed from the Statute Book, but all to no purpose. Now, however, Mr. Amarnath Dutt has been given an opportunity, and this time the attempt is bound to succeed, because of the bitter memory of experiences and uses to which the law was applied in Bengal a few weeks ago.

But whether Mr. Amarnath Dutt will himself make his motion or not is somewhat doubtful for there is Mr. Vithalbhoy Patel, who has also ballotted a Bill for introduction on the same date. By this Bill an organised effort will be made to repeal not only the Bengal Regulation, but also the Madras and Bombay Regulations. This being a more comprehensive measure, it is possible that Mr. Patel will be invited to move it. In any case the Bengal Ordinance will be raised much earlier than was expected by me in my last communication.

REVOLUTIONARY PROPAGANDA.

ANSWER TO GOVT.'S OBDURACY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA CITY, Jan. 15.

A public meeting of the citizens of Poona was held yesterday evening in the Shivaji Mandir under the presidentship of Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, M.L.C., to congratulate Mr. Das and the Bengal Council for the rejection of the Bengal Ordinance Bill. Mr. J. S. Karandikar moved the resolution of congratulation and in doing so he explained the details of the Bill together with its history and the resolution was passed.

The President, in his concluding remarks, observed that the Government was obdurate and would not yield to the demands made in the most constitutional and even peaceful manner. If all means fail the natural and logical alternative was the revolutionary propaganda. The Government therefore must be held responsible for the movement. He concluded by stating that the immediate grant of Swaraj was the only remedy and therefore appealed to all to strengthen the Nationalist movement.

DEATH OF A GANDEVI LEADER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

GANDEVI, Jan. 11.

The death from pneumonia is reported of the well-known publicist of this district, Sj. Kikabhai Ramshanker Vaidya of Gandevi, at the age of 57 years. His death creates a wide gap in the public life of his Taluka and district. A competent native physician, he was naturally loved and respected by thousands of his patients, who were treated free by him. But he was more than that. He was not only the unquestioned head of his community, but also the leader of all public activities, social religious or political, in the taluka. His maintodied service to the cause of social reform and political advancement of his district will be long remembered by the people of the district. He was a member of the local Municipality for over a quarter of a century, the chairman of the Taluka Board, and a representative of his Tuluka on the Prant Panchayat. He was also a prop of the Baroda Praja Mandal and his demise at this particular moment will be deeply regretted in view of the extra-ordinary session of the Mandal to be held in Billimora next month.

His funeral procession was attended by hundreds of his townsmen of all communities and as a mark of respect was headed by a police party and torch-bearers. He was the friend of the poor and the distressed and he left his mark almost in every walk of life by his selfless and devoted work. A general Hartal was observed in the town and all public institutions were closed in his honour.

In the evening of the 9th inst., a huge meeting of the citizens of Gandevi under the presidentship of Sj. Sumantrai H. Desai, was held, when speeches eulogising the services, of the deceased were delivered by Messrs. Dayabhai Motiram, Bhailal Jorabhai Amin, Rangildas Kapadia Cowasji Gandevia and Kaji Saheb. A resoution of condolence with the family of the deceased was passed, all standing.

A THORNY QUESTION.

SIR M. BARLOW AND COLONIAL INDIANS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Jan. 14.

The Rt Hon Sir Montague Barlow, Minister for Labour in the Bonar Law and the first Baldwin administrations, now in Madras, as the guest of His Excellency the Governor and Viscountess Goschen was interviewed by a press representative.

Asked whether it was true that opposition to Indians in British colonies was led by Labour on account of the fear that the standard of living would be lowered or whether racial conditions had anything to do with it, he stated "that is a difficult and thorny question. British Dominions overseas have complete Self-Government and can regulate admission into their respective countries exactly as they think fit. We in London have nothing to say on the matter one way or the other and the reasons which prompt the Governments in Australia or South Africa in their policy with regard to the admission of Indians are entirely matters for their consideration. Generally with regard to the future I should like to express that all parties in England without distinction, whether it be Labour, Liberal or Conservative are genuinely interested in and desirous of promoting industrial and national welfare and the development of this great country. I cannot put it too strongly, for there appears to be a great deal of misconception amongst people I have talked to on the matter. These are difficult questions, political, industrial and social which I cannot go into at the present moment; but of this, I am convinced, that the good will of the parties of England towards India in regard to these questions is persistent and assured."

Sir Montague leaves Madras to-morrow, and after visiting Calcutta and other places in the North hopes to be in Delhi at the time of the meeting of the Assembly.

AKALI ACTIVITIES.

S. G. P. C. AND MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

(Associated Press.)

AMRITSAR, Jan. 15.

As previously arranged the Shromani Gurdwara Parbhandak Committee met the Sikh candidates standing for the forthcoming Municipal elections. After protracted discussion it was decided to leave candidates free to contest their seats provided the candidates signed an understanding. The S. G. P. C. would not support any candidate but would oppose those who declined to give any such undertaking.

Bhai Lalsingh, editor of the "Babar Sher" a Gurmukhi daily newspaper of Amritsar, has been arrested under section 144 A.I.P.C. (Sedition), Bhai Wasasingh, Secretary of the Akali Jatha and Bhai Jha Gasingh have been arrested Montgomery under section 17 (1) Criminal Law Amendment Act on a charge of participating in certain Akali activities and assisting the Akali Jathas that had been declared unlawful by the Government.

KHALSA COLLEGE.

Much trouble arose some time ago over the management and constitution of Khalsa College. The management has now adopted a new constitution according to which the Council will consist of 100 members of which 20 will be life members 40 will be sent by the Sikh States while 34 will be elected by the British Districts and the remaining nominated by the 34 elected. Several constituencies have been formed for the purpose and the work has now been taken up of forming a "reformed" Managing Council.

AGRICULTURE IN INDIA.

MAIN FOUNTAIN OF WEALTH.

(Associated Press.)

BENARES, Jan. 15.

In his presidential address before the Agricultural Section of the Indian Science Congress Mr. R. S. Finlow, Director of Agriculture in Bengal, said the Department of Agriculture in India had through the results of its work, already shown itself to be one of the soundest investments the people of India could make. But the possibilities were far greater than the achievements to date. Agriculture, he added, must always be the main fountain of Indian wealth and from substantial increase in wealth of the individual cultivator corresponding increase in the resources of the State as a whole was achieved. It was only in this way that all laudable schemes for general social unliftment could be launched with success.

CIVIL AVIATION.

THREE SCHEMES.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 15.

In the course of a Conference with the Committee of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, Sir Sefton Brancker, Director of Civil Aviation, stated the Home Government had three separate schemes before them which were part of a big airship scheme, the intention of which was to link up the Mediterranean with the Persian Gulf and to investigate the possibility of a heavier-than-air line between Calcutta and Rangoon. Regarding the first scheme Sir Sefton said two airships were being built at home each capable of carrying about 100 passengers. The flight from the home port to India should be done in 100 flying hours with one stop and the first experimental base in India would probably be in Karachi. An experimental service between India and England would be inaugurated in 1927. While it was difficult to say what the fare would be, optimists were of opinion that each ship could carry 200 passengers and the fair per head would be £55, but as it was proposed to carry only 100 persons the fare would be more likely to amount to £100 per head.

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MR. N. C. KELKAR AT WARDHA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

WARDHA, Jan. 14.

Mr. N. C. Kelkar on his way back from Nagpur, visited Wardha yesterday at night, he adressed a public meeting, Seth Jamanlal Bajaj Presiding.

In the course of his speech Mr. Kelkar said there were several obstacles in the current of national life and of these communal dessension was the greatest. He was not afraid of the obstacles. In one way communal disputes only proved that the river of the national life was in full flood. The Hindu-Moslem question and the Brahmin-non-Brahmin question had arisen in the natural course of things and he was glad to say from what he saw at Nagpur that they were slowly learning the art of settling the dissensions. If the Nagpur settlement was strictly adhered to, he was sure that no more of Hindu-Muslim dissension would be heard. What was required was large-heartedness, open-mindedness and sincere desire for the National welfare.

The same thing applied to the Swarajists and Non-Changers. The Mahatma by allowing the Swarajists full freedom in the Councils had put the Swarajists' honour on trial and they would not have been worth the mame of Swarajists if they had not responded to his spinning programme. If his words carried any weight with them he would appeal to them to remember that nobleness alone would win and no amount of bargaining.

The President having thanked Mr. Kelkar for the speech, assured him on behalf of himself and his party that nothing would be done in contravention of the Pact and hoped his Swarajists friends would also on their part give no reason for complaint.

POLITICAL REFUGEE AT PONDICHERRY.

UNDER STRICT SURVEILLANCE.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Jan. 14.

The "Madras Mail's" Pondicherry correspondent says that Ram Saran Lal Sarma one of the accused in the Cawnpore Communist Case who has been at Pondicherry as a political refugee for the last four years was ordered by the Pondicherry Government to leave Pondicherry either for a French port near Aden or for Saigon, the Capital of Indo-China as he could not be expelled to the British Territory, being a political refugee. On his producing a medical certificate declaring that he was physically unfit to undertake a journey the Government found it necessary to keep him under proper surveillance and ordered him to remain in a village five miles from Pondicherry.

OBJECTS OF DELHI MANOEUVRES.

GEN. SIR JOHN SHEA'S LECTURE.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Jan. 14.

The objects of the Delhi Manoeuvres and lessons to be drawn from them were explained by General Sir John Shea in a popular lecture this evening before a distinguished gathering, including high officials, several members of the Indian Legislature and representatives of the Press. He said that the first lesson to be drawn was how the blue force composed of very mobile troops, mostly cavalry and armoured cars without the backing of a strong infantry could best delay the khaki forces which were more heavily gunned and strong in infantry numbers, but slow in moving. The second lesson was to emphasise the employment of troops in moving war-fare. Opportunities could also be taken of learning about the co-operation between the armoured cars and the cavalry and aeroplanes and ground troops and massed artillery and machine guns. General Sir George Barrow would direct the Manoeuvres, instruct the troops control the operations and interfere only when necessary to secure the lesson aimed at and would adjudicate between the opposing forces

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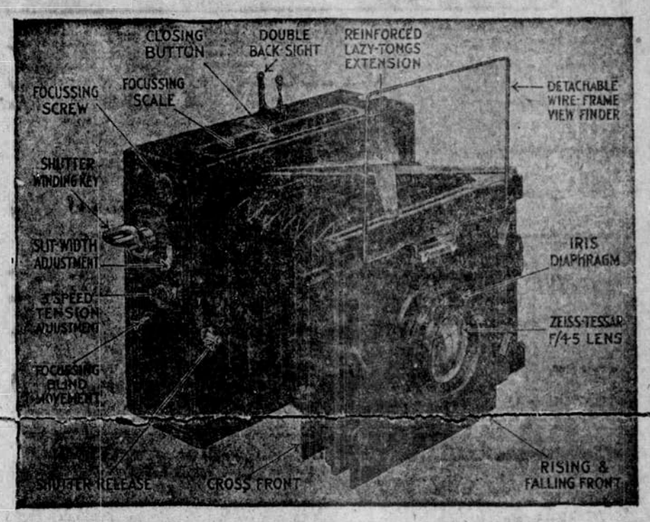

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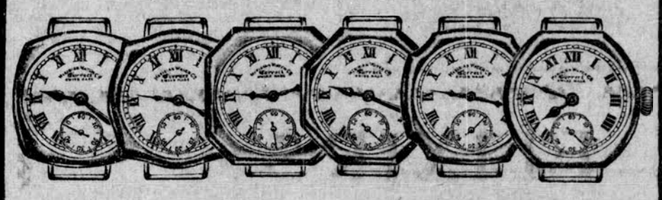

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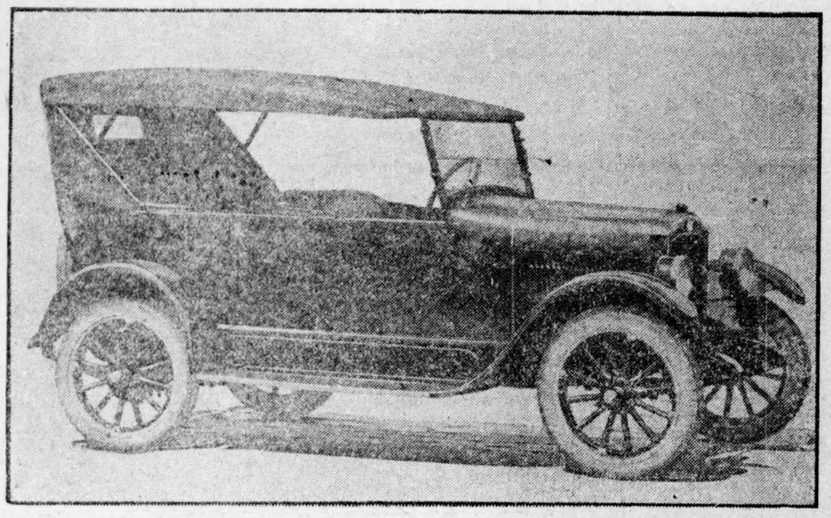

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